street rn line

ye prop-45 feet, more or 1g point, acon B, rom city Appleton Spencer.

pad right and heres. Beauly along railroad rardly 267

ce south-b line of estwardly line of ardly 409 d; thence b. Levied oward to court of

lace, the cay mule, one red two two-y. Levied on to satart of Atchant vs. inted out

place, the wit: All and beg part of e 14th dis-

e 14th dis-tion coun-ed as fol-th side of the street, r-nine (199) of running est 32 feet along the Woodward south side beginning ty of W. sued from wor of L. er. Prop-

ace, the y horse, to black wo one-Crane & on as to sat-Fulton I. Hall roperty

te, the
it: All
i, lying
ginally
eorgia,
in the
Wedat the
nce de
along
is feet.
The leon
inning
acres,
rty of
fta.
isi, Ga.
i, said
ed out

n, de-at law fa. is-Ga., in Com-operty

65 on ita, in corner onting

lvenue eet 152 f Mrs. fi. fa. tor, in d Mary 92, and b Wey-out by

all that the first of Ful-109, 14th on the orner of feet on back lot be-Levied Bond to e justice trict, G. vs. said C. Sum-

Sheriff:

The un-W. Con-ontained

hem by 1894, re-4," page urt, will of said nours of ne, 1894,

Fulton re east forsyth street g back 67) feet e north brimerly iid ten-hillips, and on Being

atisfy-

yance, y-eight) prin-ntèrest the ex-i prop-

AN END TO THE FARCE

The Civil Service Commission is Knocked in the Head.

ITS APPROPRIATION IS CUT OFF

Mr. Carlisle Has Evidently Sold the Government Building.

THE PURCHASERS WANT AN INCREASE

They Paid Less Than \$4,000 for the Building, and Now Want ar Advance of \$25,000 on It.

Washington, May 22.-(Special.)-The house did a great piece of work this afternoon. By a vote of 10 to 71 it struck from the legislative appropriation bill that appropriation which provides for the life of the civil service commission. The amendment was offered by Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, and was intended as a practical repeal of the civil service laws, for without a commission there can be no enforcement of these laws, which a majority of American people are undoubtedly against.

Messrs, Maddox, Lester, Livingston, Cabaniss, Tate and Lawson, of the Georgia delegation, voted for the amendment. They do not like the civil service and in this way spoke out against it. None of the Georgians voted against the amendment. Carlisle Sold It.

After Messrs. Howell and Spalding left for Atlanta this morning Colonel Livingston struck a snag in the matter of obtaining the Chicago government exposition building for Atlanta. He learned from the treasury department that Secretary Carlisle had offered the building for sale at a small figure to some private parties before his departure on the fishing trip with the president. As soon as these parties heard that Atlanta wanted it they wired here accepting the offer.

Through Mr. Bickford, Colonel Livingston has received a bid from a Chicago contractor to take down the Chicago building, load it on the cars and rebuild it in Atlanta at a total cost of \$50,000. This, however, does not include transportation, but that would not be more than \$10,000.

tolonel Thanhouser's Resignation. Colonel Livingston today delivered at the state department the resignation of Colo-Bel Sam Thanhouser, of Atlanta, as consul t Matamoras, Mexico. Colone: Thanhouser worked very hard to get this place, but is tired of it already. He wants to return to Atlanta. The place pays \$1,500 and fees and is a good place for some young Georgian to apply for at once. The senators, however, may control the naming of Mr. Thanhouser's successor.

Judge J. F. Simmons and Mr. McHan, of Jasper, are visiting Mr. Tate. Sold It for \$3,275.

A telegram tonight from Chicago to a treasury official confirms the rumor that Secretary Carlisle sold the government building in the world's fair grounds before his departure down the bay to fish for straights, flushes and other deep sea fish. It seems that ten days ago he sent a pecial agent out to Chicago to dispose of the building upon the best terms possible The agent had an offer of \$3,275 for the building and sold it at that price, though it is less than 1 per cent of its cost, which was \$400,000. However, this was the best offer and it went at that price to the Chicago Salvage Company, This wired today that it would resell it to the covernment for \$25,000, and that is, perhaps, what the government will have to pay to get it again. But Colonel Livingston is deermined to have it, now that he finds it can be moved to Atlanta and erected on the grounds there at a total cost of \$65,000, which includes every expense. The appropriations committee will probably be called tegether Thursday to take action, and though matters have been complicated by this sale of the Chicago building, he feels that everything will work out properly.

Senator Walsh Speaks. Senator Walsh delivered nis maiden speech in the senate today in a personal explanation about his bill making it pun-Ishable to delay a mail train. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at St. Paul had consured him yesterday for introducing the bill and his remarks were in the nature of an explanation. Mr. Walsh explained that his bill was leveled at train robbers and not at strikers. He, however, added that any one who forcibly stopped the movement of a mail train should be punished. Though it was his maiden effort, the Augusta senator was not in the least mbarrassed, but talked straight to the

Has Had Good Luck. The president is expected back at the white house tomorrow from his hunting and fishing trip. From all accounts he has had splendid luck and expects to take an-

other trip of the same kind in the fall. It was once that Mr. Cleveland would lot use any of the government vessels for easure trips, but he has gotten bravely ver that now. He uses the vessels but pays for all products consumed except, of ourse, the necessary expenses of running the boats. On this trip he is making use of the lighthouse tender Violet, but the ext trip he will perhaps use the Dolphin, which is a beautiful vessel and is known as he president's yacht. The Dolphin arrived at the navy yard yesterday. It is just from the docks at Norfolk, where it has been scraped and overhauled. It will probably on be used to carry the president, Mrs. Cleveland and the children to their summer

home on Buzzard's bay. Mr. Moses's Bill.

Mr. Moses, of Georgia, has reported from committee on pensions, of which he is lairman, a biil repealing the law which provides that no pension money shall be aid to any person, or to the widow, chilren, or heirs of any deceased person who ided in the late rebellion. This bill will ly pass at this session of congress. will enable many southern soldiers, ows and their heirs who participated in Mexican and Indian wars to draw sions. It will give many of the heirs of lese in the southern states from \$8 to \$20

Indeed Mr. Moses has done good work for class of people in Georgia and other thern states. Under a bill he passed year 6,700 Indian war soldiers and ws now receive pensions. Of this numthose of Georgia drew \$250,000 last year, and Mr. Moses says \$70,000 of this amount went to his district. When the bill Mr. Moses has just re-

orted becomes a law Georgia will receive about \$750,000 annually, according to Mr. Moses's figures from the pension bureau. In other lines as well as pensions Mr. Moses has done some good work for his district, especially in having the Chattahoochee river opened for navigation between West Point and Franklin.

Gorman Speaks Today. Senator Gorman will deliver a set speech on the tariff tomorrow. The Maryland senator has been much abused by the newspapers in various parts of the country in regard to his action in preparing the pending measure. He will devote a portion of his speech to an explanation of his position and will speak out plainly in regard to what he thinks should be done. The senate will be crowded to hear him.

CIVIL SERVICE THROWN.

The House Cuts Off the Appropriation for the Commission.

Washington, May 22.-A substitute for Mr. Dunphy's joint resolution was reported from the committee on rules by Mr. Outhwaite, It provides for an investigation of the alleged armor plate frauds by the Carnegie-

Phipps Company, at Homestead, by the house naval committee.

Mr. Stone, democrat, of Kentucky, proposed an amendment, which was agreed to, directing the committee to inquire into the cost of armor plate. He wanted the country to know why it was that the government paid \$600 a ton for steel plate, while railroad ompanies were able to buy steel rails at \$27 a ton.

The amended resolution was agreed to. The house then proceeded in committee of the whole, Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, in the chair, to further consider the legisla-tive, executive and judicial appropriation

When the paragraph relating to the civil service commission was reached several amendments were proposed. Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, moved to strike out the paragraph carrying the appropria-tion for salaries of the commissioners and clerks, amounting to \$33,940.

Mr. DeArmond, democrat, of Missouri, moved to strike out the paragraph and insert a paragraph providing for the appor-tionment of clerks and other appointees of the classified service among the several states, territories and the District of Columbia, in proportion to their population, and to this end appointments and dismissals shall be made until the right proportion be established. The appointees shall be se-lected by the several states in accordance with regulations they shall adopt and the changes shall be made by the department officials for a term of six years.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, offered an amendment to strike out all the paragraphs under the civil service heading. An agreement was reached to give three hours to debate on the commission, the pending amendments to be the texts.

The discussion was carried on in favor of the amendments by Messrs. Enloe, Pendleton of West Virginia, Caruth of Kentucky, Alderson of West Virginia, Williams of Mississippi, Bynum of Indiana, Gorman of Michigan, Swanson of Virginia, and Wheeler of Alabama, and against the amendment by Messrs. Broderick of Kansas, Cray of Texas, Everett of Massachusetts, De Forest of Connecticut, Dingley. Grosvenor and

Mr. Enloe's amendment to strike out the appropriation for the commissioners and empolyes, was agreed to, on division, 96

A few republicans were noticed voting with the bulk of the democrats in favor of the amendment, and a few democrats with the republicans against it. Upon the announce-ment of the vote, which was received with applause on the democratic side, Mr. Coombs, of New York, made the point of no quorum, and a vote by tellers was or-dered. This resulted—ayes 109, nays 71.

This vote was received with clapping of hands and a few shouts on the democratic side, and derisive laughter from the repub-

Mr. Dingley, of Maine, gave notice that in the house he should demand a separate yea and nay vote on the amendment. committee then rose and, at 5:05 o'clock, the house adjourned until tomorrow

FRITZ AND HIS ARMY They Arrive in Washington and

Quarter in a Church. Washington, May 22.—Michael Fitzgerald, with his band of forty-three, arrived in this city shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon and the organization has taken up quarters in the small chapel annex to the Mount Zion Methodist church, a house of worship for negroes, in the northwest section of the city. The chapel is just about large enough to accommodate the industrials and equip-ped with wooden benches, which the men are using for beds this evening. The delegates are by far the most intelligent in appearance of any of the armies of the un-employed that have reached this city.

Fitzgerald says his men do not expec to stay here more than three or four days, They have a petition to present to congress, but have as yet made no plans concerning the manner of presenting it. The petition is strongly socialistic in its nature and goes gerald says his men are in sympathy with Coxey, but that they are not in any way

THE BIMETALLIC CONVENTION.

Its Meeting in Washington Yesterday Committees Appointed

Washington, May 22.—The Pan-American bimetallic convention met here today in Grand Army hall, but so far as the first day is concerned, the convention is not a success, only about fifty persons coming instead of several hundred. General Stephen M. Field, of Virginia, the populist candi-date for vice president in the last national convention, was chosen chairman of the convention. The following committee on resolutions was appointed: Chairman, Colo-nel A. C. Fiske, of Colorado; H. H. Hyatt, nel A. C. Fiske, of Colorado; H. H. Hyatt, of Nebraska; Captain C. C. Tompkins, of Iowa, J. H. Turner, of Georgia; Horace Stiles, of Mississippi; H. E. Taubneck, of Illinois; E. M. Burchard, of Maryland; H. E. Janney, of West Virginia; A. L. Lotier, of Pennsylvania; Colonel Robert, Beverly, of Virginia and A. S. Diggs of Varges. of Virginia, and A. S. Diggs, of Kansas

The Washington Delegation. Washington, May 22.-The Washington delegation, accompanied by Governor Mac-Corkle, of West Virginia, ex-Governor Car-roll, of Maryland, with others, leave next Tuesday morning by the Richmond and Danville railroad for the southern immigra-tion congress, at Augusta, Ga. Today a letter went to Secretary Morton signed by Senators Gorman, Gibson, Daniel, Hunton, Bate, Ransom, Jarvis, Butler, Gordon, Walsh, Pasco, Caffery, Mills, Coke, George, Faulkner, Pugh and Representatives Crisp and Black, of Georgia, calling his attention to the importance of this congress and in-sisting that the agricultural department send a representative, himself preferable.

Sichmond, Va., May 22.—Colonel Fred G. Sinner, who was colonel of the old First regiment during the war, died at Charlottes-ville yesterday, aged eighty-two years. He was born in Maryland and was educated at West Point. He was for some years af-ter the war on the editorial staff of The Turf, Field and Farm, of New York.

WALSH EXPLAINS

His Bill Refers Only to Train Robbers | One of the Opposition Moves to Make and Their Kind.

HE IS A TRUE FRIEND OF LABOR LESS THAN TWENTY VOTES TO SPARE

the Engineers. TELLER SPEAKS ON THE TARIFF HE PLEDGES DATES HIS SUPPORT

To His Mind There Is the Same Old Difference Between the Parties on the Revenue Question.

Washington, May 22.—In the senate Mr. Walsh, of Georgia, rising to a question of privilege, referred to a publication in this morning's papers of a dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., stating that the Brotherhead of Lagrangian Programs and adopted hood of Locomotive Engineers had adopted a resolution condemning him for having introduced in the senate a bill to punish, with twenty years' imprisonment, the obstruction of a train carrying the United States mail.

He had, he said, introduced no such bill He had introduced a bill to protect the United States mail, but he had had no intention of having it apply directly or in-directly to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers or any other organization of workmen. He recognized that labor had its rights as well as capital or corporations Having served his apprenticeship at the printer's trade, he had never seen the day when he did not sympathize with the labor ing people of this country. He recognized that they had a right to organize to protect their interests, and to advance their material condition in life. He also recog-nized that capital had rights just as well as labor. He recognized that a labor or-ganization had a right to direct the members of its order to discontinue work. But he did not recognize that it had any right to interfere with the right of other laborers, if they saw fit to go to work.

Laborers had a perfect right under the laws to obtain redress of their grievances. They had a right to work or not to work, as they saw fit. But they had no right to obstruct the ordinary affairs of business or obstruct the ordinary affairs of business or of trade, and they had no right to resort

to violence to accomplish their purpose.

Mr. Walsh then read the bill. Its title is, "To Protect the United States Mails," it provides that any person who shall rob, or attempt to rob, or maliciously obstruct or retard for the purpose of robbery, the passage of any railroad train on which mails are carried shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for not less than one nor more than twenty years.

The bill was read the first and second time and referred to the committee on

Tariff Bill Resumed. At 10:30 o'clock a. m. the tariff bill was taken up, the pending question being the amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, to increase the duty on

postoffices and post roads.

iron ore from 40 to 60 cents a ton.

Mr. Platt spoke for some time in support of his amenament. Then followed a long discussion, or dispute rather, upon the subject of delay of the tariff bill between Mr Berry and Mr. Hoar. Finally, on motion of Mr. Harris, the Platt resolution to increase the duty on iron ore from 40 to 60 cents a ton was laid on the table—yeas 32, nays 21. The negative votes were all given by republicans. Mr. Allen and Mr. Peffer, populists, and Mr. Hill, of New York, voted The committee amendment making the

duty on iron ore 40 cents a ton was agreed to without division The next question was on the Jones amendment to paragraph 110, making it read, "Iron in pigs, iron kentledge, spiege leisen, ferro-manganese, ferro-silicon,

wrought and cast scrap ron or scrap steel, \$4 per ton. In the course of the discussion on this paragraph a suggestion on the part of Mr. Aldrich that the amendment was intended to benefit the pig iron industry of Alabama was denied by Mr. German, who asserted that it was more to benefit the pig iron industry north of the Potomac than south of it, and that under the bill as it

came from the house every furnace

Pennsylvania would be closed, and that the

amendment was recommended by southern members of the finance committee After a long discussion the Jones amendment was agreed to-yeas 55, nays 4-Messrs. Allen, Mills, Palmer and Peffer.

That disposed of item 110. A Complicated Item.

The next item was No. 111, taxing all ron in slabs, blooms or other forms n advanced than pig iron and less finished than iron in bars, 25 per cent ad valorem. Mr. Jones moved to strike out the item and substitute for it the following: "Round iron, in coils or rods, less than 7-16 of an inch in diameter and bars or shapes of rolled iron, not specially provided for in this act, 8-10 cents per pound, provided that all iron in blooms, loops or other forms less finished than iron in bars and more advanced than pig iron except castings shall be subject to a duty of 5-10 cents per pound; provided further that all iron bars, blooms or sizes or shapes of any kind in the manu facture of which charcoal is used as fuel shall be subject to a duty of \$12 per ton." He said that the amendment followed the classification in the McKinley act but that the rates were lower.

Mr. Sherman suggested that the item

was so complicated that it had best lie over until tomorrow so that senators might

Thereupon Mr. Jones withdrew the amendment, and Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, renewed it. In that condition of the question Mr. Sherman waived his objection and expressed his willingness to accept the amendment.

Mr. Hale, republican, of Maine, declared the amendment to be a step in the evolu-tion of the abandonment of the principle of free trade and of a tariff for revenue only. It was a march in the direction of protection, without its being ample protection. He was glad that the proceedings today ren-dered it absolutely impossible for any party to commit itself in the future to the doctrine of free trade. The country and the world ought to take profound satisfaction in the fact that out of this controversy had come an abandonment of every principle and of every badge or free trade

Teller Sees No Merging. Mr. Teller took a different view of the question from that presented by Mr. Hale. He saw nothing in the amendment to indicate that the democratic party had changed its views and had abandoned free trade. He insisted that the gap between the two parties on the tariff question was as wide as it had ever been. It was not profitable, Mr. Teller said, to taunt democratic senators with their inconsistencies. He was ready to join them whenever they made a proposition looking to an improvement of the bill. It was not a question whether the democratic party was consistent or incon sistent. They had told the senate why they were inconsistent, and it was an absolute and perfect defense, from their standpoint. They had a right to say that the bill was Continued on Second Column Sec

OATES WINS OUT

It Unanimous.

That Measure Has No Reference to | Captain Johnston Makes a Ringing

Speech for Party Harmony.

For His Slimy Traducers He Has Only Contempt-Now the Fight Is Against the Common Enemy

Montgomery, Ala., May 22.-(Special.)-The democracy of Alabama has chosen its standard bearer for the state campaign. nocracy of Alabama has chosen its Hon. William C. Oates, congressman from the third Alabama district, was at o'clock tonight declared to be the nominee of the democratic party for governor of Alabama.

The contest for the honor between Colo nel Oates and Captain Joseph T. Johnston, of Birmingham, has been an exceedinly hot one. Both men were able and honest and had the confidence of the people of the state. Either was well equipped to make the state an excellent governor. The question was, which is the most available man with whom to defeat R. F. Kolb. Many believed and yet believe that Johnston was He has not antagonized the Kolb following so bitterly as the other side has and his views on silver and other questions of national significance are more in harmony with those of the democrats who have allied themselves with Captain Kolb's reform movement and represented by the almost solid southern delegation in congress. His friends believed there were thousands of Kolb ranks who would support Johnston if nominated who would not rally to Colonel Oates's call.

Johnston Gets a Majority of the Votes In the primaries which were held on May 12th, a majority of the democratic voters of the state cast their votes for Johnston, but on account of the geographical and political arrangement of this state Colonel Oates received a majority of the votes in the county conventions and consequently in the state convention.

Out of the sixty-six countles in Alabama only two reported with contesting delegations-Lee and Hale. The executive committee spent a day listening to the evidence in the two cases and seated the Oates delegation in the former and the Johnston delegation in the latter. Each contest involved many points of equity and custom and volumes of evidence were adduced before the committee. The action appears generally to give satisfaction, although the committee was decidedly an Oates one in complexion.

The convention was called to order today by Hon. A. D. Smith, chairman of the state executive committee, who delivered a masterly address to the democrats of Alabama, exhorting them to harmonize their views and to unite against the common enemy. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Smith announced that the committee had instructed him to state that Hon. Richard Clark, congressman from the first Alabama district, had been selected by them as tem

norary chairman of the convention. Amid applause Mr. Clark took the stand and in a gracious and graceful manner thanked the committee and the body for the honor conferred upon him. The chairman appointed the committee on permanent organization, who retired for an hour and returned and presented their report. They recommended that the temporary officers be made permanent officers, which was done unanimously by the convention. The committee's report suggested the regulation order of business, the customary manner of selecting a state executive committee for the ensuing year and the majority rule. They suggested further that all resolutions be referred to the committee on platform and resolutions, to be by them considered

and referred back to the convention. Trouble in the Camp. The only unpleasant incident of the convention occurred at this juncture, when a substitute was offered for that part of the committee's report which related to the election of an executive committee for the ensuing two years. The committee on permanent organization recommended that four members of the committee be elected by the convention from the state at large and three from each congressional district. For this a substitute was offered that the chairman be authorized to appoint a committee to select a state executive committee and report it to the convention. The vote on the motion to table this substitute stood 368 yeas to 55 nays. Thus the convention sat down on the attempt to force committee rule. The report of the committee on permanent organization was accepted unanimously. A committee on platform and resolutions was appointed by the chairman, to which was referred a number of resolutions. One of these was an eulogy of Senator Morgan and a recommendation that he be made his own successor

Nominations came next in order. Mr. Hall, of Baldwin, nominated Colonel Oates. General Pettus, of Dallas, placed Captain Johnston's name before the convention The first and only ballot resulted Oates

271 88-100; Johnston, 232 12-100. vote was announced, withdrew Captain Johnston's name and moved to make the nomination of Colonel Oates unanimous, which was done amid applause. Johnston and Oates were then called upon to speak. Johnston Speaks.

Captain Johnston was conducted to the platform first and spoke briefly and to the point. He said:

point. He said:
"Fellow Citizens of Alabama—I am called to accept the result of this convention. I have made a fair and manly contest. I have not struck below the belt. I have used no unfair means. I have received not a dollar from any source nor spent one to obtain the influence of any paper or to control a single vote. To no man have I promised any office or reward; I made the fight for the maintenance of democratic principles as I understand them, as well as for my own promotion. I made it to as-sert the right of every democrat in Ala-bama to have his fair share in the counsels of his party. I made it to carry out every pledge made the people for peace and harof his party. I made it to carry out every pledge made the people for peace and harmony, for conciliation and for a fair deal amongst the white people of Alabama. I have arrayed against me powers and influences hard to overcome. Misrepresentation has hesitated at no fact. Abuse has descended to slimy depths. Thirty years of loyal and unrewarded service has not pro-

tected my character s a democrat from the defamer. The election has been heid; whether the result has been obtained by fair and honorable means o not, is not now questioned. To any friends who may feel questioned. To any trients who may feel aggrieved I can say that the place to redress any grievance, to ight any wrong, to vindicate any truth, is uside the ranks of the only party that stads pledged to equal rights for all and special favors to none. To my friends who have stood by me, who have fought withou reward or the hope thereof, I can say yu have my heartfelt gratitude. Never did obler men stand more loyally by a more grateful leader.

Left to Merited Contempt.

"To the gentlemen on the other sde who stood by their honest convictions, I have no word of complaint. The few who have attempted by unfair methods to mistepre-sent and injure me, I leave them in the hands of a God who administers rewards and punishments. We have had our fight in the family. Now we are to meet he common enemy. Men are nothing; measures and principles everything. We must hold the old ship on its course; we must be found in sold phalanx for the old faith; we must stand for the right, for the cause of the people unawed by power or influence. As for my part it is unnecessary to say that wherever the banner of democracy waves wherever the flag of my party floats, I will be found fighting beneath their folds for fair dealing, for peace and harmony, forthe eternal principles of justice and the maintenance of democratic supremacy."

Colonel Oates responded to the call on him in a graceful way, urging harmony, and saying he felt confident that it would exist in the ranks of the democracy in the great fight now upon them in Alabama. He urged and begged them to urge upon their demo-cratic friends throughout the state the necessity of democrats patching up their grievances and fighting shoulder to shoulder against the common enemy. He told in a pleasant way about his having been defeated for governor of Alabama twice be fore and winning on the third race, and in-timated that his opponent had plenty of time to wait awhile and yet secure the job before he had reached his age. He believed the majority of the democrats of Alabama had nominated him not because of a personal preference, but because they thought he was the most available man with whom to beat Kolb. Colonel Oates was generously applauded, and the convention adjourned when the committee on resolutions will be heard from, the minor state officers will be elected and the executive committee for the ensuing year will be named.

AIMING AT HARMONY.

Members of the B'Nai Brith Try to Smooth Over Differences. Nashville, Tenn., May 22.—(Special.)—The

only business done by the B'Nai Brith grand lodge today was in reference to the endowment fund. After discussing it through all the morning and most of the duced by Joe Hirsch, of Vicksburg, looking to a compromise between the two factions. This compromise directed the appointment of a committee to take charge of the whole mise law allowing the subordinate to loan the fund as at present, but requiring the securities to be in the possession of the central board. The committee consists of ten members, five from each face tion. It is expected that the report will be ready for presentation in the morning. Preliminary action was also taken looking to the supplying of a possible deficit in the receipts of the present quarter owing to the unusually heavy death rate for the past few months. The convention it is exnected, will finish its proceedings tomor-

KILLED THE DETECTIVE. A Bloody Fight at Forest City, Ar-

kansas. Little Rock, Ark., May 2 .- A bloody riot occurred at Forest City this afternoon. The trouble was brought about over the arrest of certain prominent citizens of St. Francis county charged with whitecapping.
A detective named Webber, from Memphis, was engaged to run the whitecaps down, arrests followed today. Webber was at-tacked in Forest City by friends of the parties he had betraved. Shooting felicwed and Webber was irstantly killed and Dep-uty Sheriff Smith seriously wounded. Frank Gorman, a merchant of Palestine, is charged with doing the sheeting and has been placed under arrest. The entire town is in a state of great excitement and more trouble may follow at any time.

COUNTING UP THE LOSSES By the Flood at Williamsport, Pa

Homeless People. Williamsport, Pa., May 22.—The city ha. partly emerged from the flood and as the danger has passed, is taking account of the damage. The total losses here, as esti-mated by conservative men, are \$3,000,000. This includes \$1,500,000 on logs; \$250,000 on sawed lumber and the balance of property throughout the city. Mayor Ellicit has take action looking to the care of the home It is estimated that the homes of 10,000 people were invaded by the water and are in such a damp and unhealthful condi-tion as to make them undesirable. Railroad traffic is resuming from the east and

AND THE DOG ESCAPED. Sheriff Magee Drops His Pistol and Is

almost complete.

Shot. Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—(Special.)—Sheriff Magee, of Hamblen county, was acci-dentally shot at Morristown, and will probably die. He heard a noise on the back porch of his house and went out to investigate. He found a strange dog and while striking at it with his cane, his revolver, carrying a large ball, dropped from his pocket and was discharged, the ball striking him and passing through his stomach.

Spurr's Second Trial.

Nashville, 1enn., May 22.—(Special.)—M. A. Spurr, president of the defunct Commercial National bank, was today placed on trial in the federal court on a charge of certifying the checks of Dobbins & Da-zey, when that firm's account was overdrawn. A jury was secured and the pros ecuting counsel stated that they expected to prove that Spurr certified checks for \$136,000 when he knew that the firm had not the money in the bank. The taking of evidence then began.

Arkansas Prohibition Ticket. Little Rock, Ark., May 22.-The state pro hibition convention adjourned today after nominating the following state ticket: For governor, Dr. M. L. Curly Little Rock; secretary of state, Edward Pettie, Stuttgart; auditor, William Kilpatrick, Malvern; treasurer, Alex McNight, Arkadelphia; attorney general, George C. Christian, Eureka Springs; state land commissioner, L. T. Austin, Judsonia; superintendent of public irretation.

The Cadets Will Attend. Lexington, Va., May 22.—(Special.)—An official order published here today says the corps of cadets of Virginia Military institute will attend the unveiling of the soldiers and saliors' monument at Richmond. Quite a number of the cadets are Georgia men and they will no doubt make a fine showing for their state.

Burned with His Kouse Oakman, Ala., May 22.—(Special.)—On the plantation of Mr. Thomas Whitson last night, a negro named Perkins was burned alive. His house caught on fire accidentally and he did not wake up.

MINISTERS RESIGN.

France's Cabinet Members Part from President Carnot.

CRIES OF LONG LIVE THE COMMUNE

Perier, the Premier, Seemed Glad at the Government's Defeat.

POLITICIANS MAKE NEW SLATES

Some of the Old Ministry May Enter New Cabinet-Some Shrewd Poli-tics at the Bottom of It.

Paris, May 22.-There was great excitement in the chamber of deputies when Deputy Guesde introduced the miners' eight-hour bill and demanded a vote of urgency upon it. This demand adduced a flood of stock socialist arguments, in vio-lent language, denouncing the bourgeois, employers' treatment of miners as slaves, human cattle, etc. These harangues were interrupted by the members of the center, but the socialists continued to shriek retorts to remarks by the centrists. Any one not used to the ways of the French chamber might have expected that the strong lan-guage and menacing gestures indulged in would lead to hand-to-hand encounters, but they did not.

The cabinet opposed the demand for urgency and finally, after a tumultuous scene, the bill was, by a vote of 401 to 94, referred to the ordinary labor comp

Premier Casimir-Perier demanded the order of the day purely and simply, and the demand was rejected by a vote of 205 to 125. All of the ministers, thereupon,

withdrew at once.

The premier took the defeat of the ministry calmly, turning his face in the direc

tion of his colleagues and laughing as he was leaving the chamber.

After the departure of the ministers from the chamber M. de Ramel's order of the day, recognizing the right of employes of the state to join workmen's syndicates, was carried by a vote of 251 to 223, and the

chamber adjourned until Monday At 7 o'clock this evening the ministers were still deliberating whether or not to resign.

The radicals made a characteristically noisy display of their joy of the defeat of the government. As the ministers left the chamber the radicals acted like a crowd of schoolboys, clapping their hands, jumping up and down, shouting and indulging in all sorts of antics, indicative of delight. Several deputies rushed across the chamber

and embraced Miller and Ouvre.

The deafening noise within the chamber was heard outside and more than anything else resembled the clamor of the bourse under unusual financial excitement. The socialist deputies acclaimed their victory with shouts of "This is our revenge for the outrageous treatment of Thivrier," the communist deputy who was arrested and suspended for shouting, "Vive la commune!" in the chamber a few months ago.

De Ramel's final words from the rostrumwere "The government must not take demowere "The government must not take democratic attitudes at banquets and then, when

they come to act, refuse workingmen the right to join syndicates.

The cause of the crisis, though seemingly trifling, really related to the general policy of Premier Casimir-Perier, and also to the premier's aspirations to the presidency. The workingmen's syndicate, under the law of 1888, had become a powerful and terrorizing machine under socialist control. The government had decontrol. The government had de-termined to repress the system and, therefore, by continuing Dupuy's policy of closing the labor exchange endeavored to

prevent the railway men's congress. In pursuance of this policy Jonnart, min-ister of public works, privately advised the railway companies not to grant leave of during the debate admitted that he had refused to grant leave of absence to delegates, but urged in defense of his action that he could not allow servants of the state to form a syndicate against the of taxpayers of the nation.

For other reasons also he did not believe. he said, that servants of the state ought to belong to trades unions.

Several moderates, including Ouvre and Ramel, replied to Jonnart with intense warmth, scathingly rebuking him for the

The Ministers Resign. Later the ministers proceeded in a body to the Palais d'Elyses and formally tender-ed their resignation to President Carnot. As they left the chamber the socianists shouted: "Long live the social republic,"

and "Long live the commune!" Some spectators say that M. Casimir-Perier clapped his hands for joy when the vote against the government was announced. Whether he did so or not, it is certain that he welcomed the defeat. Had he gone to the rostrum and spoken a few when he demanded the order of the day, pure and simple, the crisis would doubtless have been averted. His attitude tends to confirm the almost general belief that he rode for a fall in today's contest, as he seemed to do in the recent Toussaint debate, under the influence of the approaching election for president of the republic. He is apparently convinced that the com blined efforts of his enemies to upset his candidacy for the presidency have recently been covertly abetted by President Carnot, who thus has broken the compact entered into when M. Casimir-Perier accepted the premiership. On that occasion M. Carnot promised that he would not stand again for the presidency, and that he would support in every way in his power the candidacy of M. Casimir-Perier, who thus would al-most inevitably become the next president

of the republic. Politicians were busy making new com binations, but nothing definite is known as to what will be done. Probably the late ministry may be reorganized, with the weak elements eliminated, including Jonnort, whom rumor says M. Casimir-Perler dubbed a simpleton for addressing the chamber in the way he did. On the other hand, it is believed that none of the men capable of mustering a majority of the center will undertake the task of forming a cabinet and that, consequently, there must be either a republican concentration cabinet with Lou-bet or a similar man as premier, or a min-istry from the members of the left, whose calescing with a section of the rought about the government defeat brought about the government defeat outsile. In the event of the formation of a leftish cabinet, a crisis may be expected monthly. After receiving the resignations of the ministers, M. Carnot vainly tried to persuade M. Casimir-Perier to reconsider his

Boiler Explosion Near Pensacola. Pensacola, Fla., May 22.—The boiler of the Harris mill, which is located a few miles east of DeFuniak, exploded with terrific force at 9 o'clock this morning. It was blown through the roof and deposited some 200 yards away. The mill is almost a complete wreck. The fireman, J. H. Davis, was instantly killed and horribly mangled.

John Cody, one of the mill hands, received probably fatal wounds about the head. Henry Scott's collar bone was broken and he was badly scalded and cut about the head. Several other of the mill hands received painful though not necessary serious scalds and wounds.

CLEMSON IN ASHES.

South Carolina's Agricultural College Burned, Causing a Loss of \$60,000.

THE SITE IS HISTORIC GROUND

John C. Calhoun Was Born There-The Origin of the Fire Is Unknown. Preparing to Resume.

Calhoun, S. C., May 22 .- (Special.)-The main building of Clemson college, two miles from here, was completely destroyed by fire about 4:30 o'clock this morning. The loss is about \$60,000, with insurance of about

The fire broke out in the third story, in the drawing room. It was discovered by by the cadet sentinel on duty at the bar-

WALSH EXPLINS. Continued From Third Coumn First Page.

country having an infrest which they wanted to protect would insist on its being protected. The democatic party was determined to put the ill through in some shape, and he was wiling to join them in putting it through ir the best shape possible. People who represented a section of the

Affords Amile Protection. "In my opinion," Mr. Teller continued, with much fervor of manner, "the bill is ample for the projection of American industries. I believe that the demands of the government or revenue are so great that a bill laid or revenue only, if wisely that a bill laid or revenue only, it wisely laid, will, on foir-fifths of all the articles it touches, give to the American people ample protecton against foreign cheap labor. But I.do not think that this bill is so wisely drawn that it does that, in the sense that i ought. And yet I am bound to say that it is a better bill than I had any idea would come to us from the democratic party after its declaration at Chicago. It is a better bill than we, on this side



CLEMSON COLLEGE.
Which Was Destroyed by Fire Early Yesterday Morning.

racks. The cadets, who promptly responded to the alarm, were organized into bucket detachments, and, although a line of hose was soon brought to their assistance, the fire had already progressed too far, and the best that could be done was to give the building up and attempt to save the chapel, just adjoining. In about an hour's time the building was

gutted, and only the walls were left stand-

Many things were taken out from the second and first floors and saved. Many books in the library were lost, as well as in the reading room adjoining. Most of the apparatus and furniture in the physical laboratory and in the secretary and treasurer's office, on the first floor, was saved. The cause of the fire is not yet known

The classes did not meet their instructors today, but by tomorrow everything will be running smoothly again, enough rooms hav ing been provided for the different classes. When work will e commenced on the burned building is a question that will be settled by the board of trustees. They have been summoned by telegraph to meet here

Clemson college is the state's agricultural and mechanical institution, which was opened on the 7th of last July. The land on which it was located at Fort Hill was the birthplace of John C. Calhoun, and was devised to the state for the purpose by his son-in-law. Thomas G. Clemson. The mair building, which was burned, was a handsome three-story brick structure.

MILITARY COURT OF INQUIRY.

Officers' Meeting at Charleston to In-Charleston S C. May 22.-(Special.)-The

military court of inquiry sent here by Gov-ernor Tillman to investigate the condition of the militia, apropos of their refusal to go to Darlington, during the recent dispen-sary rlots met today, but did nothing. General Richbourg, Colonel Willie Jones and Judge Advocate Baron reached the city last night and were to be joined today by General Dennis, for the purpose of conducting the court of inquiry with reference Charleston militia and their refusal to go to Darlington.

Mr. W. H. MacFeat has been appointed

official stenographer of the courtmartial and accompanies the commission. The members of the commission were waited General Huguenin on their arrival and half-past 10 o'clock this morning was appointed as the time for opening the court. General Richbourg said that the proceed ings of the court would not be publicly con ducted, that reporters would not be admit-ted and the official report would not be given to the press until the work of the cours

Owing to the absence of General Dennis, member of the court, nothing was done and an adjournment was had till tomor

General T. A. Huguenin, who will prob ably be the first witness before the mission, called a meeting of his officers and the captains of the Fourth brigade yesterday and announced to them the intention of assuming the entire responsibility for the fallure of the brigade to obey the orders of Governor Tillman.

General Huguenin will testify before the commission that the orders of the governor not extended to the companies of the de by him, his reason for failure to do so being placed on the ground of expediency—his judgment being that the calling out of the troops would have been attended with unnecessary bloodshed.

BUTTZ WAS ABSENT.

the Investigation Committee

Made But Little Progress. Washington, November 22.-The senat committee investigating the charge of bribery in connection with the tariff bill made but little progress today; owing to the failure of Major Buttz to return this morning and conclude his testimony. The ser geant-at-arms was sent after the witness. but did not find him. He learned, however, that he had gone to a suburban town for a man with whom he believed he sh have a conference before he concluded hi testimony and that he would be before the committee the first thing in the morning. This information was also conveyed to the chairman of the committee by Mr. McGowan, the attorney for Mr. Buttz, who called on Mr. Gray to explain the absence

The committee believes it will be able to conclude this branch of the case tomorrow. There is evidence of the fact that the committee intends to push ahead with the investigation of the charges that the sugar trust has been interfering with legislation, for the approximation. for the sergeant-at-arms was today structed to wire Mr. E. J. Edwards. author of the Holland letter in a Phila-delphia paper, wherein the sugar trust was arraigned, and ask him if he would acarraigned, and ask him it he would accept service and appear before the committee Thursday morning next. This was sone and Mr. Edwards replied that he would accept the telegram as service and he in Washington at the time named.

get it, with all its inconsistencies thrown in. Let us address ourselves to the question like men charged with a duty, on the result of which the interests of 70,000,000 of people are dependent. And if, when we get through, the bill is not what we want, let us go to the people and submit the question in that great forum where right will ultimately prevail.

Mr. Teller's speech was listened to with much interest and was applauded in the The question was then taken on the

Jones amendment, (now Mr. Quay's) and it was agreed to—yeas 55, nays 9. Mr. Gray had voted in the negative, but ecollected that he was paired with Mr. Cullom, republican, of Illinois, and withdrew his vote.

The next item was No. 112, fixing a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem (by the commit-tee amendment twenty-eight) on bar iron, round iron and bars or shapes of rolled iron. Mr. Jones, democrat, of Arkansas, moved to strike out the item and to substitute for it the following: "Bar iron, rolled or hammered, comprising flats not less than % inches thick, 1-16 cents per pound; round iron not less than % inches in diameter and square iron not less than % inches square, 6-10 cents per pound; flats less than one inch wide or less than % inches thick, round iron less than % inches and not less than 7-16 inches in diameter and square iron less than % inch square, 6-10 cents per pound."

The substitute was agreed to.

Of Interest to Iron Men. In item 113, the duty on beams, girders,

etc., was fixed at 6-10 cents per pound. Item 114 was amended, on motion of Mr. Jones so as to read: "Boiler or other plate iron or steel except saw plates herein after provided for, not thinner than No. 10 wire gauze, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves, valued at one cent per pound or less, 5-10 cent per pound; valued at one cent and not above 1½ cents, 6-10 per pound valued at above 11/2 cents and not above 4 cents per pound, 30 per cent ad valorem; valued at over 4 cents per pound, 25 per cent ad valorem, previded that all plate iron or steel thinner than No. 10 wire gauze

shall pay duty as iron or steel sheets."

Item 115 was also amended so as to read: "Forgings of iron or steel, or forged iron or steel combined of whatever shape or in whatever stage of manufacture, not specially provided for in this 30 per cent ad valorem, provided that no forgings of iron or steel, or forgings of iron and steel combined, by whatever process made, shall pay a less rate of duty than 35 per cent ad valorem.

The next item (116) was to put the duty on hoop, band or scroll iron or steel at 30 per cent ad valorem.

Mr. Aldrich offered an amendment fixing the same rates of duty on cotton ties. Tabled—yeas 36, nays 25. The three populists. Messrs. Allen. Kyle and Peffer, voted with the majority and Mr. Teller with the

Mr. Hale moved to strike out of it, item 116, the words "except as otherwise provided for in this act," and that motion, he said opened up the whole question of cotton ties. This amendment was also laid on the table.—Yeas 32, nays 22.

The committee amendment to the item (116) increasing the rate on hoop, band or scroll iron or steel from 25 to 30 per cent ad va-

Fire in Columbia. Columbia, S. C., May 22.—(Special.)—Fire this morning destroyed the house of J. B. Elkins, on Lady street, occupied by Dr. L. G. Corbett and family. The occupants barely escaped with their lives, and lost about everything else. Dr. Corbett's whis-The house was valued at \$2,000 and was insured for \$1,500. Dr. Corbett's medical library and furniture, valued at \$1,800, were burned. The insurance on them covers two-thirds of the loss.

The house of John C. Crowley, next door,

cupied by Mrs. Mary Taylo ing house, had the upper story pretty well urned off. Mrs. Taylor's loss in persona effects is heavy. Mr. Crowley's loss is covered by insurance.

A Successful Trial.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 22.—The cruiser Columbia, returned to her anchorage off League island navy yard at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon from her deep sea trial. The trial was successful in every way and the ship bore out all the excellence developed at the trial last summer off the Maine

THE DEATH ROLL.

Griffin, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—Charles P. Newton died at his home in this city last night, after having been afflicted for several years with rheumatism. He was a very prominent man here, having at one time been captain of the Spalding Greys, and for several terms was elected alderman of the city. His funeral will occur from his late residence tomorrow morning at 10 occupie.

o'clock.

Columbus, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—This morning, at his home in this city, the death of Mr. J. A. Lange occurred somewhat suddenly, after a brief illness. Mr. Lange was bookkeeper of the Chattahoochee National bank and was secretary of the Muscogee Club. He was greatly loved throughout the city and his death is very much regretted. His son, Mr. Ferdinand Lange, was with the Columbus Guards at Camp Northern and reached Columbus today at noon. The funcial will accur tomorrow.

COURSE, TEDDY

You Did Not Take the Second Game of the Present Series

THE NEW ORLEANS TEAM

And No One Ever Hadan Idea That You Would-Just Keep Up That Losing Lick, Won't You?

Standing of the Clubs.

The Atlanta team met the expectations of the lovers of the game in this city yesterday by losing to New Orleans. It was simply a walk-away the New Or-leans team had.

Atlanta baseball devotees have long ago abandoned all hopes of Manager Sullivan's team doing any good, and now they are watching anxiously to see how long it will be before the team takes the tail-end place. Atlanta has had all kinds of ball teams race, pennant-winners and teams that have

played even so low as the second division. But Atlanta has never had a tall-ender. Now it seems, however, that Teddy Sullivan is going to give Atlanta that place in the race for the Southern Association pennant. And Atlanta will have to take it, it seems. Sullivan's team can now go down the toboggan as fast as it pleases, and every slide it makes will be greeted with applause by the Atlantian who don't see the game. The story from New Orleans gives the history of the day.

How the Agony Came. New Orleans, May 22.—(Special.)—The Atlantas lost the second game of the series today through their inability to hit Kirtley Baker. The latter received a tremendous ovation from 1,500 cranks, and pitched a superb game. The visitors were only able to make seven scattering hits off his delivery. His control was excellent, not a single Sullivanite taking first base through his inability to get the ball over the plate. The Pelicans batted hard, Campau and Flood each sending the ball over the cen-ter field fence for home runs. Conover was the suffering twirler. He had just recovered from an attack of sickness and looked pale and weak. Sullivan should not have put him in the box so soon. Campau, Powell, Chard, Ashenback, Roat and Whistler played great ball in the field, and Haller

and Boland caught superbly.

NEW ORLEANS.
McClellan, 2b
Powell, cf
Dowie, 3b
Campau, lf Totals ATLANTA. Hollohan, Gilman, 2b Ryan, 1b

AB. R. BH. PO. A.

Totals ...

The Leaders Lose Again.

Memphis, Tenn., May 22.—Memphis won the second consecutive game from Charles-ton today by timely hitting and Mason's

Macon Plays Good Ball But Loses. Mobile, Ala., May 22 .- Macon played bet ter ball than Mobile, but luck, as usual, was with the locals, and they won, after

One Game and a Piece.

Nashville, Tenn., May 22.-Nashville bea Savannah out in an interesting gam day. After the game was over an attempt was made to play the game deferred from yesterday, but at the end of the second in.

Stallings National League Games.

ain postponed games as follows: A oklyn, Brooklyn-Baltimore; at Philadel a, Philadelphia-Washington; at Cleve d, Cleveland-Cincinnati.

Murphy, New York's shortstop, wields a bat nearly as large as himself. The first four men on the Baltimore batting list are left-handed, and all good batters, too.

The Mobile club leads the leavest Mobile club leads the league in fieldng, and is close up in batting. Flood, of New Orleans, will come mighty lear leading the league batsmen this year. He has made a three-bagger and two two-

bags in one game.

Ted Sullivan has a good, clean fielder in filly Smith. If he could bat as well as he can field, he would be one of the best players in the league.

Mullane, Baltimore's leading pitcher, has his game to lose so far. He is one of the best twirlers that ever tossed the pigskin across the plate at Baltimore.

Louisville has a mighty slugger in Weaver, their left-handed fielder. Out of eight games played he has five home runs to his credit, and his fielding is superb.

JACK PRINCE BEATS TWO HORSES The Race Was Witnessed by More

Than 1,500 People. Jack Prince, the bicycle rider, went against two horses at the ball park last night for twenty miles and beat the race

night for twenty miles and beat the race by four laps.

The park was brillishtly lighted and every inch of the track could be seen from the packed grand stand and bleachers. It was one of the most interesting and excit-ing events Atlanta fun lovers have seen in a long time. At times it was a neck and neck race between the horse and Champion

Prince, but Prince pulled out an easy winner. The first fifteen miles were ridden by one jockey, but he gave out and had to call for relief on the last five miles of the

turn of the first lap to the finish. Prince's time was 56:13.

New York, May 22.—Notwithstanding oc-casional heavy showers and cloudy, threat-ening weather, over 3,000 persons attended the races at Gravessend today. The talent looked for "mud" horses and did not care much for anything else. There were two stake races on the programme—the Seaside stakes for two-year-olds, and the Gazelle stakes for fillies three years old. Dreibund Races at Gravesend. stakes for filles three years old. Dreibund was the favorite in the former race, but finished in the ruck. Tancred, a 15 to 1 shot, won. The race for the Gazelle stakes went to the favorite, Nahma. The result of the first race was a blow to the talent who backed Herkimer heavily. Applause, a second favorite, won handly by two lengths. The second and fifth were won by those good mud horeses, Blitzen and Hoey. The last race resulted in a big surprise for the talent. Aurelian defeated the crack three-year-old Dobbins quite handily. First race, for two-year-olds, five furlongs, Applause, 5 to 1, won; Herkimer second, Monotony third. Time, 1:04½.

Second race, for three-year-olds and upwards, handicap, one mile and a furlong, Blitzen, 4 to 5, won; Picnicker second, Count third. Time, 1:59. Only three starters. Third race, the Seaside stakes, for two-year-olds, five furlongs, Trancred, 15 to 1, won: St. Vincent second, Chloot third. Time, 1:39. stakes for fillies three years old. Dreibund

1:03½.

Fourth race, the Gazelle stakes for filles three years old, one mile and a furlong, Nahma, 3 to 5, won; Jersey Belle second, Baroness third. Time, 2:03.

Fifth race, for three-year-olds and upwards, selling, six furlongs, Hoey, 7 to 10, won; Madstone second, Dominion third. Time, 1:17.

Sixth race, for three-year-olds and upwards, one mile and a sixteenth, Aurelian, 8 to 1. won; Dobbins second, Sir Knight third. Time, 1:15.

Louisville Races.

Louisville, Ky., May 22.—Unpromising weather was responsible for an attendance of only one thousand at Churchill Downs. The track was muddy and heavy. Chant, the Kentucky derby winner, won the Clark stakes, value \$2,000, easily from Pearl Song

First race, six and a half furlongs, sell ing, Zophile, 3 to 1, won; Jim Henry second, Imported Florry Meyers third. Time, 1:28. Second race, four and a half furlongs, selling, Glenone, 2½ to 1, won; Annette sec-

ond, Jack Farrell third. Time, 1:00. Third race, Clark stakes, one and a quar-ter miles, Chant, 7 to 10, won; Pearl Song second, Buckrene third. Time, 2:191/2. Fourth race, two and a half furlongs, selling, Volt, 5 to 1, won; Cora Taylor second, Rose third. Time .26½. Fifth rece, three-quarters of a mile, Glide.

6 to 1, won; Charlie T second, Imported Ranno Vallum third. Time, 1:23. Bird Shooting at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—The thirteenth annual trap-shooting tournament of the Knoxville Gun Club, which opened today on an elevated plateau near the city, attracted about seventy of the best shots in America, and from 8.30 o'clock a. m. until dark the battle for the honors was a fiercely contested one. The aggregation of talent is the strongest ever seen in this country and despite the extremely difficult shooting thirty-one full scores were made in the eight events. The tournament will last until Sunday night, the first three days beeight events. The tournament will last until Sunday night, the first three days be-ing devoted to blue rock targets with \$1,000 cash added to the purses. On Friday and Sunday the shooting will be at live pigeons, of which there are 1,600 in the club coops

Today's first average money went to Rollo Heikes. America's champion target shot, on 96.25 per cent. E. D. Fulford, of Utica: R. Gay, of Louisville, and C. M. Grimm, of Clear Lake, Iowa, divided second average on 94 each. The third went to F. Parmalee on 94 each. The third went to F. Parmalee, of Omaha, and R. Vangilder, of Knoxville, on 92.75 each. Ed Rike, of Dayton, O., won fourth on 91.50. The fifth was divided by B. A. Bartlett, of Buffalo; Redwing, of Cleveland, F. V. Vandyke, of Newark, and William Wayner, of Washington, on 89.

There were 165 targets shot at in the regular events and Heikes broke 180 J. L.

ular events and Heikes broke 180. J. L. Brewer, the world's champion live-bird shot. and J. A. R. Elliott, the American on, shot in all the events, but falled to get in for the average money.

Knoxville Has a Jockey Club. Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—(Special.)—The Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—(Special.)—The Knoxville Jockey Club was organized here today with Walter O. Roberts president and B. W. Wrenn, of the East Tennessee road, vice president and James Taylor secretary. A week of races will be run the first week in July and already 200 horses have July and already 200 horses been secured

Goodale, the Jockey. Knoxville, Tenn., May 22.—(Special.)— Frank Goodale, the famous jockey, who was killed in Louisville Saturday, was buried here today. Fully \$500 worth of flowers, contributions of Louisville turf men, accompanied the remains. He was a son-in-law of one of the leading Presbyterian ministers of East Tennessee.

COLORED EVANGELIZATION. The Most Successful Mensure of Sal-

vation is a Church.

Nashville, Tenn., May 22.—At today's session of the assembly of the Southern Presbyterian thurch the executive committee on colored evangelization presented its report. The report reaffirmed that the establishment and maintenance of report. The report reammed that the establishment and maintenance of a separate African church assures the most successful measure of salvation of the negroes. It urges liberal support of this work and asks that \$15,000 be raised for this purpose. The report will be considered tomorrow.

Judge Lapsley presented a report on the

Judge Lapsley presented a report on the resolution offered by the Rev. Dr. Woods of Baltimore, Md., yesterday concerning the memorial on the Breckinridge case. The committee had amended the resolution and rought it back with the rec that it be adopted. As returned the resolu-

"That as the supreme judiciary of our "That as the supreme judiciary of our church, it would manifestly be highly improper for the assembly to express an opinion on a case which is before a lower court."

The resolution closes by saying that the sembly "does now, as it always has done desires and intend in all orderly ways, to promote, maintain and require in its peo-ple the personal purity which is the com-mon foundation of the home, the church

The resolution was adopted. The committee on organization having ast night submitted a report recommendthe assembly decline to open the question of organic union, the report will likely be discussed, together with a minority report signed by the Rev. G. E. Campbell, who favors union.

At the afternoon session the report of the

committee on young people's societies heard, which calls for great prudence and care in the conduct of these societies. A substitute was offered and both were dock-

The consideration of the judicial commit-tee's report on the Means case was taken up. Dr. Daniel moved as a substitute that the action be dismissed, as it was presented in the form of a complaint or appeal, and that under this alternative form there was othing before the assembly.

Elder Hobson opposed the dismissal be cause the matter involved had been tried before the presbytery and the synod and the case was before the assembly by ap-

Dr. Summer spoke as to the technicalities involved and did not believe that more technicalities would prevent the assembly from hearing and deciding the case. For the sake of the church he wanted the case

Dr. Daniel again argued in favor of bis position, that the papers were irreguiar.

Dr. Leeper also argued the question that a party had the alternative choice of appeals of complaint. The question is, is the court of the church a party, or is it not? If it was, it had to appeal. The Charleston assembly asked the assembly to make a deliverance on the controversy between it and Miss Means. Dr. McPheeters said it was better to stop now than to decide the case

IN YOUR **FEET**

And let us fit you from the top of the Shoe where your foot goes in to the part that fences in your corn-field.

Latest styles to show you. Competent sales. men to wait on you. Lowest prices to temptyon to buy, our handsome TAN SHOES.



Footcoverers to All Mankind, 27 Whitehall Street.

upon a false issue and the Charleston presbytery had no status in court.

Dr. Converse argued that the synod had recognized the complainant's complaint as regular and the synod was the body to decide how the case was to commence.

offered to amend Dr. Daniel's paper so to have the assembly recognize the case as

one of appeal. Dr. Blackburn said if a mistake rad been made in bringing the case up the presbytery asked to correct it.

A vote was taken on Dr. Daniel's 1er clu-

A vote was taken on Dr. Daniel A vote was taken on Dr. Converse's After the adoption of Dr. Converse's amendment, the report of the judiciary committee was adopted. The discussion of the Means case will be continued tomorrow.

After speeches on home mission had been made the report of the committee on organic union with the northern church without reaching was discussed at length without reaching

vote. The assembly adjourned until tomorrow

BADLY MIXED IN CHATHAM.

A Fight for Local Offices Is on with

Savannah, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—Already many causes are assigned for the delay in the county primary elections. The executive committee has not yet been called together to set a date for the primary, and the probability is that Chatham will not act until nearly all the other counties in the state have named their delegates. The probable cause of the delay is the existence of two factions in local politics in the democratic ranks. It is said to be the desire of the Chatham county politicians ence of two factions in fectal said to be the desire of the Chatham county politicians to wait until it can be seen which way the wind is going to blow, so that Chatham's vote for governor can be in line with that of the majority, as the politicians here seem to beye many area to grind.

of the majority, as the pointenant atto have many axes to grind.

Then, too, it is said that, as one side has put out its feelers in the line of legislative nominees, it wants to wait to see what the other element is going to do about it. The faction. other element is going to do about it. The Citizens' Club, representing one faction, has not endorsed any candidates, but its members have mentioned names of those who, in all probability, will be put forward. who, in all probability, will be put to what. Already there are rumors of the collection of corruption funds with which to buy the negro vote, which it is considered under the new registration law will be about the only purchasable element. The politicians of the "Old Fort" crowd, to a great extent, can control a large part of its vote if there is only money in it.

is any money in it.

The Two Clubs.

The Citizens' Club will, in all probability, endorse Mr. W. W. Osborne for the senate from this district, though he has not yet announced himself as in the race. The fact, announced himself as in the race. The fact, however, that his name is the only one mentioned in that connection, Mr. R. D. Guerard having withdrawn from the race, gives ground to the belief that he will lead the forces of that side in this contest. Mr. T. D. Rockwell has been mentioned as a candidate for representative from this coun-ty. Both he and Mr. Osborne are said to have an eye on the solicitor generalship as soon as Mr. Fraser's term expires, though they are keeping quiet on that score just at present and are talking along other

The Tammany Club, which is antagonis tic in local politics, has not yet put forward any candidates, nor have any been mention-ed. The name of Major P. W. Meldrim has been mentioned in connection with the senatorial race, but no one has been men-tioned for the house on the other side.

A Regatta Today. The annual regatta of the Savannah Yacht Club will be held Wednesday, May 23d. at Thunderbolt. About ten sailing yachts have been entered in the different classes, and as many naphtha launches wi enter the course. The course will be about enter the course. The course will be about twenty mies in length, from the clubhouse down to the sea buoy, and will be followed by several steamers, which will take down excursion parties. Much interest is manifested in these sporting events, and the result of them has been to bring some fine racing craft to the port.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE.

North Carolinians Devote a Day to an Interesting Ceremony

Raleigh, N. C., May 22.—(Special.)—The to her confederate dead was laid today visitors and the city was gay with con-federate flags and red and white drapery The procession moved at 11.20 o'clock. It was composed of police, Chief Marshal William C. Sfronach and a large mounted staff, a battalion of the State guards, carriages containing the governor and the orators and chaplain of the day and memescorted the confederate veterans, who paraded in large numbers, including the in-mates of the Soldiers' Home.

The veterans were heartily cheered all along the route. They were in command of Colonel Edward D. Hall, of Wilmington, who is major general of the United Confederate Veterans in North Carolina. They bore several tattered battle flags, one of the Forty-eighth infantry, which was later in the day presented to the state. Another was the state flag of the famous First or Bethel regiment. Mrs. Armistead Jones. in the day presented to the state. Another was the state flag of the famous First or Bethel regiment. Mrs. Armistead Jones, the president, and other officers of the Ladies' Monument Association, which is raising the money for the monument, were escorted by a battalion of veterans from Grarville county. The Agricultural college cadets, the city fire department and mounted veterans from the country completed the procession. It was noon when the exercises at the monument's site, which is at one of the gates of the capitol square, began. Five thousand persons were gathered there. Governor Carr briefly bid all welcome, the state song was sung by a choir of 100 and Chaplain James A. Weston offered prayer. The choir sang, "Let Us Cross Over the River," and Thomas W. Mason, of Northampton county, delivered an address which was a masterplece. The corner stone was laid by the veterans and State Treasurer Tate paid a brief, but earnest tribute to the unknown dead. The choir sang "How Firm a Foundation" and ex. Congressman R. T. Bennett made the concluding address, a stirring one. The hands played "Dixie" and the chaplain pronounced the benediction, this ending the ceremony. The monument, which will be of grand and bronze, is to be completed by February. SHOUTED FOR EVANS.

Undesired Applause Greets War

Hill's Speech for Atkinson. Ellijay, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The sublican caucus held here today nomina Thomas W. Crago for senator for the ty-first district Hon. Warner Hill spoke here today in

vor of Atkinson. At the close of his sp a great shout went up for Evans. TILLMAN'S INTENTIONS.

He Will Start the Dispensary Bus

Again if Allowed To. Spartanburg, S. C., May 22.—(Spec The first direct statement from Gov Tillman since the supreme court de the dispensary law unconstitutional contained in a letter to a citizen of

city today.

G. D. Carrier sold the governor a quanty of corn whisky, and at the time of the decision there was a balance due in far of Mr. Carrier. It was to look after the contract of the corner o balance that Mr. Carrier wrote a letter the governor.

answer to this letter gives the The answer to this letter gives the in intimation direct from headquarters is what the state proposes to do. The gree or told Mr. Carrier not to be uneasy-the the dispensary had cleared over 100 and would "open up again as soon as a courts would let them alone."

As to what move the state intended make has been a great mystery. When the dispensers are still drawing their stress and stock remains in all the dispersives it was not known whether the governor was waiting for the legislature to me so that he could dispose of the stock, whether he intended to attempt to recommend the dispensaries.

whether he intended to attempt to recommend the dispensaries.

This letter shows that he will pursue thatter course. In July one of the suprescourt justices will be replaced by July Eugene B. Gary, who was president the senate when the dispensary law spassed. Judge Gary and Justice Pops, dissented from the recent decision, vonstitute a majority, and Governor man evidently depends upon Justice and expects the reorganized court to wrule the late decision.

Many of the governor's friends here with the position that such a course would unprecedented and they condemn it in measured words. Many believe that Jud Gary, under the rule of these decision will not disturb the court's decree.

WERE ALLUDING TO BRECKING

Although the Presbyterian Con Did Not Mention Him. Saratoga, N. Y., May 22.—In the Pre terian general assembly today the committee on bills and overtures presented a putial report. An overture has been received from the presbytery of New Albany, as ing the general assembly to memorial congress to enact such regulations reference to the personal life of their m bers as will prevent the presence in the tional councils of men with immoral as dissolute habits. A recommendation that

that the church must raise \$1,238,341.40 ing the coming year in order to pay present indebtedness of the board at present indebtedness of the board and enable it to prosecute its work for twelve months. During the year \$806,000 been received while a debt of nearly \$25 is reported, due to a falling off in legal woman's missionary societies contributed \$268,000

action be taken upon the subject was ad

The question of theological seminary or rol, so far as the general assembly of Presbyterian church is concerned, is tled. By a vote of almost 4 to 1, the report of the majority of the committed hat considerate in the committed that considerate in the committed that considerate in the committed that considerate in the hat considered the matter was add today. The report provides for gaining to power and right to approve the appointment of professors and directors and asks directors of the seminaries to declar trust in favor of the Presbyterian chu which the general assembly may enfin the civil courts. At the same time committee is provided for which shall confer and advise with the seminaries an seek to get their consent to the propose plan. The report was put through embly in spite of urgent requests for

What Kipling Says of America

Mr. Rudyard Kipling, who is now in Lod don, has been interviewed by a representative of The St. James Gazette, and this what he said of America in general New England in particular: "Meanw you yourself go back to New England a your holiday here?" asked the report Yes. It suits my purposes, for Apparently, the climate suits you our representative, glancing at Mr. ling's healthy brown cheeks. year. A lovely green country and gold sunshine all the summer; and a p winter. Snow three feet deep, sleighing! Did you ever sleigh "Then you don't know one of the bithings in life. Then the still clearness the cold is delightful. There is hardly as of wind for days together, and with thermoments. thermometer twenty degrees below zero can't catch cold if you try. I admit the wind does come it is pretty ba zard fit to blow the plates off the sid ironclad. The New England sprin rard fit to blow the plates off the side of ironclad. The New England spring, is a surprise-frost, wind and baking in layers as it were, in three consent days. Still, on the whole, the climate a good one for a foreigner. Whether is just the sort to build up a tough race another question. It is too dry-the air too highly oxygenated. It makes be better than muscle, and nerves more teither. Our moist gray English weather the thing, after all, to keep the blood the veins and the gastric juices in wo Now the yankee does not seem to be able sleep o' nights, or laugh out loud, or similate his food in peace." "I thought that last was mainly due to the kind food he tried to assimilate." "No do that has a good deal to do with it. I so with knowledge, for I live on the bord of the Great Ple Belt?" "The Great Belt?" echoed our appalled interview "Yes." replied Mr. Kipling: "the Ple Buthis of the vetende though the New Engli

CLAI

THAT OF

He Says Macon Atkinso done

claims In his his mos claim a the sun people. But it the crecounty' who is men wh inspecti

agricult iness v money. those w time will capitol a and the of a bi conferen does no then r kinson' standin

Citizen

Colu night a club of organia A. Kir appoin man. ard, Co Sol Sal and S. They telling mary.
The old-tir and a assem work rising Ben J the fix during was te stitutio length; rength; ation
The C the me good m urday.
At a educati
H. Cra board dent, Jelected upon ti

Wayne Hon. Th to a larg of the la speech to Gener Hon. and a lebar, is fiship of trace todiattorney

Gaines returns all in as carried eral Ev was her men clai but they

endersen been sig

without

Burke

Hall

terday carried The rest as the A lt. The l that, as EVA

Total. Baxley, democratic county ha 5th, to sel and guber

Ger San Ant eral Vas millio

executive

here fifty the ranch. his time to try. He won the rance by Mr.

fit you from f the Sho r foot goes in that fence rn-field.

petent sales to temptyou



hall Street

hich will be of gran be completed by ne

FOR EVANS.

nuse Greets Warn

up for Evans. S INTENTIONS.

Dispensary Busin Allowed To. C., May 22.—(Special.) tement from Go

and at the time

er to a citizen of

this letter gives the man from headquarters as oposes to do. The govern not to be uneasy-the ad cleared over 100, up again as soon as othern alone." We the state intended a great mystery. We still drawing their single dispose of the dispose of the stock, ded to attempt to reoptime.

s that he will pursue the July one of the suprement of the replaced by Juda was president of the dispensary law was y and Justice Pope, where the recent decision, will rity, and Governor Impends upon Justice Gargeorganized court to over-

G TO BRECKINRID esbyterian Commit

Mention Him. May 22.—In the Presb ably today the c ery of New Albany, ask assembly to memorialise nt the presence in the na-men with immoral and recommendation that no

nust raise \$1,238,341.40 due ear in order to pay the ess of the board and secute its work for in uring the year \$906,000 had le a debt of nearly \$25.00 o a falling off in legaces

general assembly ch is concerned, i ch is concerned, is setority of the cor directors and asks the seminaries to declare a the Presbyterian church, I assembly may enforce is. At the same time, a ided for which shall conapprove the appointm ided for which shall con-with the seminaries and consent to the proposed was put through the as

urgent requests for

ing, who is now in Lo

ng Says of America

viewed by a representa-mes Gazette, and this i America in general and particular: "Meanwhile ack to New England after ack to New England atter re?" asked the reporter, y purposes, for the time." climate suits you," said e, glancing at Mr. Kip-rown cheeks. "Oh, the nt for nine months of the green country and soft the summer; and a perfect ree feet deep, and such you ever sleigh?" "No." know one of the best then the still clearness of ful. There is hardly a still tul. There is hardly a stir together, and with the ty degrees below zero you you try. I admit, when me it is pretty bad—bir-e plates off the side of an two England spring. 100. me plates off the side of ase we England spring, too, st, wind and baking sunvere, in three consecutive, the whole, the climate is foreigner. Whether it is build up a tough race is the too dry—the air is senated. It makes braile, and nerves more that gray English weather is all, to keep the blood in e gastric julces in work loes not seem to be able to re laugh out loud, or as in peace." It though almy due to the kind of assimilate." 'No double eal to do with it., I speaffor I live on the borders Belti" "The Great Pier appalled interviewer. Belt!" "The Great appalled interviewer. Kipling; "the Ple Belt cough the New England northern New York. Ple it the eastern states; in lebauch. Have you condological condition of CLAIMS SHATTERED.

Another of Mr. Atkinson's Alleged Great He Was Acting as a Peacemaker A Brunswick Tug Picks Up a Dis- Judge Speer Decides to Make the Re- Many Famous Men Who Are mi an Deeds Shown Up.

THAT OIL INSPECTORS' FEE BUSINESS

He Says He Did It All, but It Seems None of the Real Credit Belongs to Him. Where the Credit Does Belong.

Macon, Ga., May 22 .- (Special.) - Colonel Atkinson in his claim for credit for everything which has been Georgia in the last fifteen years, seems to have upon several occasions overstepped himself and put in claims for the credit of accomplishing things for which no credit was due him.

In his speeches over the state one of his most prominent claims is to the honor of saving the state \$15,000 a year in the inspection of oil. From one end of the state to the other he has repeated that claim and has figured out just how much the sum total is which he has saved the

But it develops that he does not deserve the credit for that.

Hon. J. E. Scofield, who was one of Blbb county's representatives at the time, and who is one of the most popular traveling men who goes out from Macon, introduced the first bill doing away with fees for the inspection of oils and was the man who, by a resolution, called on the commissioner of agriculture for a showing of how the business was conducted and who got the money. The first effect of that resolution,

those who were in the legislature at that time will remember, was to gather to the capitol a lobby of parties directly interested, and the second effect was the introduction of a bill by Mr. Atkinson, which, after conference with Mr. Scofield, was accepted and was passed with his assistance.

It was a good bill, but Mr. Atkinson does not deserve the credit for it. The credit belongs to the gentleman who then represented Bibb county, Mr. Atkinson's claims to the contrary notwith-

ENTHUSIASTIC FOR EVANS. Citizens of Muscogee Are Organizing

standing.

to Help the General.
Columbus, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—Tonight at the county courthouse an Evans club of Columbus and Muscogee county was organized with great enthusiasm. Mr. J. A. Kirven was made president of 'he club and the executive committee of seven was appointed with Mr. R. O. Howard as chairman. The committee comprises R. O. Howard, Colonel W. S. Stephens, R. T. Gregory Sol Sarling, B. T. Hatcher, L. F. Humber and S. A. Carter. All of them are repre sentative men and enthusiastic workers. They will appoint subcommittees and some telling work will be done between now and Saturday, which is the day of the pri-

The meeting resolved itself into a regular old-time love feast and experience meeting and almost very man present of the large assembly had something to tell of the work he has done in the last few weeks A rising vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Ben J. Daniel, of The Sunday Herald, for the fight he has made for General Evans during the campaign and a similar vote was tendered Mr. Means Brannon, The Con-stitution's correspondent here, for the many lengthy and encouraging reports of the situation in Muscogee that he has furnished The Constitution. It was the opinion of the meeting that Muscogee will roll up a good majority for General Evans next Sat-urday.

At a meeting of the Columbus board of education held this afternoon, Mr. Bennett H. Crawford was elected president of the board to succeed the late lamented presi-dent, John Peabody. Mr. James Smith was elected vice president. Beautiful resolutions upon the death of Colonel Peabody were offered by the board.

THOMAS COBB AT WAYNESBORD. His Speech for General Evans Caugh the Crowd.

Waynesboro, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—
Hon. Thomas R. R. Cobb spoke here today
to a large and enthusiastic audience. Many
of the ladies of our city were present. The speech was a magnificent effort in behalf of General C. A. Evans and his candidacy of General C. A. Evans and his candidacy for governor. The speech caught the crowd and Burke is counted by many as safe for

General Evans for governor.

Hon. E. H. Callaway, ex-state senator and a leading member of the Waynesboro bar, is formally in the race for the judge-ship of the Augusta circuit. He enters the race today at the solicitation of prominent attorneys of his circuit and complimentary endersements of his legal brethren have been signed already. As a citizen he stands without reproach and as to his legal attain-

ments there are none to dispute.

Burke superior court is now in session. Hall County's Returns Complete. Gainesville, Ga., May 22 .- (Special.)-The returns from the seventeen districts are all in and show that General Evans has carried Hall county by 133 majority.

Evans Carries Clay. Fort Gaines, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—General Evans has carried Clay county. The county acted today. The big battle today was here at Fort Gaines. The Atkinson men claimed that they carried the county, but they did not. General Evans got two majority in this precinct.

How They Stand. Clay county was the only one to act yes-terday and the friends of General Evans carried that for him by a good majority. The result in Clay is a decided victory, as the Atkinson men counted upon carrying it. The balloted returns from Milton show that, as was expected, the county went for The table this morning

stands EVANS. ATKINSON. 6 Meriwether ..

Total.. 32

Appling Acts June 5th.

Baxley, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee of Appling county has called a mass meeting for June 5th, to select delegates to the congressional and expectation when the congressional convention when and gubernatorial convention, when a new executive committee will be elected.

General Vasquez in Texas. San Antonio, Tax., May 22.—The special spatch from New York stating that General Vasquez, the president of Honduras, has been spending three weeks in that city and that he was traveling incognito is un-founded. General Vasquez arrived here two weeks ago from New Orleans, accompanied of John A. Morris, the New York millionaire and Honduras lottery man. they spent a day here and then left for the ranch of Mr. Morris, situated north of the ranch of Mr. Morris, situated north of here fifty miles. They are still stopping at the ranch. General Vasquez is devoting his time to horseback riding about the country. He will probably spend the summer on the ranch, his he has been invited to do so by Mr. Morris

DR. TOLAND DIES.

When Shot.

Seeing That His Father Was Down on the Floor He Supposed That the Doc-Stor Was Beating Him.

Augusta, Ga., May 22.-(Special.)-The shooting over in Langley, S. C., which was mentioned in yesterday's paper, has resulted in a murder. Dr. Hugh Toland, who was wounded by John Augustine, Jr., is dead. He died this morning at 10 o'clock from the effect of the bullet that pene trated his lungs. Dr. Toland lost his life while acting as a peacemaker, preventing father and son from fighting. John Augustine, Sr., and his son, Charley Augustine, were partners in business and ran a store together in Langley until recently, when the firm dissolved. About 6 o'clock Monday evening father and son met at a store and went in a rear room to be by themselves to settle some differences re garding money matters.

Dr. Toland was in the store when the tw men retired and after they had been out a few minutes he heard hot words being exchanged and he hurried back to the adjoining room as a peacemaker to prevent a difficulty between the relatives, which he apprehended would occur. When the doctor entered the room he found the father and son clinched and fighting. He ran between the belligerents and parted them. In breaking the fast hold of the men the doctor pushed them apart with such force that Mr. John Augustine fell to the floor and the doctor upon him. At this juncture John Augustine, Jr., another son, rushed into the room and, finding his father on the floor and Dr. Toland upon him, he pulled his pistol and fired at the doctor. The bullet struck the doctor in the side and pene-trated his lungs, which caused his death. The same bullet that hit the doctor painfully wounded the father in his hand. After the shooting Augustine, who used his pistol once too often, ran off and escaped to the woods. He was not at large very long, however, before he was tracked down to a negro cabin about a mile from Langley, where he was arrested without any trouble. He was carried to Aiken today and jailed.

coroner held an inquest over Dr Toland and the jury holds Augustine responsible for murder. The shooting was unnecessary and without provocation. Augustine, without knowing the nature of the trouble his father was in, killed the physician. He was too impulsive and there was nothing to warrant his hasty action.

Dr. Toland was an old geptleman about sixty years of age, who only moved to Langley about six months ago. He was arranging to leave Langley tomorrow and return to Enoree, S. C., his former home, where his family now live. He was a fine physician of high standing and a most respectable gentleman who was highly re-garded and made many friends during

his short stay in Langley.

The homicide created no little excitement, and the people censure Augustine, who is reputed to be a rather wild young man. The remains of Dr. Toland will be carried to Enoree for interment. Augustine will be prosecuted for murder.

INSTRUCTS FOR TATE.

Towns Instructs for the Present Con-

gressman-A Primary on July 14th. Hiawassee, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The democratic mass meeting of Towns county last Saturday was called to order by O. C. Wyly, chairman of the executive committee. J. Miles Berrong was elected chair-man and J. G. Harrison secretary. M. J. Brown and J. T. Kimsey were elected delegates to the congressional convention and instructed to cast the vote of Towns county for Hon. F. C. Tate. These dele-gates were instructed to vote by proxy if

not in person. The nomination of a candidate for governor was referred to a primary election to be held the second Saturday in July next. The chairman of the democratic executive committee was instructed to appoint del-egates to the gubernatorial convention to cast the vote of the county for the candidate nominated by the primary.

DUBLIN'S ARTESIAN WELL. A Good Flow of Water-Commence

ment of the High School. Dublin, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—Saturday last the contractors boring the artesian well for Dublin were made happy by the successful termination of their labors. A flow of ten gallons per minute was secure at a depth of only 207 feet, and the contractors say that the well will pump a hun-dred gallons per minute. The water is perfectly clear, and is more pleasant to

the taste than artesian water through this section usually is. It has not yet been an-alyzed. The city proposes to put in a duplex pump and supply a waterworks system with artesian water.

FIGHT AT MACHEN.

Iwo Young Men Mix Up and One Uses

a Knife.

Machen, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—A bloody affair at Shady Dale, about one mile from this place occurred at 10 o'clock today between two prominent young men of that place, Mr. Will Florence and Thomas C.

Tucker. Florence had been brought up before the council last night for swearing on the streets. He plead guilty. Tom Tucker had een making derogatory remarks about Florence and the latter heard of it. They met, quarreled and in the fight Florence drew his knife and cut Tucker on the neck, inflicting a fearful wound.

Stabbing Affray at Wayeross.

Waycross. Ga., May 22.-(Special.)-R. Y Clayton, white, and Henry Jones, a negro carpenter, got into a difficulty this morn-ing in front of the residence of George Turner. Jones was choking Clayton, when the latter pulled his knife and stabbed ones about nine times. They were final-separated. Jones was so badly hurt that Jones abou he had to be carried home.

Sale of Phosphate Lands. Savannah, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The Marion Phosphate Company had \$200,000 of first mortgage bonds sold here at public outery today for the purpose of taking up some outstanding notes for which they were pledged as security. They were bought in by a syndicate composed largely of the

How Artillery Punch Did Flow. Savannah, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The Chatham Artillery, the oldest artillery com-pany in the United States, celebrated its one hundred and eighth anniversary today by a picnic at Tybee, which was largely attended by the members and their friends. Melon Crop Injured.

Arlington, Ga., May 22.-(Special.)-The melon crop was seriously injured by the cold Saturday night, and the frost which fell last night. It will take them several days to recover. Nothing else seems to be materially damaged from the cold. A Window Full of Brushes-Cheap.

A Window Full of Brushes—Cheap.

Call by if you want bargains in horse, hair, bath, snoe, cloth, flesh and whisk brushes. All kinds, all sizes and get them out of the windows of Jacobs' Pharmacy, next store west of old stand. You can get splendid slightly damaged brushes for 5, 10, 15, 25, 35 and 50 cents. These are bargains. Many of these brushes cannot be told from strictly new ones. Call at once. They will go off rapidly at the prices offered. Don't delay. See their window display and act promptly.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

CAUGHT A PRIZE.

abled Ship.

YOUNG AUGUSTINE WAS TOO HASTY THE DAUNTLESS IS IN BIG LUCK

She Takes a Steamship with a Valuable Cargo in Tow-Another Tug Is Hunting for the Ship.

Brunswick, Ga., May 22.-(Special.)-Brunswick's powerful steam tug, Dauntless, reached here this morning towing the British steamship Clandeboye, Strickland, master, which broke her shaft April 22d and after drifting for twenty days lay-to on the northeast coast of the little Bahamas, waiting assistance. The Clandeboye was 1,400 tons burden, from Cardiff for Vera Cruz with a cargo of paint, fuel and machinery, the estimated value of the vessel and cargo being \$450,000. While lying in a disabled condition the chief mate, Hay, and three men left in a yawl boat for help After spending five days and nights on the water they were picked up and carried to Savannah.

The ship's owners, Carlisle & Co., London were cabled and after some delay the tug C. W. Morse, of New York, was ordered to proceed to the Bahamas and tow the Clandeboye 1,300 miles to Vera Cruz. Thursday last the Dauntless started on a cruis ing tour from Brunswick.

In an interview tonight Managing Owne John E. duBignon stated that having heard of the disabled Clandeboye, the cruise was extended to the Bahamas for investigation Saturday morning the Dauntless reached the Clandeboye and Master Lomm spoke her. Captain Strickland asked about his mate and men, and upon being assured of their safety communicated the news through the ship, creating great joy. Saturday afternoon the Dauntless began towing the Clandeboye. A severe storm was encountered in the gulf. Arriving off Brunswick, the Dauntless anchored the Clandeboye and entered for coal, leaving here today at 4 o'clock for Newport News where Captain Strickland wanted to go. The tug Morse passed Savannah last night en route to the Bahamas in search of the Claudeboye. The Dauntless is towing at the rate of seven miles per hour, her speed being retarded by the Clandeboye's disabled propeller. Brunswickians are pleased at the rescue by the Dauntless. Estimates of the amount the Dauntless will make by her scoop vary from \$5,000 to \$50,000 Captain duBignon stated that the price would be satisfactorily arranged and a pleasant agreement had been made be-tween the Dauntless and the Clandeboye's

WELCOME FOR THE DELEGATES. Barnesville's Citizens Are Preparing

for the Prohibition Convention.

Barnesville, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The city will take a hand in the entertainment of the delegates to the Georgia state prohibition convention. At a meeting of the city council last night the mayor was au tainment of the visitors. Mayor John F Hunt is chairman of the committee, th other members being: A. O. Murphy, W. B. Smith, B. H. Hardy, Edward Elder, Dr. J. P. Thurman, B. M. Turner, J. W. Stafford, J. M. Cochrane and Mesdames E. J. Murphy, J. G. Smith, J. W. Hightower, J. T. Hunt, B. M. Turner and J. L. Ken-

Extensive preparations are being made by the town as a whole for the entertain-ment of this body. Every delegate has been assigned to a good home, and the ladies will all give the visitors a cordial wel come. The trustees of Gordon institute will give the convention the use of the chapel, and they will have the liberty of the entire building. President Pound is getting everything in shape at the institute to turn it over to the body.

The Barnesville silver cornet band will

furnish good music before each session and give open air concerts each day on the cam-pus of the institute.

Mayor John T. Hunt is taking the lead in making these preparations for the conven-tion. He is a great worker in prohibition matters. He will deliver the welcoming

address. JUDGE CLARK FOR THE PLACE. onesboro Thinks He Is the Man for

Secretary of State. Jonesboro, Ga., May 22 .- (Special.)-This town and county mourns with deep regret the loss of that gallant old soldier and learned statesman, General Phil Cook, Georgia's secretary of state. His friends were legion in these parts and it was their wish that he might be spared many more years to distinguish his state by his faith-ful and able services. It is with no disrespect to his memory, but in the natural order of things, that his successor is al-ready being discussed and guessed at. In this city the name of Judge Richard H. Clark is heard on every hand and seems to be the unanimous choice of the people. Judge Clark is greatly beloved in Clayton, where he has endeared himself to the people by his impartial and able manner of presiding as judge of the superior court. According to the opinion of these people the present judge of the Stone Mountain circuit would be a fit and worthy successor to the grand old war horse whose labors

Jonesboro, Ga., May 22.-(Special.)-Editor Constitution: It is the unanimous wish of the citizens of this city that the governor appoint as a successor to the lamented General Phil Cook, late secretary of state, that learned and honorable jurist and Christian gentleman, Judge Richard H. Clark, of Atlanta. Than this distinguished citizen there is none more able or de-serving. Respectfully, J. A. MORROW,

MANAGED TO HOLD THEM.

Tramps Arrested Suspected of Murder and Held on Other Charges. Sylvania, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The four tramps—three colored and one white—

who were tried last week before Justices Sheppard and Wagker at Oliver for the murder of John A. Jackson, the young merchant of that place, were brought in Sunday by Sheriff Brooker and lodged in jail. They were discharged by the court in the murder case, there being no evidence to warrant their committal; but the white boy was committed for carrying concealed weap-ons and the three negroes for perjury. It is hoped by the citizens of Oliver that more evidence will be found against them; hence their detention. The grand jury, which is now in session here, will thoroughly investigate the matter.



MUST WIND IT UP:

ceiver Permanent.

GOOD MONEY IS TURNED DOWN

The Macon Gaslight and Water Company Is in for It Now-General Evans Going to the Central City.

Macon, Ga., May 22 .- (Special.)-Today in the United States court Judge Speer over-ruled the demurrer of the Macon Gaslight and Water Company to the Carswell bill. and decided that he has jurisdiction in the case. Argument was then commenced on the question of appointing a permanent receiver for the property. The company' attorneys made a strenuous fight agains permanent receiver and argued for the smissal of the Carswell bill and the temporary receiver. The company was willing to pay interest on all bonds complainant in the bill, so the work of reorganizing he property could proceed. Appoints a Permanent Receiver.

Tonight Judge Speer held a special ses-sion of the United States court to finish hearing the argument on the appointment of a permanent receiver. Claud Estes, as attorney for the Macon Gaslight and Water Company, filed an amendatory answer to the Carswell bill and made an argument against the appointment of a receiver. Ma-rion Erwin argued in favor of the appoint-ment. Judge Clifford Anderson also spoke in favor of a permanent receiver. He represented B. F. Spinner, of Lynn, Mass., holder of sixteen bonds. A. O. Bacon, as attorney for R. D. Wood & Co., of Philadelphia, made a tender of money with which to pay the interest on the bonds of the complainant in the Carewell bill. Judge Speer passed the order, declining the tender and refusing to dismiss the bill. He then ren-dered an elaborate decision and stated that he would appoint a permanent receiver and said he would be T. D. Tinsley, the present receiver, unless the company could present a better man, which was hardly

Suggestions from the Mayor. The city council met tonight. Mayor Horne recommended the issuance of \$150,00 of bonds to pave a certain portion of the business part of the city with belgian blocks. He also recommended the issuance of \$50,000 of additional bonds to be used in or softwo or additional bonds to be used in draining the swamp, repairing buildings at the Central City park, providing for a new fire engine company on the hill, the removal of the present engine houses to a general headquarters at the city hall and the esheadquarters at the city hall and the es-tablishing of a police patrol system. The recommendations were referred to commit-

Dr. Campbell Will Come. Several weeks ago Rev. Dr. A. B. Campbell, of Americus, was called to the pastorate of the Tattnall Square Baptist church. He came to Macon and remained several days surveying his new prospective the confield. On his return to Americus, the gregation of the church there, of which he has been the beloved pastor for twelve years, made an earnest appeal to him no leave. On last Sunday he tendered his resignation, and the news reached Macon today that he would accept the call of the Tattnall Square Baptist church. This church has had no pastor since the death of the late lamented Dr. E. W. Warren. Dr. Campbell is an able and eloquent preacher, as under his administration the Tattnall church will grow and flourish

A Grand Concert.

Tomorrow night a concert will be given at the Academy of Music under the direction of Professor Welsz, for the benefit of the Macon branch of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Some of the finest musical tallent of Macon will take part, composed of members of the choir of St. Joseph's Catholic church and the Eight O'clock Musical So ciety. A splendid programme has been arranged. A large audience is expected to be in attendance.

He Fainted.

Some excitement was created today in the congregation of Mulberry Street Methodist church in attendance on the funeral of General Cook. As the mourners were leav-ing the church, an old gray-haired gentleman, sitting among the confederate veterans, near the altar, was noticed leaning over, his head dropped to one side. He appeared lifeless. Instantly many minds painted a pathetic picture. Here was a veteran who had come to pay the last respect to the memory of the brave and gallant Phil Cook, and death had come to lant Phil Cook, and death had come to him while mourning the departure of the battle-scarred general. The party thus eliciting sympathetic remark was Mr. Avant, formerly a justice of the peace in this county. Dr. Meltaner was hastily summoned, and he soon found that Mr. Avant had only fainted, or become physically exhausted, and would soon be himself again.

General Evans Coming. The local supporters of General Evans are arranging to have him speak in Macon at a near day at the Academy of Music. With the example of the Atkinson followers before them, they are determined to give the general the very best reception and the largest audience possible. They have resolved to give him a magnificent ovation. Much is expected of the occasion. Nothing will be left undone to make the general's visit memorable.

After Many Years.

From The Philadelphia Inquirer. Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll has been doing more lecturing of late than during a previous period in a good many years. One incident that occurred in the course of his southern tour served to remind him of his war record. He lectured in Memphis recently on "Shakespeare." After the lecture he attended a reception given in his honor by Colonel and Mrs. William R. Moore, Of the guests that were presented to him he regarded one with an eye of vague recognition. "Surely I have seen you somewhere before." said the colonel.

"Was it about thirty years ago?" asked the other. "That is to say, in December,

"I have reason to remember that month, "I have reason to remember that month," said Colonel Ingersoll. "It was then that I was captured by the confederates."

"And so have I," repued the guest, "for it was then that I had the honor of capturing a certain federal colonel. Don't you remember Major G. V. Rambaut, of General Forrest's command."

The colonel did remember, and the two ex-warriers sought a corner, and recalled

The colonel did remember, and the two ex-warriors sought a corner and recalled the details of the event. Colonel Ingersoil, in command of an Illinois regiment of cavalry, had undertaken to prevent a large force of Forrest's men from crossing a certain deep stream. Leaving a gfeater part of his command to destroy a bridge, Ingersoil moved up one side of the stream with a few men and a field piece in order to annoy the confederates on the other side before the latter could reach the bridge. But Forrest got to the bridge, crossed it, and by superior numbers routed the defenders. Then he proceeded after Ingersoil. The union colonel was unhorsed while leaping a fence, and the enemy was on him ere he could rise. Immediately after the capture of Ingersoil General Forrest rode up. "Who's in command of those troops?" cried Forrest, pointing toward the flying Illinois cavalrymen.
"I don't know," replied Ingersoil, joculinois cavalrymen.
"I don't know," replied Ingersoll, jocu-

larly.
"Who was in command?" amended the

"Who was in command?" amended the general.
"If you'll keep the secret," said Ingersoll coolly, "I'll tell you. I was."
Colonel Ingersoll's good humor pleased Forrest, who treated him well and eventually released him on parole. After the war Forrest and Ingersoll renewed their acquaintance at Washington and became warm friends, but the colonel did not meet Major Rambaut until the other night in Memphis, thirty years later.

Unless you kill your doubts they will some day kill you. If you doubt the medicinal powers of Hood's Earseaparilla take a half dozen bottles and then doubt and disease will be conquered.

PRAISING DR. COPELAND

Warmly Advocating His System,

Merchants, Millionaires, Ex-Congre men and Lawyers Taking Specialty Treatment at \$5 a Month, Medicines Included-Its Wonderful Efficiency New Quite Generally Conceded.

The foundation principle of the Copeland medical enterprise is that the sick must not perish for want of medical care. Dr. Copeland's idea is that no stricken human is that the sick must being, tottering under chronic infirmity must be debarred from treatment by the inhumanity of prohibitive fees. The Copeland fee-rate is the lowest ever known to legitimate specialty practice. All told, and including all medicines, the charges come to but \$5 a month.

to but \$5 a month.

The main thing, however, is that the Copeland treatment, while inexpensive, is honored and laureled for superior excellence. It has become especially celebrated for its telling efficacy in chronic maladies where the old school methods do lamentably, notoriously and habitually fail. Leading specialitists in different cities, after study of the Copeland system, admit this, and are today proclaiming their adoption of that better system, while hundreds of distinguished people known to the entire country, are bearing like testimony from experience.

country, are bearing like testimony from experience.
George G. Hughes, the Kentuch, lawyer—one of the leading practitioners before the state and United States supreme courts—writing from Burlington, Ky., says: "The Copeland experts did for me what their most famous contemporaries failed to do. They cured me of an old and horrible catarrh that had run apparently into consumption and been pronounced utterly hopesumption and been pronounced utterly hope-less. I would not take \$1,000,000 for the benefits I received from the Copeland treat-

SPECIALTIES—Catarrh and all diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Laryngitis, Broncnitis, Asthma, Consumption. Epilepsy and all nervous affections. Diseases of Skin and Blood, Rheumatism, and all Chronic affections of the Heart, Stomach. Liver and Kidneys.

We can cure any case of epilepsy.

HOME TREATMENT. Our system of mail treatment by means of symptom blanks and correspondence is as perfect and effectual as our office work. Write for symptom blanks, 315 Kiser build-ing.

\$5 A MONTH, For All Treatment and Medicines.

COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE. W. H. Copeland, M. D. F. E. Howald, M. D.

Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 5:30 to 7 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m. te 1 p. m.

PERMANENT OFFICES IN Room 315, Kiser Build'g, Cor. Pryor and Hunter Sts. Take elevator

and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE.

B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.

Aftanta, Ga. Office 104/4 Whitehall St

SICK HEADACHE CARTER'S POTITIVELY CURED BY PILLS.

They also relieve Distressfrom Dyspepsia, In digestion, and Too Heart ng. A perfect reme for Dizziness, Nauser Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Ton

gue, Pain in the Side. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipa-tion. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated. PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL Beware of Imitations and

LEADS THE WORLD. Libbey's AMERICAN CUT GLASS.

Ask for CARTER'S and see you get

C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.

Highest Award World's Fair. If you want the finest quality cut glass, buy goods having this trade mark.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Exclusive agents for Atlanta.

Announcement.

Atlanta, Ga., May 12, '94.—I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the state senate from the the thirty-fifth senatorial district, composed of the counties of Clayton, Cobb and Fulton and respectfully solicit the friendly consideration of voters of the district.

May 12-to-june 2

Atlanta, Ga., May 12, '94.—I hereby announce the state of the senate for the state senate for the senate for t

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city tax collector, election to take place December 5th next. I respect-fully solicit the support of my friends and the public generally, and promise if elected a faithful performance of duty. apri 25—ime o d ED. T. PAYNE.

Villa Rien High School

Villa Rica, Ga., May. 22.—(Special.)—The commencement exercise of Villa Rica High school opened Sunday. The sermon was preached by Dr. Brittian, of Atlanta, His reached by Dr. Brittan, or Atlanta. The text was "After the fire—a still small voice." His subject was that "Man should not wait for some wonderful something to happen, but should accept and improve the small things of life." At the close of the sermon he gave the class of young ladies and gentlemen who have finished the full course of this institution, some timely ad-vice, which, if heeded, will do them good all through life.

Monday the primary department furnished Alonday the primary department furnished the entertainment. Tuesday the intermediate department will occupy the time, and Wednesday Mr. Alex W. Bealer, of Atlanta. Ga., will de-liver the address for the Delta Literary Scolety.

Society.

Tuesday evening the young ladies will deliver their last essays and addresses, and Wednesday morning the young men will speak. Wednesday morning the young men was speak.

Wednesday evening Professor Charles Lane will deliver one of his famous lectures for the benefit of the library of the Delta Literary Society.

Notwithstanding the cry of hard times this has been a very successful year with the school, and it should be the pride of the town and community.

Would You Like to "Shake" Malaria, GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—All persons having demands against the estate of Richard A. Hall, late of said county, decessed, are hereby rotified to render in their demands to the undersigned at Cedartown, Ga., according to law.

L. E. HALL,
Administrator of Richard A. Hall, decessed.

A Hall, decessed.



gallon Water Cooler. gallon Water Cooler, Nickel Faucet. 1 50 gallon Water Cooler, Nickel Faucet. 1 75 gallon Water Cooler, Nickel Faucet. 2 00 gallon Water Cooler, Nickel Faucet. 2 50 qrt. Patent Ice Cream Freezers... . 1 23 qrt. Patent Ice Cream Freezers 1 45 qrt. Patent Ice Cream Freezers.... 2 2



Tumblers.... Goblets, each.
Broom Protector.... Fly Traps.

Glass Lemon Extractor.

Glass Lamps 15 inches high..... Glass Lamps 15 inches high......
Porcelain Shaeds, 6 and 7 inches....
Glass Illuminators, 6 and 7 inches... Gas Shades, Engraved..... Wood Butter Moulds.....

Wood Spoons..... Jack Stones
 Jack Stones
 05

 Ladies' 4 piece Floral Set
 25

 Plated Knives and Forks, 12 pieces
 1 25
 Plated Tea Spoons, 6 pieces...... Georgia Waiver Note Blanks, 100 pages Receipts and Draft Books, 100 pages. Letter Copying Books, 500 leaves....
Counter Blank Books, 152 pages....
Day Book, Ledger or Journal 8½x12½
inches, Cloth Cover, 400 pages...

Memorandum Book, 160 pages Ink and Mucilage, per bottle Large assortment of Pocket Books.... No charge for packing and delivering to

L. SNIDER. 84 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. may23-1y wed fri sun

Grand Piano and Vocal Recital,

RANDEGGER,

the Beautiful Soprano.
Tickets 75 cents, at Beermann's and at
The Freyer & Bradley Co., 63 Peachtree st.
may18 sat sun mon tues wed thur fri

THURSDAY, MAY 24th.

Sheriff's Sales for June, 1894. WILL BE SOLD before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June, 1894, within the legal hours of sale, the following

Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June, 1894, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Also, at the same time and place, the following property, to-wit:

Also, at the same time and place, the following property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land bot No. 10 of 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Rhodes street and Sunset avenue and running thence east along the south side of Rhodes street 30 feet, thence south 120 feet, more or less, parallel with Sunset avenue, thence west 30 feet to Sunset avenue, thence north along the east side of Sunset avenue 120 feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of W. A. Webster to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Phoenix planing mill vs. said W. W. A. Webster. Property described in fl. fa. Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated in the first world of the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, in land lot 199, 14th district of Fulton county, situated on the west side of Chestnut street, corner of West Mitchell street, fronting 150 feet on Chestnut street and extending back 100 feet, the house on said lot being No. 182 Chestnut street. Levied on as the property of J. T. Bond to satisfy two fi. fas issued from the justice of the peace court of the 1028th district, G. M. in favor of Finsher & Fincher vs. said J. T. Bond. Levy made by b. C. Summers, L. C.

May 7, 1894. May 7, 1894. J. J. BARNES, Sheriff.

Horses for Sale.

Just received a load of standard bred

Office of Fulton County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues. May 8, 1884.—A petition having been filed in this office praying for the opening of a public road beginning on Peachtree road near the fite-mile post and running in an easterly direction to the Plaster's bridge road, and the road commissioners to whom the same was referred having reported recommending the same, this is therefore to give notice to all persons concerned that same new road will be finally granted on the first Wednesday in June, 1894, if no good cause to the contrary be shown. JOHN T. COOPER, Clerk Commissioners Roads and Revenues, mays-it wed.



Hammocks, Cotton or Jute..... 50 Hammocks, Mexican Sea Grass..... Base Ball and Rate Rubber and Celluloid Balls..... Children's Rolling Hoops with sticks.

Railroad or Express Offices.

THE PREYER & NEW MUSIC HALL, BRADLEY CO.'S NEW MUSIC HALL, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1894,

Miss Adelaide Phillips.

CRAND CONCERT

Atlanta Vocal Society

Second Baptist Church.

horses at my stables, corner Mitchell and Thompson streets. This is the finest lot of horses that has been shipped to this market this season. I have models, quality, style and speed. Come and get the pick. may 13—1m

T. A. SHELTON.

must be paid in advance. Contributors must keep copies of articles. not undertake to return rejected and will do so under no circumstances unless accompanied by return post

12 CENTS PER WEEK For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents pe calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for The Daily and Sunday Constitution, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of At lanta. Send in your name at once.

Where to Find The Constitution. The Constitution can be found on sale WASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel.

JACKSONVILLE-H. Drew & Bro. CINCINNATI-J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine St. NEW YORK—Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue; Fifth Avenue hotel news stand. CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams street; Great Northern hotel; Mc-Donald & Co., 55 Washington St. KANSAS CITY-W. A. Rode, 618 Main St. SAN FRANCISCO-P. C. Wilbur.

PAGES

ATLANTA, GA., May 23, 1894.

Go to the Primaries!

Ten counties will elect gubernatorial delegates this week, and all or nearly all of them have adopted the primary sys

Colonel Atkinson's friends have been very active in these counties, but if the Evans men will turn out en masse the man of their choice will secure such a majority of the delegates as will place him decidedly in the lead.

It is to be hoped that every democrat will attend the primaries and make his ballot count. Only in this way can the will of the people be ascertained. We have advocated the primary system for this very reason. It is democratic; it is fair, and it is more convenient than the old mass meeting system which was easily taken advantage of by "the men who control," and which afforded too many opportunities for taking a snap judgment.

Turn out to the primaries! The masses the farmers, the wool-hat boys are for General Evans. Now, let them make themselves heard and felt. Their votes are needed in the election of gubernatorial delegates as well as in the coming contest with the third party, and their action now will largely determine the election in October.

Turn out to the primaries!

An Unpopular Tariff.

If the compromise tariff, known as Gorman's surrender bill, passes the senate and receives the endorsement of the house and the signature of the president the advocates of a revenue tariff will be bitterly disappointed.

There are over four hundred amendments to the Wilson bill that passed the house, and many of them were demanded by nobody, but were offered simply to cause further delay and dissatisfaction and to perpetuate the McKinley policy of protection.

Senator Gorman and certain other democrats have fallen in with the republican senators with the evident purpose of identifying the democratic party with the cause of protection in spite of the revenue tariff plank in the Chicago platform. All this is only too well known, but after fifteen months of doubt and delay under the new administration the people are willing to accept almost anything in order to clarify the situation and let our merchants and manufacturers know where they stand. The worst tariff that we have ever had would be better than the present uncertainty. For nearly a year and a half the people have been in the dark without a ray of light to illumine the tariff question. Commerce has reached the point of stagna tion, our great industries are half paralyzed, capital remains idle and 65,-000,000 people await the signal from Washington.

It is time for congress to do something. We cannot afford to lose month after month in this way. The people want to know the worst at once. They will then settle down to business and make the best of the conditions forced upon them by the trusts and their attorneys in congress. Almost anything would be better than the present uncertainty.

British Testimony.

The assumption of those who are now trying to convince the people that the democratic financial policy is all wrong and the Wall street policy all right, is that the moment this country, acting independently of other nations, opens its mints to the free coinage of silver, gold will go to a premium and disappear from circulation, and we shall be on a silver basis. "Look at Mexico!" the Wall street organs cry. "Do you want to be like Mexico?"

This assumption is intended to dispos of the whole silver question and to make the financial policy of Mr. Cleveland in vulnerable to criticism. But let us examine it. Let us take the assumption at its worst and see what it amounts to Let us admit that the result of the free coinage of silver would be what the Wall street organs and cuckeos claim-that gold would go to a pre-nium and disap pear, and that our currency system would be on a silver basis

The main question to consider is purely a practical one. Would the silver basis be a better thing for our country and our eople than the gold basis which is now displaying its deadly effects? The whole matter is one of practical utility. There is no choice per se between the two money standards. One is as good as another if it be equally as beneficial to the peo-One is better than the other if it is calculated to improve the condition of the people and enlarge their pros-

perity.

The Mexican argument is the suggestion

of gross ignorance. It is the gold standard that is now Mexicanizing our people and destroying the vital forces of their prosperity. The silver standard would have the same effect in this country that it has in Mexico if our people had no more energy than the Mexicans, if they were commercially isolated as Mexico is by reason of its small export trade, if their resources and their industrial prospects were no greater than those of Mexico. But how is the silver standard affecting the people of Mexico? The following paragraph, taken from the report of the Mexican Central railway, tells a part of the story:

The decline in the price of silver has caused a large curtailment in importations, as such importations must be paid for in gold, such importations must be paid for in solutions which bear Mexico being on a silver basis, and wages and the necessaries of life not being affected by its decrease in value, the effect has been to stimulate manufacturing and other industrial enterprises of the country and increase the local transportation. This is evidenced by the fact that the local freight earnings in the last quarter of 1893 show an increase of 30 per cent over the same period of 1892.

Under the gold standard the loss in earnings of the railways of the United States has been how much? Certainly not less than 50 per cent during the past twelve months.

But this apart, what would be the result of the silver standard in our relations with Europe and our trade relations generally? We shall permit good British authority to speak on this subject. The London Financial News, which is an undoubted authority, even in Wall street, makes this statement:

There can be no doubt about it, that if the United States were to adopt a silver basis tomorrow British trade would be ruined before the year was out. Every American industry would be protected, not only at home, but in every other mar-Of course, the states would suffer to a certain extent through having to pay their obligations abroad in gold, but the loss on exchange under this head would be a mere lrop in the bucket compared with the profits to be reaped from the markets of South America and Asia, to say nothing of Europe The marvel is that the United States has no long ago seized the opportunity, and but for the belief that the way of England is necessarily the way to commercial success and prosperity, undoubtedly would have been done long ago. Americans are awakening to the fact undoubtedly 'so long as they narrow their ambition to ecoming a larger England" they cannot beat us. It has been a piece of luck for us that it has never before occurred to the Americans to scoop us out of the world's markets by going on a silver basis, and it might serve us right if, irritated by the ontemptuous apathy of our government o the gravity of the silver problem, the Americans retaliate by freezing out gold It could easily be done, and we propose ortly to show, by evidence collected from perfectly unprejudiced sources, that even now the process has begun, and is proeeding at a rate that will astonish most and probably make this country egret that it did not at an earlier stage fashion its monetary policy on principle friendliness to other nations, instead of basis of short-sighted selnshness.

The foregoing appeared in The London Financial News of April 30th, and it is worthy the attention of all thoughtful men who take an interest in this great question. As far as it goes, and it goes pretty far, the statement of The Financial News could not be stronger. The editor, perceiving that this country has the solution of the money question in its own hands, expresses surprise that our people have not disposed of it sooner. The only reason that it has not been done is because the interests of British bankers and of eastern bankers are practically the same. Lombard and Wall streets are joined together, and they are backed in this country by the political tories who have thus far controlled our

financial legislation. The Financial News says that the only difficulty this country would find in a silver basis would be the payment of its foreign debt in gold. This would be the case if we were commercially isolatedthat is to say, if our exports were of no but our gold debt abroad would be paid in our cotton, wheat and other commodities that Europe finds necessary to its comfortable existence. If the free coinage of silver would really place us on a silver basis as the Wall street organs assume, our stock of gold would go to a premium here, and be gradually shipped abroad. This would lessen the financial strain in Europe and cause prices to rise there. They would rise, in fact, to the extent of the gold premium here, and our producers would be benefited. We should have no more difficulty in paying our gold debt than we have now-and not as much, for the enlarged volume of currency that the free coinage of silver would give us would revive all forms of business, restore prosperity to all interests, and give a renewed impulse to in dustrial progress and to the development of our material resources

But, as matters stand, how are our railroads to pay the interest on their securities held abroad? Their earnings are decreasing every week, and it is only a matter of a few months when the mos prosperous of them will have to default. That is the outlook now and there is no reason why there should be any concealment about it. In addition to this, our gold is going out whenever the European bankers choose to put on the screws, and there is nothing to take its place in our circulation, and no way to replenish the treasury except by increasing the bonded

debt of the people. Therefore—assuming that the Wall street organs are correct-wouldn't the silver basis be better for this country than the gold basis that is now crushing

out the prosperity of the people? Stirring Up Strife.

The Chicago Inter Ocean calls attention to the fact that many of the Protestant churches are organizing boys' brigades.

Under any circumstances it is a good Under any circumstances it is a good thing to subject boys to military drill. Habits of prompt obedience, comradeship, proper pride in manly bearing, the sentiment of loyalty to the flag and government of this republic are qualities well worthy to be fostered. But it is a better thing when these qualities are fostered units. when tthese qualities are fostered unde religious influence. The men who have combined the attributes of saint and of hero are few, but they are the greatest few of history and of tradition. There are no legends like those of King David and of King Arthur.

It goes without saying that not many cadets of the many boys' brigades now formed or in formation will achieve renown, but it goes equally without saying that very many of them will be better fitted for citizenship by reason of but it goes the will be better fitted for characteristic by reason of their drill. The izenship by reason of their drill. The "word of honor" is a military phrase, and it is a magnificent phrase. The boy who gives his word of honor not to smoke cigarettes while enrolled in the brigade will make a heroic struggle to keep his word, make a heroic struggle to keep his word, fiber. The lesson of helpfulness is learned best in military life. How feeble is one, how strong are many, and how the strength of all is the strength of many wills moving in obedience to the command of one. The lesson of equality before the law, concurrently with inequality of station, also is well taught by military discipline. Colonel and private alike are bound by law, alike are subject to punishment for its breach, but the colonel is colonel bebreach, but the colonel is colonel be use he is the fittest. Military life is said be aristocratic, but it is an aristocracy the democratic kind. A man who is no fit to lead seldom is permitted to make more than one attempt toward leading. The incompetent has a poor chance in soldiering. All these are lessons that boys should learn, and the brigades will teach them.

When this editorial is read between the lines it will be found that it is in the interests of the A. P. A. movement which is so strong in the northwest. The Inter Ocean reminds its readers that the Catholic churches have secular organizations of laymen, and gives this as a reason why the Protestant churches should start organizations trained up from boyhood under a military system.

Sometimes it seems to us that millions of people in this country have gone stark mad. Instead of worshiping God in their own way and conceding the same right to others, they are arraying Christians against one another, and seeking to bar men out of office and out of employment on account of their religious faith. The same spirit is manifested in politics and business. An effort is being made to educate classes up to the point where they will hate other classes and

work against them. We believe that this A. P. A business is un-Christian and un-American, and the same is true of other movements intended to stir up bitterness and strife. So far as the boys' brigades are concerned, it strikes us that the Protestant churches have something more important to do than to turn their boys into soldiers. The boys will become soldiers when the country needs their services. For the present, if the churches must encourage their secular organization, it will be sufficient to adopt a policy that will make the boys industrious, self-supporting and mutually helpful. This will be a great deal better for everybody than it will be to train up a crowd of stalwart young fellows spoiling for a fight. Organizations under the military system smack too much of war, and the churches should let them alone

Seven Years of Drought.

The Dallas, Tex., News publishes a letter from Duval county giving a graphic description of the terrible condition of the counties on the Rio Grande frontier.

These counties are in the seventh year of a continuous drought. The first three years the farmers raised only one-third of a crop, and in the last four years the crops have been almost total failures The stock interest, which is the principal industry of that section of the state, has lost from 85 to 95 per cent, bankrupting hundreds of people. Many stock raisers are left without a single cow, yoke of oxen or saddle horse. These people cannot pay their taxes, and their farms now await the sheriff's hammer.

The poorer classes who are wholly de pendent upon agriculture are in a state of starvation. The correspondent says: The majority of the poor people during the fall of 1893 and the spring of 1894 appeased the pangs of hunger by eating lesh of dying animals and the leaves of prickly near cactus plants. But the stock d and the continued drought has pear leaf unfit as an article of diet, so the poor creatures are reduced to the verge of starvation. The little town of Realitos, situated on

the line of the Mexican National railway, in Duval county, alone has twenty-two widows with eighty-two children without any means of furnishing them with fo and clothing, and thirty-seven able-bodied with 138 children, without employwherewith to provide for food and clothing for their starving and naked fam ilies. Unless we get relief for these starving people they will either become desper-ate and lawless criminals or die of hunger.

The great state of Texas should do something for the relief of these unfortunates. Through no fault of their own they are suffering the bitterest pangs of poverty and hunger. They should be relieved of their taxes, and their immediate wants should be supplied. Perhaps the best thing would be to move them to a more favored locality. A region subject to such long droughts is no place for farmers.

The View of the Experts.

It seems almost impossible for the financial experts in the east to get their various views huddled under one shelter. All the experts have different views, and sometimes one expert-as for instance the editor of The Financial Chronicle-has a half dozen different views of his own, all warranted not to cut in the eye or run down at the heel.

When the trouble first began, it was the Sherman act. The editor of The Chronicle knew it just as well as if he had seen it himself. There was nothing else to account for it. Gold was going out because foreign holders of our securities were sending them here to be sold, and they were sending the securities back because they were afraid the Sherman act would depreciate our currency. Considering the fact that the securities which were supposed to be coming back were payable in gold in any event, whether gold went to a premium or not, The Chronicle left large room for doubt whether the foreign holders of our securities were sane.

Then it was discovered that the banks and the public were hoarding currency because they were afraid it would de preciate on their hands. The New York banks were so fearful the silver dollars would depreciate owing to the "inflation" of the currency occasioned by the Sherman purchase act that they went into the money market and paid as high

as 7 per cent premium for them. Then The Chronicle discovered that foreign capitalists were actually buying our securities. It doesn't discuss the gold exports in its last issue, but we have no doubt that the real reason of the movement is because something or other has happened somewhere. We observe that industrial affairs have "drifted" into a wretched condition. "Drifted" is a good editorial word at any time. The Chronicle thinks things would be different now, but in April, when everything was looking so much better and brighter what must the miners do but strike, and

what must the tramps do but tramp? So, after all, the strikers and the tramps are responsible for the failure of the single gold standard to bring prosperity, but what is responsible for the tramps and the strikes?

The Coxey sentence is fully as foolish as the Coxey movement.

We now learn that the unanimous en forsement co Senator Morgan by the democrats of Alabama was a cuckoo victory Great is bluff when it is stimulated by federal slops.

The Constitution has again been "denounc ed." We shall try to make arrangement to feel sad about this when waters begin to come in.

Buttz is evidently a greenhorn. An old hand at the business would hardly have offered more than fifteen hundred dollar for a senator. But here comes Buttz and offers seventy-five thousand dollars. The ridiculous creature ought to have a guardian appointed.

The cuckoos will wear a hole in their bellows the first thing they know.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Says an Elwood, Ind., special: The Peoria, Ill., Transcript of Friday, May 11th, contained the following: "Last night, during the heavy storm, two hogs and a fat goose helmography to Sam Wainsport were blown." belonging to Sam Wainscott were blown from his barnyard, and they have not been heard from." However remarkable the statement may seem, these very pigs, together with the goose, are now inhabiting the barnyard of T. J. Hancock, near this city, where they were dropped by the storm which swept over there at that time. It was about 2 o'clock in the morning when Hancock was aroused from his sleep by the storm. He went out into the barn-yard to look after his stock, and his attention was attracted by the clouds, in which he saw, during a lightning flash, the pigs and goose. Suddenly they dropped to the ground in his yard, and next morning they were as lively as usual, having suffered only slightly during their perilous trip of 207 miles through the air. The article in The Peoria paper was shown to Mr. Han-cock, who wrote to Mr. Wainscott, asking for a description of the missing pigs and goose. The description tallies perfectly with that of the animals in Mr. Hancock's He has written to Wainscott to come and get his stock, which he is con

sked, at the Country Club, the other day, what peculiar characteristics of the Amer ican people impressed him most forcibly ut the slightest hesitation he replied Their love of titles. I always fancied, he said, "that you were all democrats and republicans and had a contempt for titles nd that sort of thing; but I'll be blesse if I've seen a dozen men in Washingto without handles of some kind to their names. The whole population seems to tors and judges and governors. Storrs, when he first came to Washington said to General Grant: "I have found here men called general who never unsheathed a sword or wore a uniform; I have found men who never opened a law book called judge; men who have been defeated for the United States senate called senator; men called governor who have aspired to the governorship of their states but never got even so far as a nomination, and now I'd like to know what sort of title is given to a genuine, straight-out, bona fide notary

An English visitor in Washington was

A Newark, N. J., policeman arrested woman, the other day, and dragged her through the streets by a chain. A mob-athered and forced him to release the

ABOUT THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Commenting on Mr. Atkinson's Macor peech The Evening News of that city says
"His allusion to the part taken in his campaign by his family was consedered in very bad taste, and his argument that he should be elected governor in order to beat the Atlanta ring, met with little favor. It was noticed that those questions propounded by his claquers met with ready response, but when a democrat asked a ques-tion not to his liking he was told that 'he had not come here to teach kindergarten. Nothing was left undone by his local sup-porters to give Mr. Atkinson a big send off, porters to give Mr. Atkinson a big send on, but the enthusiasm that was elicited bore a very artificial semblence to the true ar The impression seems to prevail that Mr. Atkinson lost more votes than he made. Many who laughed at his claptrap and demagogy will cast their votes for General

The Augusta Evening Herald makes this

oposition:
"Richmond county's proposition to Atkinson is made in the best of good faith. If he or any of his newspaper friends desire it, Richmond and re-elect delegates to the state convention if Oconee and Baldwin will do the same. There is no question in the world about the legality, the fairness are the squareness of Richmond's action. There is about the elections had in Baldwin and Oconee. Let Mr. Atkinson and his friends accept this challenge or let them shut up

Says The Jonesboro Enterprise: 'In all of the speeches made by General Evans he barely mentions the nar onel Atkinson, and never in any but a respectful and truthful way. What a contrast between the two. General Evans, fair, calm and respectful. The other unfair, undignified and abound in gross mis-General Evans representations. Who shall say which shall

The Savannah Press says of the result of Saturday's primaries:

"The counties which acted on Saturday were Atkinson counties. As was expected they went for Mr. Atkinson. Gwinnett and Monroe were conceded to Mr. Atkinson two months ago. The colored voter in the Gwinnett primary turned out to be a sur-prising and scandalous factor in a party race, which we trust will not be repeated Butts is in Atkinson's own district. Hail and Murray, in north Georgia, scored for General Evans. The only counties which Mr. Atkinson has carried in north Georgia are Cherokee and Towns. About twenty counties have acted. There are 137 counties in Georgia. The battle has not yet opened

The Savannah News has the following: 'Mr. Atkinson's speech at Columbus, ac cording to the dispatches, was largely madup of ridicule of General Evans. Is the way for a candidate to prove his fit-ness for office? If Mr. Atkinson is able to turn a joke at General Evans's expense, does that furnish a reason why Mr. Atkin-son should be governor? Is the office of governor a joke foundry or a school for sarcasm? What the people want is a governor who is competent to meet and solve questions of importance that come before him; a man who treats life seriously; a man capable of building up his state, not one who would down others in order to climb over them. The plan of campaign that in-cludes speeches largely made up of ridicule of an opponent is not a good one, and Mr.

In giving some additional reasons why General Evans should be nominated General Evans should be nominated a writer in The Rome Tribune says:
"General Evans should be nominated for governor, because he is thoroughly equipped to fill the office with credit to himself and honor to the commonwealth.
"General Evans should be nominated because he is not the candidate of any ring, clique or combination, but is running solely on his merits.

his merits.

cause he is free from all entangling al-liances, having no political friends to re-ward and no political enemies to punish. "General Evans should be nominated be-cause he is not a politician, and has not formed a 'slate' composed of office holders

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

The Ballad of the Graduate. He got before the mirror, Which was dangerously in reach; And loud and long did he proclaim

He made a sudden jesture-Struck out too far, alas! He crushed into the middle Of a sixty-dollar glass!

Then he went into the country-In the wildest of the woods And to the trees he shouted out His literary goods.

The neighbors heard and wondered; His declamation fits Soon settled the opinion That the man had lost his wits!

Then to a rural justice They straighway did repair, And got them out a warrant For the crazy fellow there.

The ordinary seized his pen,

And men with guns surrounded him And strongly tied him down; And with the rapple following They took him into town

And all the papers shaped; And sent him up to Milledgeville: "A lunatic escaped!

Pleasant Stovall, of The Savannah Press, has a glorified horse race in a splendid epic

Why He Was in It. "That fellow's runnin' fer office an'

can't read or write."
"I know it; but he's so good at figgers that he kin outcount creation an' make a majority out o' the measles!"

A whale has been discovered in the Al-cova river and the fishermen in that vi-cinity are having "a whalin' good time,"

To Coxey, in Jail. Let Mr. Coxey courage take: He now has time to think; Stone walls do not a prison make, Nor iron bars a"—drink!

The St. Paul Globe is an all-round newspaper and Colonel Wack is whacking away in its columns.

Make a Note Here. You may go through life And avoid its strife; Your ship in a calm may float; But when e'er you land

Just stick to your overcoat! Though the spicy gales Gently blow your sails, And no storm in the sky you note; When you're landed sound Where it's Georgia ground,

Just stick to your overcoat! The exposition is winning editorial enent from the press of the entire country. The most influential newspapers are standing right up for it.

The Bright Side Times is gettin' brighter, Though the weather's cold; Sunshine's lookin' whiter-Moonlight's full o' gold!

No matter how they view it, Nor how they play the game, The country still climbs up the hill-We'll git there jest the same!

There is evidence of an increasing de mand for Dr. J. W. Price's volume-"Angel Visits." It is a book which has been highly commended by competent critics as renewed interest manifested in it is ment to its author. The book shows a high order of thought and a fine app of the beautiful. The doctor many friends in Atlanta.

Not in the Race. Let 'em fix their slates fer votin'-I'm jest ten miles out the race; While they're runnin' I'm a courtin'ackin' of a purty face!

Let 'em keep on with the fightin'-Goin' like it was fer life! I'm out fer a patch o' melons Votin' fer a Barlow knife!

A Georgia man who lives in the country retired the other night not having any light in the room. During the night the pillow seemed to be slipping from under his head. He made a grab for it an covered a huge snake, on whose body he had been calmly dreaming. The gentleman, it is said, lives in a temperance district where there is not even the faintest sus picion of blind tigers.

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

A horrible death overtook a little girl in Washington county, Kentucky. The girl was the twelve-year-old daughter of John Brand, a tobacco raiser. In the afternoon, soon after dinner, the girl was sent by her father to the residence of Joel Chamlin to get some quinine. When Mr. and Mrs. Chamlin, who had been spending the day at an entertainment, returned home, the firs thing that attracted their attention was the dead body of a calf that was allowed to run in the front yard. Its throat was cut and mangled, and other parts of the body lacerated as if torn by a dog. Mr. Chamlin hastened around the house where he had left the dog chained, and, to his great horror, there lay the dead body of John Brand's daughter. Her throat was torn open and her clothing stained with her life blood, evidently the act of the ferocious dog. The dog has been in the garden, chained to the gate. He had leaped over the gate, and there he stood, ferocious as a demon, snapping his bloody jaws and making an attempt to get at his master. Getting a pistol, Mr. Chamlin fired six balls into the vicious animal, and he had to get into the vicious animal, and he had to get a shotgun before he could kill him.

A remarkable story comes from Lebano A little negro boy, while climbing or a wagon, fell, and the wheel passed over his head. The wagon was loaded with stone, and would have crushed anything except a negro's head, which, however, prove too much for it, the boy proving to be not seriously injured, though it was at first thought he was killed.

A Texas man dreamed that he found a box of silver buried at the base of a certain tree. The dream bothered him, and in order to relieve his mind he procured a spade, sought the tree he had seen in the vision, and went to digging. At a depth of four feet he was surprised to discover what appeared to be a number of human bones, and several old silver coins lying near them. He has since embarked in the dream business for good.

THE LATE GENERAL COOK.

Macon Telegraph: In the civil, as well as in the military, offices which he held Gen-eral Cook always rose to the full measure of his duty. In all of them he was emi-nently useful. But in the thousands of people who knew him personally the em tion caused by his death is not regret that a useful career has ended so much as grief that one of the best and most lovable men they ever knew has passed out from among

American Times-Recorder: General Cook is loved and honored by this entire section. Americus was his home for many years and no man deserved more the honors on him than did gallant Phil Cook.
Whether as a soldier, congressman or private citizen General Cook was true to all trusts. He died in the harness, serving his state and county—a brave, honest man.
Georgia honored him, the people loved him.

Augusta Chronicle: Wherever he was known General Cook will be mourned. He made a record in peace and in war which is unimpeachable. May the turf rest lightly upon the honored dead. His nature was cordial and sincere.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: The death of the secretary of state, General Phil Cook, takes away another of the few remaining

confederate brigadiers, and one of the bravest of them all. He was a noble Georgian, true to his friends and to his state. and all Georgians will mourn his dear

Augusta Herald: General Cook served his Lithonia New Era: He was a noble patriot and a true gentleman.

ETCHED AND SKETCHED.

It was a lively day at all of the hotels for a number of prominent railroad m and politicians were here on varie missions, and the Aragon, the Kimball and the Markham lobbies presented busy scenes. The meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association brought all of the prominent railroaders and the politicians came simply on business, of course, as they always do. A good deal of interest was manifested by all of them in th tion of the successorship to General Phil Cook as secretary of state. The young men seem to be pretty well divided between Hon. Bill Christian and Judge Sam Harris, with a majority in favor of Colonel Clifton. Not many of them knew that Judge Harris's name had been presented to the governor, however, and if they had it is probable that each would have had a nur ber of strong supporters, for both are popular. The suggestion of Hon. D. Sanford, of Milledgeville, met with mu commendation among the people at hotels. And Judge Richard Clark, too. frequently spoken of. Probably no man in Georgia has more friends in Atlanta and out of it than Judge Clark, and they are friends who would like to see him honored in any way. The other gentlemen found general favor in the eyes of those who discussed the question, and, in fact, it is safe to say that any one whom the gov-ernor may name will give universal satisfaction.

The railroad men seem particularly interested in the exposition and in the govern-or's suggestion of his plan for increasing immigration to Georgia. They are almost with one accord hearty in their endorsement of the general plan suggested by him, believing that not only was it the most practical that has yet been suggested, but the cheapest. As one of them put it yester-day: "This is a matter in which the rail-roads are more deeply interested than anybody else and yet in the past have done next to nothing to aid themselves and the south in this important respect. I believe that if the governor succeeds in carrying through the plans which submitted to it he will do a very gr thing for the entire south, for it a very great awaken interest in other states. It is un questionably a fact that the people who are now going west will come south if the inducements are given them. I mean, of course, the desirable immigra for we don't care about any others. Here-tofore there has been no effort to head them this way. If they but knew the advantages which the south offers nine-tenths of th kind we want would come down he immense benefit which that would be to the railroads has not been realized hereto fore, but I believe that they do realize it now and will do their share."

Colonel Thomas H. Carter, of the arbitration board, who formerly lived here, but now makes Washington his home, talked very encouragingly about the exp outlook. "I have heard a number of ple at Washington talk about the exposi-tion," said he, "and all of the talk has been favorable. I think there is no doubt that you can count absolutely on all of the representatives from the southern states to do everything in their power to secure government exhibit and money to make it a great big feature of the exposition. If you get that the success of your enterprise upon the broad lines on which its promoters are figuring on will be assured. That will of itself be enough to draw people from all over the south, for it is really an exposition to itself. But, in addition that, you will of course have much which the rest of the world will want to see. I understand that George Vanderbilt is going to forestry display which he says anything which has ever been shown in that line in the world. If he makes this kind of a display, which I know he is able to do—and will do with his heart in the enterprise—it will be worth coming from all parts of the world to see. One feature which will attract very general attention south and north will be the exhibit of the work of the negroes. Any of those features will be worth seeing and studying and I am sure any one would draw a great many people. All of them put together with people. All of them put together, other displays which we will naturally have will, I believe, result in bringing great numbers of people from all parts of the

Colonel George W. Truitt, of LaGrange, he great cotton man, says: "Evans and the great cotton man, says: Atkinson have been the talk in my county for the last month, and there has been much discussion as to what congress would do for the dear people, but just now the cold wave and its results is interesting us a great deal more than politics. You will have to hunt up an older man than I am to find one who ever saw cotton in such a condition at this time. I don't think we can save half a stand, and I am satis-fied that all the leaves will shed off" Colonel Truitt sends to The Constitution couple of stalks planted the 10th of April, which shows that a great deal of damage has been done. He says that later planted ne. He says that later planted cotton suffers more.

Hon. R. A. Connell, the hustler and prominent citizen of Whigham, says: "You can count upon Decatur county sending an interesting exhibit to the Cotton States and International expos We will have phosphates, marl, tion. We will have phosphates, mark, kaolin, a number of varieties of valuable limestone rock, cement, a variety of hard woods and pine timbers, in addition to a great variety of crops. The tobacco exhibit from our county will be decidedly interesting. We will make a full display of the resources of Decatur county, mineral and agricultural, and believe we will have no difficulty in showing ours to be the banner county of the south."

PARTICULAR ABOUT SEED.

A Dakotan Writes a Peculiar Letter to His Congressman. From The Washington Post.

Rather a funny letter was read in the house yesterday by Representative Pickler, of South Dakota, while the agricultural bill was under consideration. Mr. Pickler has a constituent named James Wells, living Britton, S. D. and Mr. Wells, or rather Mr. Wells's wife, wants some garden seeds. So he made his appeal in the following

"I would like some seventy-day corn, and if the new administration has any new silver seed that will produce standard sliver dollars, or even Mexican dollars, in about sixty days, I would like some of that. Our land is well adapted to the raising of

sixty days, I would like some of that. Our land is well adapted to the raising of silver. We would like something that would yield 1,000 bushels to the acre and sell for a dollar a bushel. We have not farmed much, but are looking for anything new or profitable.

"Some of our friends say German carp is a good crop. We will put in a few acres of carp for a starter if we can get the seed. Some of our kind friends recommend ostriches, but they grow so few in a hill that we will not venture to try them.

"There's a small lake near our farm, and my wife is anxious to raise some gondolas. They are an Italian bird, I believe. The climate here is severe, but she thinks she could raise them by keeping them near a hard coal burner in the winter season. If Mr. Morton could be prevailed upon to send us a pair of young ones we would esteem it a great favor. We could use some canvas-back duck seed to good advantage." We want to try some hard coal seed this year, as we have paid 310 a ton for coal about as long as we care to. One of my young sons has a desire to raise a pair of elephants to break our land with. Do you think Mr. Morton would be willing to send us a couple of elephant ergs to try the esperiment? Some of our advanced thinkers advise me to raise a crop of plug tobacco. In selecting seed I wish you would send Spear Head. Climax or Stime The climate is too dry for fine cut. It whe department has anything new in jods palbits I would like a few vines that would bear the second year."

POL THE A Special Meet

Briber

CHAIRMAN ENGI

He Tells All At the Detective dence

The city detect inning in the game plaved between to tinhorns since the charges of bribes weeks ago. and the manner could not have an innovation

ords.
The board met
pose of the cha
man English ex
sion had been ca
retary Branan
Chief of Detecti
"I desire to s "I desire to sports circulated blers had been partment to ke for gaming, that tion, so far as It is the first tij has ever been si acter. I did ev grand jury in. acter. I did ev grand jury in have served in quite a number supernumerary, tion housekeepe ives and assista acted as chief the absence of teven and a hayears, and hav to my work all the time of my under a board strict discipline, an order given never been susp for neglect of effort to make tin patrol and never falled to lated the rules it came to my a man living to when duty your honorable and kind treat obligations to for the confider me during the ble report. I ble report. I without fear, thereof; so he fully,

The entire

present. Cha

statement regardant report in the city blers were rai They said it tion and not above board department, must confess there was so lieving that thority to co ter to the g its importan I went befo stated everyt gather. Th gather. The was exhaust know, but I to dicated.
"It gives n
here my full
force. I do
that there is
ica. It has
conduct of it
smoothly. I smoothly. I ly. Whatevement are, I one man in it mon sense as Discovery is question of tithere are connected. there are conn honorable men honorably on whom not the been cast.

"As to the "As to upon reflection that they are names

these charges
"If you hav
vidual rectitud
What is said of
those who sig
charges by incr
world how ba
and prosecutin
gambiers. Dr
you will have
charge. I wa
board behind y
the good peopl
Commissioner
line. He saif
force to be con
ers, and he b
bribery charges ers, and he b bribery charges from the boar He said he wa He said he wa was in the wor to advance the at every step. under such cha do their work and he thoug some expressio ated his belief bers of the der Commissiones Commissioner acter of the mot such as to not consider the Commissioner of the commissi of the fact thad been place had been place jury, no officia the board unt heard from the do nothing mo confidence in officers continu

IMP The Weathe ures

The service regard to its and hereafter Bulletin will charts instea The addition fully the act emperature l

temperature currence for Will Cause

in addition to

Carroll county liminary hear upon the cha letter through Daniel, accor some misunde and sought whim a letter for

of certain et poned action case will be WILL IS

By a Unanis cides For some tim have been look bestaken in reg bends. From been in doubt mous vote it Worth of school
The taxable p

at a low rate has no other it ans expe

ce to him! was a noble

TCHED.

railroad mer he Kimball and ted busy scenes, in Railway and ght all of the the politicians of course, as m in the ques-General Phil he young men vided between ge Sam Harris, Colonel Clifton. lat Judge Harthey had it is ve had a num both are very Hon. D. B. people at the Clark, too, was bly no man in Atlanta and out and they are ee him honored intlemen found of those who in fact, it is whom the gov-

rticularly inter-in the govern-for increasing hey are almost eir endorsement ed by him, bes it the most suggested, but iterested than ortant respect. ernor succeeds lans which he a very great h, for it will ates. It is unpeople who are south if the given them. I e immigrants, others. Hereto head them the advantages -tenths of the wn here. The would be to ey do realize

universal satis-

lived here, but s home, talked the exposition number of peoout the exposi-f the talk has re is no doubt itely on all of southern states ver to secure a the necessary get that the upon the broad are figuring on ll of itself be m all over the exposition in it, you will of the rest of the inderstand that to make a ays will excel he makes this now he is able s heart in the coming from e. One feature neral attention the exhibit of be worth and I am a great many together, with naturally have

of LaGrange, : "Evans and in my county here has beer politics. You lder man than saw cotton in I don't think 10th of April,

Decatur counwhibit to the

T SEED. uliar Letter to

Vells, or rather e garden seeds.

v-day corn, and e of that. Our t farmed much,

in a few acres in get the seed. recommend osfew in a hill try them.

THE POLICE BOARD.

A Special Meeting to Act on the Bribery Charges.

CHAIRMAN ENGLISH'S SOUND TALK

He Tells All About the Charges Against the Detectives, and Expresses Confidence in the Officers.

The city detectives yesterday had their inning in the game of veracity that has been played between them and a number of local tinhorns since the latter made sensational charges of bribery against the officers six

These rumors received the attention of the police board for the first time yesterday, and the manner in which they were handled could not have been otherwise than gratifying to the officers. A meeting like that held by the board during the afternoon was an innovation in police commission rec-

The board met in special session to dis-pose of the charges once for all. Chair-man English explained why the commission had been called together, and then Sec-retary Branan read this statement from Chief of Detectives Wright:

retary Branan read this statement from Chief of Detectives Wright:

"I desire to say in reference to the reports circulated through the city that gamblers had been paying the detective department to keep from being prosecuted for gaming, that it was without any foundation, so far as I have been able to learn. It is the first time in my life dat anything has ever been said detrimental to my character. I did everything I could to aid the grand jury in arriving at the truth. I have served in the police department for quite a number of years, in every capacity, supernumerary, patroiman, sergeant, station housekeeper, captain, chief of detectives and assistant chief of police, and have acted as chief quite a number of times in the absence of the chief. I have lost only seven and a half days in seven and a half years, and have devoted my entire time to my work almost day and night in all the time of my service. I have served under a board of business men, men of strict discipline, and have never disobeyed an order given me by a kuperior. I have never been suspended, or even reprimanded, for neglect of duty. I have used every effort to make the force more efficient, both in patrol and detective service, and have never failed to report any man who violated the rules governing the force when it came to my knowledge. There is not a man living that I am under obligations to when duty calls. I feel very kind to your honorable body for your confidence and kind treatment, and also feel under obligations to the good people of the city for the confidence they have expressed in me during the investigation of this damnable report. I have tried to do my duty without fear, favor or reward, or the hope thereof; so help me God. Yours, respectfully,

The entire detective department was present. Chairman English made a further

The entire detective department was present. Chairman English made a further statement regarding the charges.

"These reports," said he, "became current in the city soon after a number of gamblers were raided and pulled by the officers. They said it was tough to pay for protec tion and not get it. They were open and above board in specifying members of the department, circumstances and times. The charges were so pointedly made that I was forced to give them some weight, and I must confess that for a time I believed there was something back of them. Believing that we did not have sufficient authority to compel the attendance of witnesses before the board, I referred the matter to the grand jury for the action that its importance demanded it should have. I went before the grand jury twice and stated everything that I had been able to gather. The grand jury's investigation was exhaustive. The result of it I do not know, but I think that the officers were vin-

"It gives me great pleasure to express here my full confidence in the detective force. I do not believe, taken as a whole, that there is a more efficient force in Amer-ica. It has its faults, but in the general ica. It has its faults, but in the general conduct of its business it moves along smoothly. I want to speak my mind plainly. Whatever the faults of the department are, I do not believe that there is one man in it so void of principle and common sense as to sell himself to any man. Discovery is inevitable—exposure merely a question of time. I am proud to say that there are connected with the detective force honorable men, who have served long and honorably on the detective force and against whom not the shadow of suspicion has ever been cast.

"As to the charges, I want to say that, As to the charges, I want to say used upon reflection, I have become convinced that they are unworthy of belief. To those whose names have been connected with these charges I want to say this:

"If you have the consciousness of individual vactified are are and do your duty."

whose names have been connected with these charges; i want to say this:

"If you have the consciousness of individual rectitude, go on and do your duty. What is said of you will in time recoil upon those who slander you. Answer such charges by increased vigilance, and show the world how baseless they are, by arresting and prosecuting to the fullest extent these gamblers. Drive them from the city, and you will have answered every damaging charge. I want to say that you have the board behind you, and behind the board are the good people of Atlanta."

Commissioner Johnson spoke on the same line. He said he believed the detective force to be composed of hard, honest workers, and he believed that in view of the bribery charges, an expression of confidence from the board was due the department. He said he was new in the board, but he was in the work heart and soul and wanted to advance the interest of the department at every step. He believed that, resting under such charges, the detectives could not do their work with their usual efficiency, and he thought the board should make some expression in the matter. He reiterated his belief in the honesty of the members of the department.

Commissioner Branan said that the character of the men making the charges was not such as to give them weight. He did not consider them worthy of belief.

Commissioner Spalding said that in view of the fact that the entire investigation had been placed in the hands of the grand jury, no official action could be taken by the board until sometaing definite was heard from the grand jury. The board could do nothing more than individually express confidence in the detectives, and let the officers continue at their duties, all serene.

IMPROVED REPORTS.

The Weather Service Adds New Features to Its Bulletins.

The service of the weather department in regard to its reports has been improved and hereafter The National Weather Crop Bulletin will contain four meteorological charts instead of two, as has been th

The additional charts will exhibit respectfully the actual rainfall and maximum temperature lines. There will also be given in addition to the usual tables, one showing temperature extremes, with dates of occe for the different stations.

AN OBSCENE LETTER

Will Cause a Carroll County Citizen Some Trouble.

Vadoc McDaniel was brought in from Carroll county yesterday and given a pre-liminary hearing before Judge Broyles upon the charge of sending an obscene letter through the United States mail. Mc-Daniel, according to the evidence, had some misunderstanding with a neighbor and sought vengeance by addressing to him a letter full of profanity and rife with obscene allusions. Because of the absence of certain evidence Judge Broyles postponed action until next Friday, when the case will be concluded.

WILL ISSUE SCHOOL BONDS.

By a Unanimous Vote East Point Decides on \$7,000 Worth

For some time the citizens of East Point have been looking forward to the vote to be taken in regard to the issuance of school chds. From the first the issue has never been in doubt and yesterday by a unani-mous vote it was decided to issue \$7,000 worth of school bonds.

worth of school bonds.

The taxable property of the town is \$375,000 and the bonds should meet a ready sale
at a low rate of interest, since the town
has no other indebtedness. With the Baptists building a new church and the Episcopalians expecting to build one, with new
residences just completed and many in pro-

gress of erection, East Point does not seem to be suffering from the general complaint of hard times.

the Remans of Mr. W. J. VanDyke Will Be Laid to Rest This Morning.

In beatiful Westview cemetery, on one of the central hills of that quiet city of the dead, all that is mortal of Mr. W. J. Van Dyke will be committed to the keeping of the sod.

The funeral of this lamented citizen, whose the funeral of this lamented chisen, whose life in the community has been that of an upright, conscientious and faithful servant of the city's welfare, will occur from his late residence in West and this morning at 10:30 o'clock. The following gentlemen will act as pall-

bearers: Messrs. A. Murphy, C. C. Mc-Gehee, George L. Wood, G. R. DeSaussure, M. T. LaHatte, F. A. Quillain, J. P. Stevens, E. B. Rosser, F. R. Burke and E. S. Pratt.

In the death of Mr. Van Dyke the banking interests of this city have lost a valua-ble representative. As a financier he had equals and no superior. He was reg-and systematic in all his appointments and believed strongly in method. Honest, diligent and painstaking, he succeeded in amassing a handsome fortune and at the time of his death was considered one of the most substantial men in the community.

His death, like that of General Phil Cook, was the immediate result of the Cook, was the immediate result of the cold weather, for which his system was not prepared. For his years he appeared to be a vigorous man, although the external indications were deceptive. He frequently complained of his kidneys and this was no doubt the ultimate cause which exposed him to the fatal change in the condition

of the weather.

Many expressions of sincere regret were heard along the streets yesterday, which indicated the high esteem in which he was held by his fellow citizens, who knew and appreciated his integrity.

FUNERAL OF "UNCLE" DAN JOHNSON It Will Occur from His Home in De-

Kalb County This Afternoon. The funeral of Uncle Dan Johnson, whose death occurred near the Fulton county line last Monday evening, will be held at the family residence this afternoon at 4

Mr. Johnson had reached the advanced age of ninety-four years and had resided on the same place for more than seventy years. He was born in Elbert county on the 20th of November, 1800. He was at one time sheriff of DeKalb county and served in the legislature from 1838 to 1843. He was highly respected throughout the commu-

Mr. Johnson leaves a large family of children, grand children and great-grand-children. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church.

FUNERAL OF MR. ALEXANDER. It Will Take Place from the Family

Residence This Afternoon. This afternoon at half past 3 o'clock the funeral of the late Henry S. Alexander will

take place from his late residence, 114 Walkake place from his late residence, in wakeer street.

Mr. Alexander died at Tallulah at the home of his brother-in-law, Senator Tom Robinson. The body was brought to the city on last night's train, accompanied by a number of relatives. Funeral services will be held at the house, after which the interment will occur at Oakland.

Mr. Alexander was one of Atlanta's most

Mr. Alexander was one of Atlanta's most prominent citizens and one of the largest property owners of the city. He leaves a wife and three children, besides a wide circle of relatives and friends, to mourn his

death. A DAY'S POLICE NEWS.

Chief Connolly Sends a Detective to Hawkinsville-Other Items.

A telegram to Chief Connolly from Haw-kinsville, received at police headquarters yesterday, asked that a detective be sent to that place to trace the murderer of Mr. F. L. Caruthers.

Six hundred dollars is the incentive offer-

ed to the detective or to any one else to catch the fagitive murderer. Chief Connolly commissioned Detective Crim to go to Hawkinsville and take charge of the case.

Mr. Caruthers was murdered Sunday night by a negro named Frank Caruthers, who formerly belonged to the family. Mr Caruthers was a prominent citizen of Haw-kinsville, and stood high. He had words with the negro Caruthers about a matter in which he had befriended the latter, and the negro stabbed him. The wound was in the breast and Mr. Caruthers died a few

hours later.

The killing was witnessed by at least a half dozen persons, but they were so dum-

half dozen persons, but they were so dumfounded by the work that they did not regain their presence of mind until after the murderer had got out of the way. The peone were perfectly wild when they realized what had happened, and for hours scoured the country around.

A reward of \$200 was at once offered by the county and this has been raised to \$600. Detective Crim, who takes charge of the case, is one of the best men in the work. He has recently established the Piedmont Commercial Detective Agency, with offices in the old capitol building. He is widely known by reason of his long connection with the police department.

A Youthful Burglar.

A Youthful Burglar.

A Youthful Burglar.

Howard Connor is a copper-colored negro, twelve years old. He is rather insignificant as to size and appearance, but seems to be an active young thief. He is now behind the bars charged with robbing Beck & Gregg's hardware store on Pryor street.

In his possession a lot of silver knives and forks and pocket knives were found. In explanation of how they came into his custody he told the highly plausible story that he had found them under a rock in the chimney corner. He was arrested by Patrolmen Mehaffey and Blackstone and will be prosecuted for burglary.

Tore Up the Wires.

Tore Up the Wires.

A keg of beer had a strange effect upon the Chattahoochee river electric line. Three well-dressed and nice-looking men named Hannay, Dodds and Jordan had a day off and they enjoyed a quiet picnic at the riverside. One of the features of the day's pleasure was a keg of beer. Towards night the keg was empty and the convivial young men amused themselves by tearing up the wires running between the rails of the electric line. Just as they were having the most fun out of their novel pastime an officer of the electric line happened along and arrested the three young men. They were brought to the city and locked up at police headquarters. Warrants charging them with malicious mischief were sworn out and they gave bonds in the sum of \$100 each.

He's at Catoosa Springs.

He's at Catoosa Springs. Captain W. P. Manly, of the day watch, who has been off duty for a month past on account of illness, is at Catoosa Springs for his health. A letter from him yesterday states that he is no better. Cantain Manly is one of the most popular officers connected with the Atlanta police department, and his many friends in Atlanta wish him a speedy recovery.

AT WALKER STREET CHURCH. An Interesting Revival Meeting Is Now in Progress.

A revival meeting of unusual interest is now in progress at the Walker street Methodist church and several converts have been made during the last few days.

The meetings were inaugurated about two weeks ago and are uhder the direction of the pastor, Rev. J. H. Eakes. Every night the services are largely attended. The music has been unusually good and the singing has been a special feature of each meeting.

The services are held every morning at 9:30 o'clock and every evening at 7:45 o'clock. The meeting will continue as long as any interest is manifested. Methodist church and several converts have

WILL MAKE APPLICATION.

tharge of the Bonded Warehouse.

It now looks very much like Mr. Joe Gatins will take charge of the bonded warehouse. After several consultations with Surveyor Stocker he has decided to file his application, and this will be sent on at once for the approval of the secretary of the treasury. The warehouse which Mr. Gatins proposes to use for that purpose is on Hunter street and affords ample accommodation for the storage of imports. The space reserved for the merchandise is required by the government to be entirely fireproof. For this purpose a room incased in iron sheeting will be built. Charge of the Bonded Warehouse.

BURIAL OF GEN. COOK

After a Long Life of Public Service the Warrior Is Asleep.

HE RESTS IN ROSE HILL CEMETERY

The Body Taken to Macon for Interment. Details of the Burial Ceremonies in the Central City:

General Phil Cook, late secretary of state The old warrior was laid to rest by loving hands yesterday and there beneath the magnolia trees that shade the rising hills and sunny slopes of Rose Hill cemetery, he rests beside his loving wife, who went to her reward more than twenty years ago. The body was escorted to the union pas-senger depot from the residence of Mr. W. L. Peel in this city yesterday morning in time for the Central railroad train that leaves Atlanta at 7:30 o'clock. The pall-bearers met at the residence of Mr. Peel at half-past 6 o'clock and, placing the cas-ket in the hearse, followed the mortal re-mains of their old friend to the train and to Macon, where the burial took place later in the day.

Besides the pallbearers there were many

old friends of the distinguished dead there to do honor to his memory.
Old soldiers who followed him through
the trials of war were there to see the last

of their beloved comrade on earth. The pallbearers who tenderly conveyed he body from the Peel residence to the trein and escorted it to Macon were Cap tain E. P. Howell, Dr. R. D. Spalding, Mr. George Traylor, Mr. H. H. Cabaniss, Captain H. Y. Snow, Mr. E. P. Black, Mr. E. C. Spalding and Captain T. L. Lang

The train left Atlanta promptly at 7:30 o'clock and arrived in Macon a few hours The following dispatch tells of the burial

Laid to Rest in Macon. Macon, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—The remains of General Phil Cook arrived in Macon this morning at 11 o'clock via the Central road and were met at the depot by a large concourse of people, among whom were relatives, many life-long friends and general acquaintances. Among the multi-tude were members of the Confederate Vettude were members of the Confederate Vet-erans' Association of Bibb county under Vice Commander R. A. Nisbet, in the ab-sence of Commander C. M. Wiley, who is post commandant, at Camp Northen. The Macon bar was also present in a body, also

the mayor and ccuncil of the city of Macon. The remains were taken in charge at the depot by the following pallbearers: James H. Bolunt, A. L. Miller, Ben C. Smith, John L. Hardeman, Howard Tinsley, T. L. Massenburg, William R. Rogers, James T. Callaway. A long procession fol-lowed the body to Mulberry Street Methodist church, where a large congregation of mourners was in waiting. The casket was placed on the same spot before the altar where only a few weeks ago rested the bier of Senator Colquitt. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Alonzo Monk, the pastor of the church. He was assisted by Rev. S. S. Sweet, the secretary of the Confederate Veterans' Association of Bibb county. Dr. Monk delivered a very elo-

quent and exceedingly appropriate oration on the life, character and public services of the deceased. The address made a profound impression upon the audience. Rev. Mr. Sweet offered a very feeling and touch-ing prayer. The choir sang exquisitely the hymns "Safe In the Arms of Jesus," and "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." The solo. "Home of the Soul," was beautifully rendered by Miss Bibbins. After the services at the church a long procession followed the remains to Rose Hill cemetery, where they were laid to final earthly rest beside the grave of the general's beloved wife. who died in 1859, and on the same lot where

his mother and father are buried.

Among those who accompanied the body from Atlanta were Judges Simmons and Lumpkin, of the supreme court; Comptroll-er General Wright, Adjutant General Kell, State Librarian Milledge, Tip Harrison, Captain E. P. Howell and others.

GENERAL COOK'S SUCCESSOR. There Will Be Several Names Men-

tioned to the Governor. There will be considerable interest during the next few days over the appointment of General Phil Cook's successor as sec-

retary of state. The governor, of course, will not make the appointment with any undue haste. He was seen yesterday and asked about the names that are being presented to him, but would say nothing. It is a matter, he said, that he did not care to talk about at this time.

It is known that there are several names already being urged for the appointment. The friends of Judge Sanford, of Milledgeville, are at work and will make a strong

pull in his behalf for the place.
Hon. William Clifton, the well-known legislator from Chatham, is an applicant for the appointment and his friends will make a strong appeal for him.

Judge Richard H. Clark, of this city, is

being mentioned to the governor by many of his friends, though it is not definitely known whether Judge Clark has announced his willingness to be urged for the office. Other names are spoken of and the interest in the race is growing every day, The appointment, it is thought, will not be made for several days.

A delegation of citizens of Milledgeville came up last night to advance the claim of Judge Sanford for the office. MR. CLIFTON COMING.

He Is Due Here This Morning with

His Application.

Savannah, Ga., May 22.—(Special.)—Mr.
William Clifton left for Atlanta tonight, where he will file his application for the appointment as secretary of state with Governor Northen tomorrow morning. Clifton was accompanied by Mr. J. F. B. Beckwith, collector of the port. Mr. Clifton says that the statement that he intended to oppose General Cook before the convention is erroneous. It grew out of the fact that some of his friends asked him some time ago why he didn't run for the office, and he said that he expected to do so some day, but that he would never oppose General Phil Cook for the office. Mr. Clifton has many friends in this section as well as other parts of the state, and his candidacy will strengthen the democratic party in this section. If appointed he will be a candidate before the convention next month

BOTH SIDES EXCEPT. Neither Defendant Nor Plaintiff Was

Entirely Saisfied.

Judge Lumpkin is now engaged in hearing the argument on the exceptions to Auditor Encyles's report in the suit of Major U. B. Wilkerson against Colonel B. J. Wilson. The hearing will hardly be concluded be-fore this afternoon. Colonel Wilson and Major Wilkerson were

in partnership in two towns, doing a large nn partnersnip in two towirs, doing a large business. When the two partners decided to dissolve, after the arrangements had been made, Major Wilkerson seemed to think that he had been left to crawl out at the small end of the horn. The suit for re-covery followed and Auditor Broyles award-ed to Major Wilkerson a large sum. Coloed to Major Wilkerson a large sum. Colo nel Wilson took exceptions to the report and so did Major Wilkerson. It is the excep-tions that are under argument.

The Georgians and Their Proposed Exposition.

From The New Orleans Picayune.
Yesterday, for a few hours, the city was honored by the presence of a number of Georgia journalists, with their ladies and chi'dren. They represent the Georgia State Press Association, and were returning homoward from an excursion to Mexico.

The notice of their coming was extremely brief: nevertheless, they were not left wholly without some expressions of hearty hospitality on the part of the people of New Orleans. The visitors were met by a deputation from the newspaper press of the city, headed by Captain J. Pinckney Smitn, of The States, and were conducted to the Hotel Grunewald, where they enjoyed the free hospitality of Mr. Grunewald himself. free hospitality of Mr. Grunewald himself, being entertained at luncheon. Afterwards they accepted an invitation from the Commercial Club, in whose handsome rooms, under the care of President Bleakley and Secretary Gwynn, the visitors were refreshed with sparkling champagne, while cardial interchanges of friendship and good cordial interchanges of friendship and good feeling were had with impromptu speeches from the guests and their entertainers, all the ladies of the party and several from the city lending their charms to the occa-sion. Some opportunity for sight-seeing and shopping was given, and the party took their way homeward by an early evening

These Georgia journalists are of the best class, representing both the city and country press of their great state. They mintry press of their great state. They mingled business with uleasure, by urging upon public attention the proposed Cotton States and International exposition, which is to be held at Atlanta next year. The Atlanta people are extremely energetic and enterprising, and they have planned their exposition on a scale of no little magnitude and magnificence. They found hearty encouragement among our people, who will, without doubt, not neglect so important an opportunity to advertise the rich resources and the large material wealth and progress of Louisiana, and of this metropolis of the south and the world's greatest cotton mart.

mart.

The people of New Orleans wish all manner of good to Atlanta and the Georgia press, and will doubtless heartily second the enterprise they are engaged in booming. NEWPORT NEWS ENDORSES US.

Resolutions of the Business Men's As sociation on the Exposition. Newport News, Va., May 22.—(Special.)—
A special meeting of the Newport News
Business Men's Association was called this
afternoon to hear Colonel I. W. Avery

afternoon to hear Colonel I. W. Avery on the Atlanta exposition, and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, The entire United States is interested in enlarging our foreign trade, multiplying our customs ports and strengthening those aiready established, and, "Whereas, the Cotton States and International exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in the fall of 1895, to run four months, has for its chief aim the expansion of our commerce, with the South American countries in closer touch with us than more distant lands that get the most of their business, be it

closer touch with us than more distant lands that get the most of their business, be it "Resolved, That the Business Men's Association of Newsport News, Va., as the leading seaport \(\eta \) this state, with large possibilities of foreign trade rapidly building up under her remarkable advantages of harbor and rail connections with great tributaries are as near and distant, endorse fully said exposition both as a benefit to her and a public good.

"Resolved, That Virginia in its central Atlantic convenience for foreign trade, affluent productions and industries of tobacco, flour, iron, cotton and other commercial staples, should make a proper exhibit to share in the results of this enterprise. "Resolved, That we respectfully urge our senators and representatives at Washington to unite in supporting the measure to give the stamp of the government to the exposition by a national exhibit and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each, "W. A. POST, President."

"J. K. M. NEWTON, Secretary"

A STRANGE PROFESSION.

A Man Whose Business Is to Get Arrested and Go to Jail.

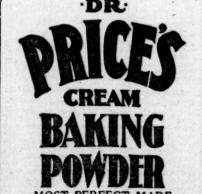
From The Cleveland Plain Dealer.
In a hotel in a small town in-a northwestern county of Ohio today is boarding a man ern county of Ohio today is boarding a man who has a strange profession. He will not remain for more than a few days. He will be arrested; a splendid burglar's kit will be found in his possession, and he will be hurried off and placed in the county jail. The little town will go wild over the capture of a notorious and desperate burglar; the newspapers at the county seat will tell the story under three-sheet poster type, and everybody will believe a bloodthirsty night marauder has been caught by jay detectives after all the city sleuths have failed. But after all the city sleuths have failed. But that will be a mistake, though many will go on down to their graves believing a desperado with all sorts of crime on his list was captured before their eyes.

This desperate man of midnight crimes in the little hotel and town is there to be arrested. That's his business. He makes a living for himself and wife and daughter by being arrested. It is his profession, perhaps, the strangest one of thousands by which men make dollars honestly. He will be greatly surprised and indignant when the local officer arrests him on a warrant sworn out by a visiting detective, will make some show of resistance, ask for an extra good guard for protection and go off to jail with a meekness that is most commendable. The sheriff, prosecuting attorney and detective alone know the true story, and in the county jail he will be treated like any felon. In this particular case, which cannot now be made public, he is to worm his way into the confidence of a man under arrest for a starting crime, and, if possible, secure from him admissions that will convict the suspect, whose trial, soon to begin, will attract the attention of northwestern Ohio. But there is no objection of will convict the suspect, whose trial, soon to begin, will attract the attention of northwestern Ohio. But there is no objection of giving the name and some of the incidents in the life of this man with the strange trade. He is Thomas South in private life, and makes his living by hiring out to be arrested. He is known to every private detective and detective agency of any prominence in the central, west and south, and has been in jails all over that section, charged with all sorts of crime. South resides in southeastren Indiana. He is at present in delicate health, and is doing one of his last, perhaps very last, bits of work. Exposure, conlinement in foul prisons and the excitement of his life have resulted in severe pulmonary disease, and he has reached a point where he feels he must retire. He began his singular business in Louisville, Ky., just at the close of the war, in the secret service, and for the purpose of justice became a member of some of the worst bands of cut-throat thieves, which at that time terrorized that city and vicinity. He would become acquainted with the plots and plans and divulge them to the authorities. Disliking this calling he perceived the idea of becoming a prison confessor, and, explaining his ideas to a number of detectives was given orders to secure confessions. His fame widened and other detectives heard of and employed him, though for obvious reasons he was kept in the background as much as possible, and his methods made public as little as the case permitted.

In the years that have elapsed since he

permitted.

In the years that have elapsed since he adopted his peculiar vocation, South has been arrested in a dozen states, and in many counties in each state. Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair.



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Entertainment of Mississippi Society Entertainment of Mississippi Society.

Edgewood Avenue Theater, Friday Evening, May 25, 1894.—Reading and Music.

Among the participants will be Miss Josephine Knapp, late of McCaul and Pauline Hall opera companies; Miss O'Bryan, Mr. Sam Burbank, Mrs. Dudley Youngblood, Lucius P. Hills, Frank L. Stanton, Alexander Bealer, W. O. Barnwell and others, There will also be several artists on the plane and violin. Tickets now for sale at Beermann's. Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Yal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

UNDER THE BLOSSOMS National Decoration Day Will Soon

Be Observed. ORDER HAS BEEN ISSUED

Providing for the Observance of the Day, and an Interesting Programme Has Been Arranged.

Next Wednesday, in all parts of the country, the graves of the soldier boys who fell in defense of the union will be deco-The services to be held this year at the The services to be held this year at the national cemetery at Marietta, Ga., will be unusually interesting. As usual the flowers of the city will be tributary to that occasion and not a single grave, in all the multitude of heaving mounds, will be with

to the carrier mounts, will be with cut its fragrant canopy.

The exercises will be held under the direction of the O. M. Mitchel post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and a splenaid programme has been arranged.

How It Will Be Observed.

The following order which prescribes the

The following order, which prescribes the manner in which the day will be observed, has been issued by the commander from

the Mitchel post:
"Atlanta, Ga., May 20, 1894.—The memorial committee of the post makes the folowing announcements in regard to memo-

rial committee of the for regard to memorial services:

"1. The memorial sermon will be preached by Rev. William Roswell Cole at the Church of Our Father, (Unitarian), near corner Church and Forsyth streets, Sunday evening, May 27th, at 8 o'clock. Every comrade of the post and all other comrades in the city are expected to attend this service, wearing badge. Ladles of the Relief Society, Sons of Veterans and friends generally are invited to be present.

2. The regular Memorial Day services on May 30th will be held at the national cemetery at Marietta, Ga. A special train will leave union depot for Marietta on the morning of the 30th at 8:05 o'clock, following the regular train at that hour. This excursion train will leave Marietta on its return to

Hot-Weather Stuff

Negligee Shirts,

Light-Weight Underwear,

STRAW HATS.

You'll find no better lines than ours—in many respects none so good—and you'll find our prices as low as the qualities will allow.

A. O. M. GAY & SON. 24 WEITEHALL ST., COR, ALABAMA

Atlanta at 5:32 p. m. Those wishing to return before that time can do so by the regular train passing Marietta at 12:00 o'clock p. m.

"The fare for round trip will be 50 cents for adults and 35 cents for children. The Third Artillery band will furnish music for the occasion. Procession will be formed at the depot in Marietta, headed by band and followed by O. M. Mitchel post and other G. A. R. comrades. Sons of Veterans, Ladies' Relief Society and friends generally. Let every one march in line and enter cemetery with solemn tread.

"We suggest that, as far as practicable, the flowers for decorating graves be carried by comrades in line of march to cemetery.

"The exercises at cemetery will be as follows: Reading of orders; memorial exercises from service book; address by Rev. Daniel Merriman, D. D., of Worcester, Mass.; decoration of graves, and appropriate music furnished by the Third Artillery band.

"We ask comrades and friends for as lib-

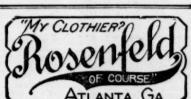
we ask comrades and friends for as liberal contributions of flowers as it is possible for them to make; and, in conclusion, urge a full attendance at these services, both at the church the Sunday evening before and at Marietta on Memcrial Day.

Very respectfully.

"LEWIS.

"LEWIS,
"HASKINS,
"CLEM,
"REIMANN,
"THIBADEAU,
"MALOY,
"Committee

"J. E. HARDING, The exercises at Marietta will be attended by a large representation from the city.



Those Sicilian Coats and Vests are here. An absolute guar-

antee that they don't change color or rip in seams. Extra long cut--any size. We'll as good or better

as any one. HENRY L. ROSENFELD.

for \$9.50

Always on Buyers' Side

Crowds of customers and sales will be today's history---and a great advertisement for us. The city is full of our friends. Bought Clothing isn't good enough for and isn't sold in this store. All our Suits our own manufacture---only house in the city depending entirely on its own work. Shops for qualities and styles. New, fresh, exclusive, bright effects, perfect fitting and absurdly low prices are the primal causes of our won-

Continuation of \$9.90 Sale.

Tailor grade Men's Suits .-- the most elegant Single and Double-Breasted Sack and Cutaway Suits we ever had in Checks, Plaids, Stripes and Melanges---choicest fabrics, marked to sell from \$10.00 to \$15; reduced for a few days to

Children's Suits! DURING THE DAYS IN which this sale will proceed we offer any Worsted, Cassimere or Cheviot Child's Suit in the house at 20 per cent under marked price. This is a generous discount, and wise parents will profit by the chance. No reservation of hold-backs; everything goes as

WASHINGTON, D. C. ATLANTA, GA., BALTIMORE, 15-17 WHITEHALL ST. PACTORY, 215 W. GERMAN . ONLY MANUPACTURERS OF CLOTHING IN THE SOUTH DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

No Branch House in the City.

GLOSING ONLY A FRACTION UNDER PAR

Crop Damage Rumors Did Not Frighten the Bears Nor Encourage the Bulls to a Great Extent - Wheat Erratic.

NEW YORK, May 22.—American Sugar proved to be the sensation at the stock exchange today, fully 93,000 shares having been traded in out of a total of 309,865 shares. The stock opened at 96½, advanced to 97%, fell to 95%, jumped to 100, receded to 97% and closed at 99%. Yesterday the stock sold as low as 92¼. The rise today was due to the formation of a new pool to twist the short interest, which has been rather confident of its ability to bring about furher liquidation. The rise was also due in part to reports from Washington that the sugar schedule will pass the senate as incorporated in the so-called Gorman bill. Chicago Gas was also decidedly active, nearly 58,000 shares changing hands. The stock ranged from 67% to 69¼, and closed at about the top of the day. Judge Windes's decision in the matter of the Molopey quo NEW YORK, May 22.-American Sugar decision in the matter of the Moloney quo warranto proceedings brought against he American Tobacco Company, was consider-ed indicative of the disposition of the Chigaco Gas matter when the question comes for settlement. American Tobacco rose 85 on the Windes decision just referred to General Electric was decidedly heavy, falling from 36% to 33½, and closing with the last figure. This stock was depressed the last figure. This stock was depressed on the alleged inability of tht directors to make good the impairment of the company's capital. Until this is accomplished dividends can not be paid. Lead was firm for a time, but later weakened and closed practically unchanged. Pullman Palace fell points to 158 and then recovered to 160 on the denial of the report of the serious illness of Géorge M. Pullman. The railway list was weak in the early trading in sympathy with London. Subsequently a recovillness of George M. Pullman. The railway list was weak in the early trading in sympathy with London. Subsequently a recovery ensued. The stocks of bankrupt roads then sold off rapidly, Union Pacific falling to 14%. Atchison, to 34; Northern Pacific, preferred, to 13%, and Reading, to 14%. When Sugar rose to par, however, the shorts rusned to cover and their purchases helped an advance. Houses usually operating for a leading bear had returned the bulk of the stocks which they have been borrowing for some time past, and this added to the discomiture of the small holders in shorts. Sugar receded 2 points near the close, and for a time there was a disposition to turn profits on the long side into cash. At the close, however, a firmer tone prevailed, except for General Electric, which was positively weak.

Net changes for the day show gains of 1403% per cent. General Electric lost 2½, Fullman Palace 2 and United States Ruber, preferred, 4, and National Starch, first preferred, rose 3 per cent to 50

The bond market was firmer.

Sages—Listed stocks, 207,000 shares; unlisted, 103,000.

Treasury balances—Coin, \$89,958,000; currency, \$55,079,000.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent; last loan at 1, closing offered at 1; prime mercan-

Treasury balances—Coll, \$65,505,000, Cul-rency, \$55,075,000.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent; last loan at 1, closing offered at 1; prime mercan-tile papers, 3½40 per cent.

Bar silver, \$2%5.

Sterling exchange firm with actual busi-ness in bankers bills at \$4.87½624.87% for sixty days and \$4.88% (@4.89 for demand; posted rates, \$4.88½04.90; commercial bills, 4.86½44.89.

Government bounds firm.

Government bonds firm. State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds Silver at the b			
The following are			
Cotton Oil	27	Missouri Pac	24 76
do. pre!	67 5	· Mobile & Ohio	18
Sugar Reducry	99 %	Nash. Chat. & St. L.	70
Jo. pref	9:4	Nrt. Cordage	214
Am. Tobacco	81	do, pre:	
do. pre	98 4	N. J. Central	103
Atch., T. & Santa Fe.	936	N. Y. Central	97
Baltimore & Onio	69	N. Y. & N. E	4
Canada Pac	6514	Nor oik & Western	20
Ches. & Ohio	17 %	Northern Pac	34
Chicago & Alton	139	do. prei	13 %
C., B. & Q	7078	Northwestern	10714
Chicago Gas	69 %	do. pre	140
Del. Lack. & W	105 2	Pacific Mail	14
Dis. & Cat. Feed	23	Reading	15%
East Tennessee		Rich. Terminat	
_ do. pre	11	Rock Island	66 3
Erie	13	St. Paul.	. 579n
do. pref	2054	do. pref	1:8
Ed. Gen. Electric	33 %	Silver Certificates	64
Ills. Contrai	90 12	T. C. I	16 %
Lake Erie & West	1434	do. pref	45
_ do. pro'	6654	Texas Pac.	7.94
Lake Shore	129 4	Union Pac	1436
Lous. & Nash	44%	Wahash, St. L. & P.	6:14
L'ville. N. A. & Chic.		do. pref	14 %
Manhattan Cousol	116%	Western Unioa	82
Memphis & Char	5	Wheeling & L. Erie.	9.4
Mich. Central Bonds-	95	do. prei	42
Alabama, Class A	100	Tenn, new set'm't 5s.	101
do. Class B	103	do. 3s	7936

Tenn new set'm'tts 102 *Ex-dividend. †Asked.

Fourth assessment paid. Closing Stock Review.

Closing Stock Review.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Foreign and Domestic News Co., by private wire to J. C. Knox, Manager: Under free realization to take profits on long Sugar, the general list was a shade lower in the final dealings. The elimination of the short interest in the Grangers and Gas had also a depressing effect and induced room traders to curtail their speculative holdings. The failure to report progress toward a settlement of the soft coal strike, the expectation of which had stimulated the market in the early morning hours, was also a disturbing factor. The reported resignation of the French ministry and less favorable advices from London, together with the prospect of heavy gold shipments on Thursday's steamer, estimated as high as \$3,000,000, were also responsible for the sharp reaction. Liquidation in General Electric was still in progress when the market closed. It is believed that a block of stock belonging to a director who has been crippled by the drop in rail-road securities has been forced on the market regardless of prices obtained. The selling of Normern Pacific preferred was by commission houses, and fears are entertained that its arrangements are not successful to avert a default in interest on the first mortgage bonds on the 1st of July; that foreclosure proceedings will immediately follow, and the preferred stockholders be deprived of valuable rights and privileges.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today.	Yesterd Clos'g
Delaware & Lack				15814	168%
Northwestern	1071/8	10734	107 %	10714	107
Tenn. Cos. & Iron				164	1614
Richmond Terminal	*******		*** *****	*8	7)6
New York & N. E	*** ***		*****	4	34
Lake Shore			129 %	1293	129%
Western Union			8136	.83-	81%
Missouri Pacific	25	25 16			24%
Union Pacific	1514	15 1	14%	14%	15 %
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co	22 5	2316	22 4	23	22%
Atchison	9 4	9%	91/4	936	934
Reading	15%	36	1436	15%	15%
Louisville and Nash	43%	44%	1334	4436	44 6
North. Pacific pref	14	1436	13%	13%	13%
8t. Paul,		581%	57	07%	8736
Rock Island		67	66%	66 %	66 %
Chicago Gas	67%	6914	6736	691/8	6736
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	76 %			76%	70%
Ame'n Sugar Refinery		100	96	993	96 4
And Continue of the continue	1334	1314	13	13	13
An 'n Cotton Oil	27	2716	27	27	2736
General Electric	36	36 %	3314	33 %	35%

Local Bond and Stock Quotation

98 98 112 307 106 118 114	Atlanta6s, L. D. 108 Atlanta6s, S. D. 113 Atlanta6s, L. D. 103 Atlanta 4 56	100 113 111 103
98 112 307 106 118 114	Atlanta 85, S. D. 1)1 Atlanta 85, L. D. 103 Atlanta 8 4 5 97 Augusta 76, L. D. 111 Macon 6a 101 Columbus 85 101 Rome graded 101 Water works 8 100	113
112 307 106 118 114	Atlanta 5s, L. D. 193 Atlanta 4 ss	113
112 307 106 118 114	Atlanta 4 s 9? Augusta 7s, L. D.111 Macon 6a 103 Columbus 6s 101 Romegraded 101 Water works 6s 100	113
107 106 118 114	Augusta 7s, La D, 111 Macon 6s	113
107 106 118 114	Macon 6s	111
106 118 114	Romegraded101 Waterworks 64. 100	
106 118 114	Romegraded101 Water works 64, 100	200
114	Waterworks 64. 100	
	Pama to	
107		
LROA	D BONDS	
101	IGa. Pac c't' fa 1012	101
106	Ga. Pacific. 2d. 42	43
109	A. P. & L. 1841 . 81	85
	Mari'ta & V. J.	18
	S. A. & M. 141. 44	41
	- BIOCK P	-
146	Aug. & Sav 75	71
	A. & W. P 80	8
12	do deben 85	
	101 106 109 146 60 12 21	101 Ge. Pac, c't' fs101 \(\) Ga. Pacific, 2d., 42 109 A.P. &L., 18s', 83 Mari'ta & N. J., 8 N.A. & M., 18th. 45 I.ROAD STOCK. 146 Aur. & Sav

areing G. Jones, Manager, prince today 2 days. Foreign and Domestic News Comprivate Wire to J. C. Knox, M

Stocks opened firm with a brisk inquiry to cover shorts in Sugar and Chicago Gas.

The Chicago Gas people are confident of being able to carry their point with regard to the withdrawal of the quo warranto proceedings. It is also understood that sentiment is now in favor of the Chicago Gas people, and that all applications for new franchises will be promptly shelyed.

Western Union and Distilling and Cattle Feeding were in sharpe request to cover shorts, and the Cammack brokers were also liberal buyers of Burlington and Quincy. The bears in General Electric tried to take in a part of their lines.

New York News Bureau—The heaviest buying orders in Burlington and Quincy were by Van Emberg and Alterburg.

The impression prevails that the leading bear operator is covering his shorts in the

Sugar advanced to par on the purchase of ,000 shares by Wormser.

Market closed nominal: middilar 6% :

Thefollowing is our statem at of the receipts, ship-

	RECEIPTS		SHIP	M'TS	STOCK.	
	1894	1993	1894	1893.	1894	1893
Saturday	27	13		100	2190 2217	458
Tuesday	13	4	15		2215	494
Wednesday		****	Sun	*****		
Thursday			******	44.		99.51
Friday					******	
Total	40	16	15	100		*******

Atwood Violett & Co's. Cotton Letter. By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager.

NEW YORK, May 22—Weather reports today from the south indicate too much cold weather in some sections, but this had only a temporary effect, because of the weakness of Liverpool, which lost more than all its improvement of yesterday, showing that they are more disposed to look at their large stock and the effect of the same upon the market, which is an immediate influence, than giving attention to reports of crop injury, which must be confirmed by further damage, if any exists, before giving credence to such information. There have been evidences of a better spot demand by the American spinners, and if these were to be realized generally, it would soon have the effect of strengthening the futures market, because one of the principal bear features has been the absence of demand for the actual thing. Spot business at Liverpool continues very slow sales, 8,000 bales. Opening prices here were 2 points lower than yesterday's, and after advancing 6 points, the closing was at about last night's prices. The general character of the buying and selling here today has been without special significance. The port movement so far this week is 10,726 bales, against 13,707 last year.

The following is the exage of cotton outlines in New York today: Atwood Violett & Co's. Cotton Letter.

		Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's	Yesterd
Miy. June July August September October. Noversber		6.93 6.96 6.99 7.02 7.06	6.95 7.05 7.07 7.11 7.15	7.02 7.06 7.10	7.01-02 7.03-14 7.08-09 1.12-13	7.07 08
Closed quiet; The following receipts, export	is a stat	ock at	tof t	orts:		ock.
The following	RECEI	ock at	tof t	orts:		
	RECEI 1894 1765 5261 3700	PTS 1 1893 3538 4108 6061	EXPO 1894 4391 1046 3505	1893 1019: 20073 6256	1894 1894 3 491417 49461 49.983	OCK.

The following are the closing quotations of future often in New Orleans today;

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Summary Hubbard, Price & Co.'s cotton letter: Sales in Liverpool today amounted to 8,000 bales, though Manchester is partly closed on account of the holiday celebration of the opening of the Manchester canal. The arrival market, in response to the weak markets in America yesterday, closes steady at 2 points decline. These advices were not considered as favorable as had been expected, and this market opened easier than last evening's close, but recovered the decline and advanced 4 to 5 points from the lowest in response to the advices which are being received from the south regarding the damage caused by the recent cold wave. These reports, however, are discredited by the trade, as they do not believe a cold snap in May would have any effect other than to retard the growth of the plant. Spinners' agents have been sellers here and supplied the market with the cotton that was required to till the orders which seemed to emanate from Liverpool. As yet no charge in the temper of the market can be reported and the general feeling is that we shall decline further as a result of the absence of demand from spinners and the lack of spculative spirit. Discussion of the anti-option bill is also reported to have the effect of discouraging buying, and the trade, therefore, looks upon the situation as not a favorable one. The market closes quiet, a shade better than last evening. Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Riordan & Co's. Cotton Circular.

NEW YORK, May 22.—(Special.)—The market is in a very singular position. In spite of unfavorable conditions everybody is afraid to sell cotton short; and on the other hand nobody seems to care to buy it. Consequently the trading continues inactive with only a trifing change in values. August opened at 6.99, advanced to 7.05 and then reacted, closing at 7.01, bid, with the tone quiet. The traders here have not yet been able to make up their minds as to the degree of injury that the recent storm and cold spell have inflicted upon the growing cotton. Most of them ridicule the idea that there has been any material damage, but there are not a few who admit that they feel uneasy on the subject. After the close today bidders were freely offering 7.03 for August. Taking all the chances, we would rather buy than sell at present prices. Riordan & Co's. Cotton Circular.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

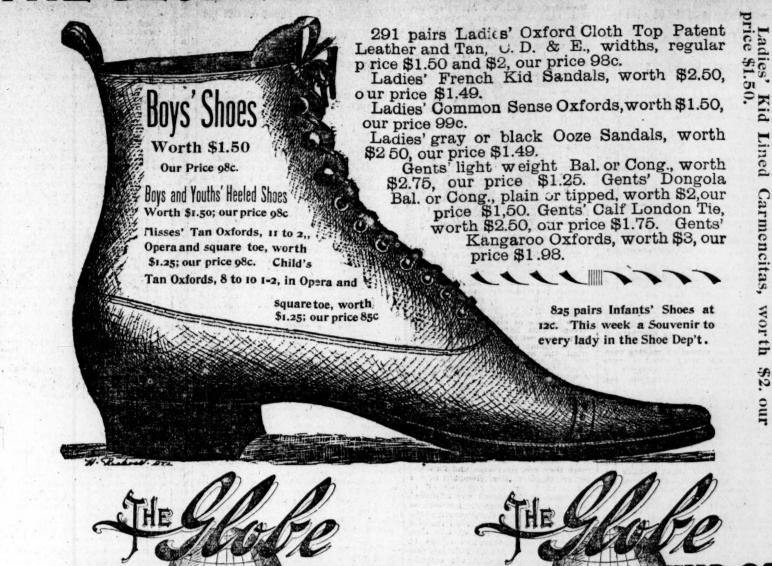
NEW YORK, May 22.—Cotton advanced 1 point and closed quiet. Sales, 57,600. Liverpool declined 1½ to 2 points. Spot sales, 7,000 at unchanged prices. In Manchester yarns were in small demand; cloths dull. New Orleans advanced 8 points on August, but most of this was lost. Port receipts 3,700 against 4,263 this day last week, and 6,661 last year; thus far this week, 10,726 against 11,278 thus far last week. Spot cotton here was easy, but without quotable change. Sales, 1,400 for export and 110 for spinning. It was rumored that about 2,700 bales, in addition to the above, had been sold for spinning for forward delivery. The southern spot markets were quiet and unchanged, and generally steady. The exports from the ports were 3,505 to the continent. New Orleans receipts tomorrow were estimated at 500 against 443 on the same day last week and 1,169 last year. The temperature at the south was generally higher with the weather clear. Minimum temperature 44 degrees to 55 degrees; maximum, 64 to 84 degrees. The signal service predicted generally fair weather in the cotton belt, with variable winds and occasional showers. After 'change 7.03 was bid for August. The south bought and sold, the continent sold a little and the upshot of the whole matter was that at the close prices showed practically no change from those current at the close yesterday. There were reports of damage to the crop in Georgia, but the weather at the south was generally warmer, though undoubtedly the nights are too cool for the plant. Liverpool showed some advance, the south was peretty steady and the spot demand here was better. The speculation was light, however, and in the main it is a waiting market.

The Liverpool and Port Markets. The Liverpool and Port Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 22 - 12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot demand moderate with prices in buvers' favor; middling uplands 3 15:16; anies 8,000 bales; American 7,100; speculation and enport 500; receipts 8,100; all American; uplands low middling clause May and June delivery 354-64; June and July delivery 3 54-64; July and August delivery 355-64, 35-64; August and September delivery 3 56-64; September and October delivery 3 55-64; Cotober and November and October delivery 3 56-64; Cotober and November delivery 3 58-64; Cotober and November and December and January delivery 350-64; Cotober and November and December delivery 3 59-64; December and January delivery 350-64; Tutures opened steady with demand moderate.

LIVERPOOL. May 22 - 450 p. m. — Uplands low middling clause May delivery 351-64, 261-48; May and June delivery 355-64, 351-61; June and July and delivery 355-64, sellers; July and August delivery 3 56-64, buyers; August and September delivery 3 56-64, buyers;

THE GLOBE'S SPECIAL SHOE SALE



TELEPHONE 431

74-76. S. Broad.

september and October delivery 35:-61, buyers; October and November delivery 358-61, bnyers: November and December delivery 35-64, value; December and Jan-lary delivery 350-61, sellers; tutures closed steady. ary delivery 3 de-1, seliers; futures closed steady, NEW YORK, May 22—Ootton easy: sales 1,510 bales; iddling uplands 73-16; middling gulf 77-18; net recipts 1,038 bales; gross 10,797; stock 229,562.

GALVESTON, May 22—Cotton easy: middling 6%; et receipts 287 bales; gross 287; sales 342; stock 22,412; yports to continent 3,505.

89. Whitehall.

NORFOLK, May 22 - Cotton steady; midding 6%; net ceipts: 7 bales: gross 97; sales 125; stock 15,762; ex-rts coastwise 1,510. orts coastwise 1,510.

BALTIMORE, May 22 -Cotton dull; middling 7 3-16;
et receipts none bales; gross 372; sales none; stock

boston, May 22—Cotton quiet; middling 7 3-16; net receipts 136; gross 1,359; sales none; stock none.
WILMINGTON, May 22—Cotton nominal: middling 7; net receipts 1; gross 1; sales none stock 5,313.
PHILADELPHIA, May 22—Cotton quiet; middling 13; net receipts 237; gross 297; sales none; stock 10, 531.
SAVANNAH, May 22—Cotton steady: middling 6 15-16; et receipts 755 baies; gross 756; sales 350; stock 30,274.
NEW ORLEANS, May 22—Cotton steady: middling 7 15-16; net receipts 755 baies; gross 756; sales 350; stock 30,274.
NEW ORLEANS, May 22—Cotton steady: middling 6 15-16; middling 7 1 NRW ORLEANS, May 22—Ootton steady; middling, 513-18; net receipts 1,042 bules; gross 1,144; sales 1,-05; stock 144,953; exports constwise 1,322.

MOBILE. May 22—Cotton quiet: middling 611-16; net, receipts 10 bules; gross 10; sales 100; stock 14,653; exports constwise ...

ports coastwise 7. MEMPHIS. May 22 -Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 79 hales; sales 350; shipments 973; stock 26,764. AUGUSTA, May 22 -Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 4 hales; shipments 92; sales 22; stock 9.41. CHARLESTON, May 22 -Co.ton quiet: middling 6%; not receipts 25 bales; gross 25; sales none; stock 25,374; exports coastwise 76. exports coastwise 476.

HOUSTON, May 22—Cotton quiet; middling 6%; net receipts 121 bules; shipments 28; sales 25; stook 5,364.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Wheat exhibited considerable indecision during the greater part of the session. The feeling was not exactly what might be termed feverish, but at the same time the course of prices, to say the least, was erratle. The last hour was the weakest of the session, and the close was at but 1/2c raily from the extreme low point. July wheat opened with sales at 57%40571/2c, afterward ranging between 57½ (56½/2c, closing at 56½/2c, a loss of 1/2c for the day. The cash demand was not so good today, and this fact was one of the weakest features in the futures.

Corn was not in sympathy with wheat at all times today, although that was the influence at the wind-up. Independent strength was shown during the session. The weakness in wheat, however, was to pronounced not to finany reach corn, which it did finally, causing an easy close. July sold between 38/2631/2c, closing a shade beter than yesterday at 37%40371c. There was a moderate demand for cash corn. Prices were steady.

Oats were fairly active, with no individual direction. When corn was weak, oats declined. There was more strength in the near options than in the deferred deliveries, September closing with a fractional loss, while May and July were 1/2c higher at the end of the session. Cash oats were in good demand and 1/2c higher.

Provisions exhibited a weak undertone, which was ascribed to the entire absence of support. Offerings were light, but so little disposition to buv existed that prices yielded under them. The hog market was quiet, closing about steady, and product values acted in a similar manner until the grain markets broke, when they, too, gave way. At the close July pork was lice under yesterday, July lard 12½c lower and July ribs 5c lower. There was practically no shipping demand.

The leading jutures ranged as follows in Chicago today:

Wheat-- Open. High. Low. Close.

The leading jutures ranged as follows in Chicago

Open.	High.	Low.	Close
55%	53%	54%	55
67'8	57.4	5634	56
5816	5H 14	5734	67
	61 %	60%	80 %
0.00			
37	3714		27
374	38	3716	371
38 %	39	38 %	334
3316	53.14		33 4
	31	3349	33%
3046	11	30 %	204
265a	2678	25 8	20%
11 70	11 70		11 70
11 85	11 97 %	11 75	11 773
	11 90	11 87 %	11 875
7 10	7 10		6 92%
	6 8736	6 75	6 7a
	6 8736	6 80	6 80
6 10	6 12%		6 12 %
	6 15	0.07%	€ 10
6 15	6 15	6 07 %	6 10
	55% 6114 5114 5114 37 37 37 38 33 46 33 46 28 34 11 56 11 90 7 10 6 87 4 6 16	55% 55% 55% 55% 57% 55% 57% 57% 58% 57% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58% 58	55% 55% 55% 55% 64% 66% 68% 68% 68% 68% 68% 68% 68% 68% 68

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter. By Private Wire to J. C. Knox. Manager. CHICAGO, May 23.—Heavy shipments from the Battle and sundry ports for the week—5,250,000 bushels—was a lattle more than the trade could stand at the opening this morning, and the market, after selling at 58%c on the curb last night, opened weak at 57%. While the shipments from these ports continue so heavy, those from India are much smaller than looked for a short time ago. The total receipts from India since April 1st have amounted to only 1,220,000 bushels, against 3,340,000 the same time last year. The news otherwise has been about equally divided. There were reports from various winter wheat regions reporting damage where the plant was in bloom, but these reports contained so much uncertainty that the bulls could not fully settle in their minds whether there was any damage or not. An early cable denied the frost in Germany, which had a tendency to add to the weakness, but a little later one received confirmed the report of yesterday, stating further that continental markets were closing higher again today in consequence, but exports were very light, amounting to only 164,000 bushels. Bradstreet's statement, however, was bullish, making a total decrease east and west of the Rockies of 2,074,000 bushels, and a decrease in the world's visible of 1,734,000 bushels. Although this was received during the latter part of the session, yet the trade seemed to ignore it, and prices became weaker instead of stronger. Then again, local receipts were light with about Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter. By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager.

ments large compared with a year ago, but ments large compared with a year ago, but the weather turning warmer, commenced weakening and several parties sold out their long lines taking the short side instead. Outside buyers were less conspicuous than for the last two or three days. Pardirdge was a free seller on all hard spots, and, taking it altogether, the bulls had everything against them. The close was weak. After the opening corn and oats became very firm. A local concern wanted some corn, bidding the price up ½c, but was unable to buy much. Then later offerings became a little larger, and prices weakened a trifle, but the close was firm. Provisions were weak, with the market dull.

SHOE & CLOTHING CO

Chicago Gossip.

By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager—The last break in wheat was on Cottrell selling through Lester. Outside markets are at about the low point.

Sample corn is 1/2c. and sample oats, 1/4c.

palance of his long wheat yesterday.

There has been no cash demand and no wheat worked here at all. Contract stocks at Chicago-Wheat, decrease, 102,000 bushels; corn, 104,000 bushels

oats, 78,000 bushels. Clearances at all ports yesterday—Wheat, 56,000 bushels; flour, 24,000 barrels; corn, 20,000 bushels.

Primary market receipts of wheat, 228,-000 bushels, against 536,000 the same day

St. Louis was a free seller of wheat in

Bradstreets's available supply of wheat east of the Rockies decreased 1,975,000; west, decreased 99,000; Europe and affloat, increase, 640,000; Australian, decrease, 300,000. India shipments for the week, 360,000 bushels; Baltic and sundry ports, 4,880,000 bushels; American, 2,480,000 bushels. Total

supply, 7,660,000.

Cables are in moderate tone. Paris says wheat is easier. Hamburg and Berlin are lower. The cables question the claim of damage abroad.

The feature in provisions was the weak-ness in May lard. Ribs were steady with a good cash demand.

PROVISIONS, GRAINS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE ATLANTA, May 24.1331
Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Ment.

ATLANTA. May 22 - Flour - First patent \$1.25; escendpatent \$1.75; extra lancy \$3.15; lancy \$3.06; lamily £2.15. Corn—No. 1 white 50c; No. 2 white 50c mixed 58c. Seed rye—Georgia 75c 80. Hay—Choice timothy, large baies. 50c; No. 1 timothy, large baies, 50c; No. 1 timothy, large baies, 50c; No. 1 timothy, large baies, 50c; No. 2 white 50c; 3.00. Wheat, spot dull and lower, closin weak; No. 2 red winter in store and elevator 57 to 61 to 31 a, 67 a, 107 a; options fairly active and weak at h @le decline No. 2 May 67 b; July 65 b; August 60. Corn, spot du, and weaker; No. 2 in elevator i); afloat 42 a, 64 a; options maderately active steady, and unchanged with local trade; May 42 a; June 42 a; July 43 a. Oats, spoquiet but firmer; options dull; May 39 a; June 38 b; July 38 4; spot No. 2 white 43 b; mixed western 40 g/41; white do. 43 g/47.

BT. LOUIS, May 22 — Flour easy; patents \$2.86 @ 2.50 fancy \$2.00 g/3.50; choice \$1.90 g/40.0. Wheat lower; No; 2 red cath — May 54 b; July 55 b; August 53 a, Corn higher; No. 2 mixed cash : May 36 b; bid; June 36 a; July 36 a, Oats higher; No. 2 cash — May 55 b; July 99; August 24 a, China Charles, May 36 b; winter straights \$2.76 g/3.10; spring patents \$.26 g/3.50; winter straights \$2.76 g/3.10; spring patents \$.26 g/3.50; winter straights \$2.76 g/3.10; spring patents \$2.46 g/3.50; corn \$2.40 g/4. No. 2 costs 33 a; CinCinCinNa ATI, May 22 — Flour, apring patents \$2.46 g/3.50; family \$2.40 g/2.55. Wheat, No. 2 red 53. Corn, No. 2 white 43. Oats, No. 2 mixed 43 c.

CINCHNNAII, may 22—Four, spring parents 5.-1002
2.95; family \$1.4022.5.5. Wheat, No. 2 red 53. Corn, No. 2 white 43. Oats, No. 2 mixed 35'2.

ATLANTA. May 22—Boastol cones — Arbackles 23.10c # 100 b cases Lion 23.10c Levering 23.10c green—Extra choice 21c; choice good 20c; art 13: common 17.618. Sugar—Gramulated 45c; powdered 55c; cutloa 55c; white extra 6. 2 New Orleans yellow clarified 4; yellow extra 6. 24c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 6cc; prime 35c.40c; common 12.6251
Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35c.35c; initiation 22.6251
Teas—Black 35-55c; green 40c 40c. Nutneg 55-6856
Cloves 25-30c. Cinnamon 16.62125c. Allspice 19.6310
Ginger 18c. Singapore popper 11c. M. es 11.0). Rice—Head 6c; good 5-cc common 45c; imported Japan 50.55c. Sail—Hawly's dairy \$1.0; leceram\$1.10
Virtivia 7cc. Cheese—Flats 125.6013c. White fish—½
blus \$4.00; puils 60c. Mackert—j. blus. \$6.00 a.5.00 Soap—Tallow. 100 bars, 76 hs. \$5.00.603.7c; turpentine, 60 5ca.
8 ns \$2.250.25c. Candves—Parafin He: star 10c.
Matches—4.50s \$4.00; 2006 \$1.00; \$2.00 \$2.00 \$2.7c; 50s.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$3.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a. Solla—Kegs, bulk, 48c; 60c. 15 backage.
\$1, gross, \$2.7a.

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. H. M. ATK INSON, Vice President. JOSEPH. A. CORD, Cashier. T. C. ER WIN, Assistant Cashier.

THE ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING GO.

Corner Alabama and Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga. Accounts of firms, corporations and individuals solicited on terms consistent with legitimate banking.

SHOE & CLOTH

W. A. HEMPHILL, A. J. SHROPSHIRE,

R. F. MADLOX, J. W. RUCKER, W. L. PEEL, H. C. BAGLEY, G. A. NICHOLSON, President. Vice Presidents. Cashier. Assistant Cashier.

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.,

Charter Liability, \$320,000 Capital, \$160,000. Transact a general banking business; approved paper discounced accounts. We do not pay interest on open accounts, but issue cates, for limited amounts only, payable on demand, as foliodays; 5 per cent if left six months or longer.

GEO. W PARROTT, President. CAPITAL CITY BANK

CAPITAL \$400,000. SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$100,000.

TRANSACTS A GENE RAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Safe deposit vaults. Boxes to rent at reduced rates. Accounts of banks and bankers, mercantile and manufacturing fir ms or corporations received upon favorable terms. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Interest paid on time deposits.

TAX NOTICE .

The books for receiving state and county tax returnsare now open. Please come forward and make returns as early as possible, as my time is limited. T. M. Armistead, Tax Receiver, Fulton Co., Ga.

For Rheumatism use Royal Germeteur.

Lard, prime steam 6.61. Dry sait meats, loose shoulders 5.87 %; long clear 6.17 %; clear cibs 5.17 %; short clear 6.34 %. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.75; long clear 6.87 %; clear ribs 7.00; short clear 7.55.

ATLANTA, May 22 — C.ear rib sides, boxed 7c; lee-cured bellies 9.3, Eugar-cured hams 11.2 12 %; according to brand and average, California 9.4. Breakisst bacon 12 Lard—Leaf 8; compound 5%.

NEW YORK, May 22 — Pork quiet and easy: new mess \$13.50 %; 13.50, Middles nominal; short clear — Lard quiet and lower; western steam 7.35 bid; city steam 6.25 %; 5.00 %; 1.20 %; 1.25 %. Lard 6.22 % %; 6.10 %; 1.20 %; 1

SAVANNAH, May 22—Spirits turpentine opened strong at 27% for regulars and closed firmly held at 28; sales 15 casks; receipts 2,910 casks, all of which were sold in yesterday's transactions, which amounted to 10,094, or all of the offering stock. Rosin, pale grades are scarce and are held 196 higher than quotations with no sales; good demand for all grades; sales 3,000 bbis; A, BC, and D \$1.05; E \$1.10; F \$1.05; G \$1.35; H \$1.55; I \$1.50; K \$2.25; M\$2.40; N \$2.50; windowglass \$2.75; waterwhite \$3.00.

WILMINGTON, Miny 22—Rosin firm; strained 85; good strained 80; turpentine steady at 28-3; tar firm at \$1.20; crude turpentine steady at 28-3; tar firm at \$1.20; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00; soft \$1.70; virgin \$1.15;

NEW YORK, May 22—Rosin quiet but firm; strained common to good \$1.20 \$1.20; turpentine firm at 29-303/4.

OHARLESTON, April 22—Turpentine firm at 26; rosin steady; good strained \$2;

Pruits and Confections

ATLANTA. May 22 — Apples —Fancy northers 9.50 @ barrel; Virginia wine sap \$3.50.50.6.50; Georgia none. Lemons — Messins \$2.50.50.17; Florida \$1.505.200. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Placeples \$5.555.505.000. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.200. Placeples \$5.555.505.000. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.000. St.005.000. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.000. St.005.000. Oranges—Florida \$4.505.000. O

Country Poques.

Fresh Vegetables. ATLANTA, May 22—Vegetables are in good demand, but are boing leceived in very small quantities; in fact, the demand far exceeds the supply. The following are quotations: String beams \$1.00 ±2.25 pt crate; Braglish peas \$1.00 ±1.25 pt crate; leading to the posterior of the poste FINANCIAL.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO. Investment Securities, ROOM 6, CAPITAL CITY BANK B'LD'G

John W. Dickey, Stock and Bond Broker AUGUSTA, GA. Correspondence Invited.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN.
DEALER IN BONDS AND STOCKS.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
13 East Alabama Street.

H. I. BETTIS, Public Accountant. Books opened and closed. Audits, Examinations and Reports made. Corporation work a specialty. P. O. Box 23. Room/94-95 Old Capitol Building.

DARWIN G. JONES.

No. 1 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS INVESTMENT SECURITIES Correspondence invited in regard to all kinds of southern investments.

CITY OF MILLEDGEVILLE Bonds for Sale.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the city treasurer, in the city of Milledgeville, Ga., until 12 o'clock m., Tuesday, the 5th day of June, 1894, for a series of \$12,000 of bonds of the city of Milledgeville, Ga.
Said bonds to be dated May 1, 1894, inter-Said bonds to be dated May 1, 1894, interest 6 per cent, payable annually on December 1st. Said bonds to be of the denomination as follows, to-wit: Eighteen bonds each of \$500 and thirty bonds each of \$100. One of the said \$100 bonds to be retired each year and the whole of said sum shall be fully paid off and discharged within thirty years from date of issue.

The right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

G. W. CARAKER, Mayor, P. L. Fair, Clerk and Treasurer.

Milledgeville, Ga., April 23, 1894.

may 2 9-16-23-3

PLUMBING.

GUIMARIN & BIXBY.

No. 9 Broad Street.

Phone No. 494. Estimates cheerfully fur-

THEY DIS

executive way and

yesterday. The mee

justing so have for a roads that The first

was that that have noyance t reaching o Some of the great members Steamship a racket sociation have mad smooth for adjustm satisfact eastern enjoyed. Again rates from aquabblin

squabblind that lead and north northwest ville and been clain right to west with from the Louis and For instant, Kansern cities be brought. be broughthrough through roads leadities was and make routes.

This imboard of cussion to the No accommittee the street of the s

Steamsh

There

moveme the peop Recent of a line of a line and the work mand was will be in it is not to do an mation with reg is a my and wes solve.

There Augusta reliable recently It is k take platime th liquidati It is no Nashvill the busi at the scles in Nashvill the received.

The hold of the the Lou moveme strange getting and Nather pool the Atlatts way coast the seems to these in South C Line in South C Line in

Senate
duced a
by impr
to retar
train ca
recent c
shown t
half of
Senat
govern
laws o
As a m
tance o
signific
nation's

Mr. R Caroline descript rails, ke less th the na 'creep' laws of too slig

cashier. ANKING GO.

lanta, Ga.

GLEY, G. A. NICHOLSON, ier. Assistant Cashler. ing Co., bility, \$320,000

BANK,

00.

FITS \$100,000.

NANCIAL. TTERSON & CO.

ent Securities,

TAL CITY BANK B'LD'G

W. Dickey, d Bond Broker, USTA, GA. dence Invited.

EYS CASTLEMAN,
BONDS AND STOCKS.
S NEGOTIATED.
St Alabama Street.

I. BETTIS. Accountant. and closed. Audits, Exami-Reports made. Corporation ty. P. O. Box 236. Rooms of Building.

AN G. JONES. BONDS, LOANS IENT SECURITIES

re invited in regard to an investments.

MILLEDGEVILLE ls for Sale.

fill be received at the office surer, in the city of Milledge-12 o'clock m., Tuesday, the city of Milledgeville, Ga. be dated May 1, 1894, interpayable annually on Decem-onds to be of the denomina-is, to-wit: Eighteen bonds d thirty bonds each of \$100. \$100 bonds to be retired each ole of said sum shall be nd discharged within thirty hereby reserved to reject

G. W. CARAKER, Mayor, rk and Treasurer. Ga., April 23, 1894. may 2 9-16-23-30

PLUMBING. BIXBY.

No. 9 Broad Street.

Estimates cheerfully furds of work. Steam and hol specialty. may20 im

ADJUSTING RATES.

Southern Railway and Steamship Assoclation Men Meet.

THEY DISCUSS RATES EAST AND WEST

Major Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanoogs and St. Louis, Talks Interestingly-Other Railway News.

There was an important meeting of the executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association held in the rooms of Commissioner Stahlman yesterday.

The meeting was for the purpose of adjusting some very knotty questions that have for a long time been bothering the roads that compose the association.

The first great question that was handled was that bearing upon the rate quarrels that have been a constant source of an-

noyance to the roads of the association

reaching out to the northeast.

Some of the roads leading southward from the greater cities of New England, not members of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, have been raising a racket over the rates adopted by the association and for the past twelve months have made it anything but pleasant and smooth for the roads that are members of

the association. This question was settled by making such adjustments as will bring about a more satisfactory solution to the question of eastern rates than have heretofore been

Again the question of equalization of rates from the central west came up for adjustment. There has been considerable equabbling over this question by the roads that lead to the southeast from the west and north. The roads that lead from the northwestern markets by way of Louis-ville and Cincinnati have for a long time been claiming that they ought to have the right to make equal their rates from the west with those of other roads that lead from the same centers to the south by St. Louis and Nashville, a nearer route. For instance, freights coming from Oma-

ha. Kansas City, Chicago and other western cities can by virtue of shorter distance be brought to Atlanta at a cheaper rate through St. Louis and Nashville than through Cincinnati and Louisville. The roads leading through these latter named cities want the right to equalize the rates and make the same charges as the cheaper

This important question was left with the board of arbitrators to settle. A full discussion was heard.

The June Meeting in New York. No action was taken by the executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association yesterday with reference to the June meeting of the as-

reference to the June meeting of the association, which is to be held on the 13th of next month in New York.

At that meeting the question of extending the term of agreement between the railroads composing the association will be taken up and settled.

Major Thomas, general manager and president of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, who is vice president of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, was seen by a Constitution representative last night and asked about the probable outcome of the New York meeting.

meeting.

Major Thomas was here to attend the meeting at the Equitable building yesterday and lert last night for Nashville. He said nothing was done at yesterday's meeting concerning the New York meeting. He thinks, however, that the meeting in New York on the light of June will be a most satisfactory one for all the roads composing the association.

the association.
"I take but little interest," said he, vin these reports one hears so often affoat to the effect that any great change will be made in the nature of the agreement that now binds the railroads of the south tonow binds the railroads of the south together.

'On the contrary, I do not think that the rumors that a milder form of agreement will be adopted. You know both rumors are astir among railroad men. I am inclined to believe very firmly that no particular change will be made in the agreement. The roads have as sound a basis of organization as that which binds any similar organization together. No possible objection can be made to the rules and regulations of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. I, for one, shall favor adopting the same agreement that now holds."

"Do you think there will be any change

now holds."
"Do you think there will be any change of officers of the association?" was asked.
"I know nothing of that! I have heard nothing concerning that part of the programme, The election of officers is one item of consideration to be taken up by the New York meeting, but I know nothing of what is likely to be done."

It Puzzles Augusta. There is something of a puzzle in the movements of the Atlantic Coast Line to

the people of Augusta.

Recently the Coast Line began the survey of a line between Augusta and Charleston The survey will be pushed forward with all the vigor the surveyors can engage and it is said that as soon as the line is completed the work of grading will begin. It is said that the Coast Line is also at

work mapping out a line between Augusta and Walterboro, S. C., and that this line will be built to a dead certainty. It is not known what the Coast Line wants

to do and as there can be no definite information gained from the men in authority with regard to the plans of the company it is a mystery that the people of Augusta and western South Carolina are anxious to

There is already one direct line between Augusta and Charleston, it being the old reliable South Carolina road which was

recently sold at receiver's sale.

It is known that the sale of this line did take place, although it was claimed at the time that it was no sale, but a sort of liquidation by the bondholders and owners. It is now believed that the Louisville and Nashville is playing some sort of hand in the business of these new surveys. And yet at the same time it is told in financial circles in New York that the Louisville and Nashville was really behind the scene in the recent purchase of the South Carolina

The best way to account for these ru-mors, perhaps, is to charge them up to the old beaten path of railroad gossipers of the south which seem to be to involve the Louisville and Nashville in any railway movement whatever. There is something strange about the way rumors are forever getting out in the south that the Louisville and Nashville is "behind the scenes" as they put it in every undertaking that is

Whatever may be the final solution of the problem, one thing seems certain—that the Atlantic Coast Line is after working its way to the northwest from the Atlantic coast through Augusta and Atlanta. This seems to be the only end in view with all these recent surveys going on through South Carolina from points on the Coast Line in this direction

Senator Walsh's Bill.

Senator Walsh, of Georgia, has introduced a bill making it a crime, punishable by imprisonment from one to twenty years, to retard or obstruct the passage of any train carrying the United States mail. The recent outrages in parts of the west have shown the need of special legislation on be-half of the mail service. Senator Walsh simply seeks to protect the

government mail more completely than the laws of the country already protect it. As a newspaper man he knows the importance of swift and prompt mails and what significance they bear with respect to the nation's material development and growth. The Creeping of the Rails.

Mr. R. G. Ward, roadmaster of the South Carolina railroad, has given an interesting description of the peculiar movement of rails, known as "creeping." He says: "Unless there are counteracting influences, the natural tendency of the rail is to "creep" downward, obeying the well-known lays of counter of the rail is to "creep" downward, obeying the well-known lays of counter of the parade he laws of gravity off however, the grade be too slight to give much effect to this law,

and, in fact, so slight as to require the use of steam in handing descending trains, this natural tendency may be minimized, and, indeed, overcome and reversed. Heavy loads pulling constantly in one direction have a tendency to drive the rail in the opposite direction. Should it become necessary, however, to apply the brakes the rail is driven in the direction of the moving train. On a perfectly level track the rail almost invariably 'creeps' in the opposite direction from the movement of the neaviest and most constant traffic, except at points where it is necessary to shut off and apply the brakes, at which the 'creep' is in the same direction. On roads having grades which change abruptly from ascending to descending grades over the crown of a hill it often happens that the rails 'creep' up grade on both sides of the crown, and this is especially true where long, heavy trains are run, as the heavy pulling of the engine has passed the crown going down grade causes it to drive the rail upward on the one side, while the rear of the train has somewhat the tendency to pull or at least to hold the rail on the opposite ascent.

"One rail often 'creeps' faster than the other. This is not confined to the east rail,

or at least to hold the rail on the opposite ascent.

"One rail often 'creeps' faster than the other. This is not confined to the east rail, the west rail, the north or the south. It is due to a variety of causes, and to none perhaps more than the fact that there is a difference and often a peculiarity in humanity. There is in railroad parlane what is known as a 'line' and a 'gauge' rail. In nine cases out of ten the 'line' rail gets the most attention from the foreman in charge, and, in addition, two men are usually selected to keep up the bolts on joints, one of whom is generally the most trusted man in the gang; the other works under him. Almost invariably this trusted man gets on the 'line' rail and thus it will be seen that the joints and bolts are kept in better shape on one rail than on the other, and are, therefore, more capable of resisting the tendency to 'creep.' This habit among trackmen of adopting a pet rail is one of the peculiarities of human nature. Barbers have somewhat the same peculiarity; they lather and rub, shave and powder one side of a man's face until human endurance rebels against the injustice. I wonder what central magnetic attraction is heid responsible for this idlosyncrasy?"

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF SOCIETY

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF SOCIETY

The lovellest garden on Peachtree, and indeed, at this season the handsomest to be found anywhere, is Mrs. W. A. Hemphill's. The whole place is radiant with rose bushes in full bloom. Such splendid roses they are, too, large and flawless and nerfect in color. Mrs. Hemphill is a genuroses they are, too, large and nawless and perfect in color. Mrs. Hemphill is a genuine lover of flowers and like all people who care for them with real affection, she receives the full return for her trouble and personal supervision. After the terrible late frost which blighted all the blossoms, Mrs. Hemphill had all her roses cut nearly to the ground without waiting to see if the leaves would not build anew on the old leaves would not bud anew on the old stalks. The consequence is that she now has a garden of full blooming flowers. So many people have failed to take this precaution and, indeed, this is the only garden I have seen where no sign of former frost can be discovered.

The colonial ball proved conclusively that powdered hair and patches are more becoming to brunettes than to blondes. Among the minuet dancers those who looked strik-ingly lovely were brunettes. Miss Lollie Markham was one of the most picturesque and brilliant looking of the dark maidens. Her dainty, graceful figure and refined, modest face seemed perfectly suited to the old-time air of elegance about her exquisite costume. The gown was of stiff striped yellow silk, made with a short waist and a graceful, flowing skirt. The laces of the low-necked waist were caught by some rare old family jewels and the high-coiled powdered hair had as its stately ornament a beautiful old carved tortoise shell comb, the property of the wearer's great-greatgrandmother, Lady Markham.

Little Miss Mary Couper Traylor has is-sued very charming little invitations to a number of her small friends for a party at her home on Ponce de Leon circle this afternoon at half-past 4 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles have returned from New York after a delightful stay of two weeks. Miss Corinne Stocker has been quit ill

for several days much to the regret of her many friends. Miss Johnson, of Savannah, who has been

visiting her cousin, Mrs. Robertson, Pine street, left for her home yesterday. Mrs. Henry Porter entertained Mrs. Jones, of New York, at an elegant luncheon yesterday. The table was beautifully adorned with roses and the guests included about a

dozen prominent society ladies. The Business Women's Club will give its fourth annual reception Friday evening of this week at 8 o'clock on the fifth floor of the Grand. This club is one of Atlanta's most important institutions of its kind and its record has been one of real usefulness to all who have been connected

with it. The tallaho picnic that was to have been given yesterday morning has been postpon-ed till Thursday May 24th. The party will leave Mrs. Knott's, on Auburn avenue at 7:30 o'clock a. m.. The occasion promises to be the most delightful of its kind yet given and that all who attend will have a generally good time, goes without saying.

The plano recital given by a number of Mr. Henry Howell's music class last night was a decided success artistically and otherwise. The programme proved a most excellent one and the young ladies acquitted themselves most excellently. The playing of Miss Haas, Miss Rathbun and Miss Howell was especially delightful. Their work showed great study and intelligence. work showed great study and intelligence. The entire programme was excellently rendered. The audience in attendance was a critical one and seemed highly pleased with the entire recital.

At the residence of Mrs. Mary Garland Mrs. E. B. Feld was married to Mr. Vic-tor Phillips, of Galveston, Tex., Rev. E. H. Barrett officiating.

AT THE WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

The Graduating Exercises of This School Occur Tonight. The graduating exercises of the Washington seminary will occur this evening.
Seven young ladies, attired in beautiful

gowns and presenting a rare picture of opening womanhood, will receive their di-plomas from the institution. The occasion will be one of brilliant interest and the exercises throughout will

Interest and the exercises throughout will be greatly enjoyed.

The following is the programme of exercises for tonight:
Salutatory—Miss Margaret Burney.
Essay—"Out of School Life into Life's School"—Miss Mabelle Shropshire.
Piano solo—"Splintradchen," Bendel—Miss Lucile Daniel.
Essay—"Three Daughters of Genius"—

Lucile Daniel.

Essay—"Three Daughters of Genius"—
Miss Mary Bolin.

Essay—"Our Household Poet"—Miss Estelle Burney.

Piano solo—"Saltarello," op. 77, Heller—
Miss Margaret Burney.

Essay—"Character"—Miss Bertha Baldwin.

win.
Class Prophecy-Miss Susie Wilson.
Piano solo-"Polonaise," op. 40, No. 1,
Chopin-Miss Leta Dallas.
Valedictory-Miss Annic Lee Saul.
Poem-"Response from the Junior Class"
-Miss Rosa Matthewson.
Piano solo-"Polacca Brilliante," WeberMiss Mabelle Shropshire.
Medals awarded to post graduate classDr. Robins.
Address to Graduating Class-Mr. L. L.
Knight.

Knight.
Delivery of diplomas. Delivery of diplomas.

The exercises of the lower classes during the week have been full of interest and the commencement has been one of the most delightful ever enjoye.

Mrs. Chandler is to be congratulated on the high prestige to which the school has attained. The faculty is composed of many of the leading educators in the country and the institution is one of the most thorough in the city.

The Evolution Of medicinal agents is gradually relegating the old-time herbs, pills, draughts and vegetable extracts to the rear, and bringing into general use the pleasant and effective liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs. To get the true remedy see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only. For sale by all leading druggists.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

A WOMAN'S STORY.

THE WONDERFUL NARRATIVE OF PATIENT SUFFERER.

How a Young Woman Was Cured of Terrible Malady When She Was Near the Brink of the Grave.

From The Detroit Sun.

The large, pretentious brick residence at 86 Miami avenue, in this city, is the home of the heroine of this interesting story. or the heroine of this interesting story. She is Miss Margaret Stenbaugh, and her interesting experiences during the past four years are published here for the first time. Miss Stenbaugh is a pretty girl of about twenty years and is today the true picture of the ideal, healthy, robust and jovial American girl. She was not always so, as is proven by the accompanying statement

is proven by the accompanying statement

made by her.

"Four years ago," she said, "I was a sufferer in all that the term implies, and never thought of being as healthy as I am today. Why, at that time I was such a scrawny, puny little midget, pale and emaciated by an ailment peculiar to us women, clated by an aliment peculiar to us women, that my father and mother gave me up to die. The local practitioner, whose name was Dr. Glassford, (I was at that time living at Scotland, Oht.,) said it was only a matter of days when I would be laid away in the churchyard. I was so informed, and as I was such a sufferer I cared nothing whatever whether I lived or cared nothing whatever whether I lived or died; in fact, think I would have preferred

the latter.

"I could not walk. I became so weak, and regularly every night my father used to carry me up stairs to my room. I can distinctly remember my telling him that he wouldn't have to carry me about much longer, and how he said, while the tears glistened in his eyes, that he would be willing to do it always, if he could only

withing to do it always, it he could only have me with him.

"It was evidently foreordained that I should not die at that particular time, as a miraculous transformation in my condition was the talk of the neighborhood.

"I read, or was told by somebody, of the wonderful cures that was below arounded. wonderful cures that were being wrought by Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for Pale Peo-ole, and my father went to Brantford, where he purchased a couple of boxes from W. Wallace. I commenced taking them, and I thought for a time that they did me no good, as they made me sick at first, but very shortly I noticed a great change. They began to act on my trouble, and in the short space of six weeks I was able to walk. I continued taking the pills, and in six months I was in the condition you see me now. I fully believe that they alone saved me from the grave, and you will always find myself and balance of our family ready to talk about the good Dr. Williams's r'ink Pilis did for me. "A short time ago I was feeling unwell.

Just a slight derangement, and I at once bought a box of Pink Pills and commenced taking them. I could actually feel the good results after three pills, and I will recomnend them to anybody who is afflicted as

Sworn and subscribed to before me this

Sworn and subscribed to before me this
15th day of December, 1893.

D. A. DELANEY, Notary Public,
Wayne County, Michigan.

Druggists say that Dr. Whilams's Pink
Pills nave an enormous sale, and that from
ail quarters come in glowing reports of the
excellent results following their use. An
analysis proves that they contain in a
condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an un-failing specific for such diseases as locomorestore snattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuraigia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sailow complexions, that tired teeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams's Pink Pills were first compounded as a prescription, and used as such in general practice by an eminent physician. They are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams's Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ontario, and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams's Medicine Company from either address.

Reduced Rates to Richmond, Va.

Reduced Rates to Richmond, Va. The Richmond and Danville offers reduced rates from Atlanta to Richmond, Va., and return, on account of unveiling of the soldiers and sailors' monument at Richmond, May 30th. For civilians, \$22 round trip; for military companies \$13.75 round trip. Tickets to be sold May 28th and 29th, good returning until June 4, 1894. may 23 7t

The Farm House Resorts In East Tennessee are prepared to take Georgians for the summer at low rates. The E. T., V. and G. can take you there at-low rates and on quick time. may22-2t

Brushes Cheap.

Brushes Cheap.

A large lot, some only slightly damaged by smoke, at the late fire; others as good as new. Hair brushes, bath brushes, shoe brushes, cloth brushes, fesh brushes, whisk brooms, etc., at astonishing low prices to make room for new goods. Prices 5, 10, 15, 25, 35, 50 cents. Call and get them while the bargains last. Don't delay! We want them moved quick. Call at Jacobs' Pharmacy, next store west of old stand. See the display in the windows.

Peas Wanted

Peas Wanted

If you have any peas for sale quote them delivered in your depot and state quantity you can furnish.

C. L. HUTCHESON & CO., 6 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. may 20-tf-sun-tues-thur

Harsh purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

Spring and Summer Resorters
Will find full information regarding all resorts in north Georgia, Tennessee and Virginia by calling at city ticket office of E. T., V. and G. railway, corner Kimbail house; also quickest and best service to reach them.

ARTISTS GLASS Southern Paint



treated scientifically and a successful cure guaranteed. Dr. Tucker, 16 North Broad street, Atlanta Ga. mar 28-mon-wed-fri sat.

Old papers for sale at The Constitution Offic. 20 cents per hundred









The Southern Hotel,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. has been thoroughly renovated and is now under the management of Mr. William C. Morgan, who is so favorable known as manager of Hotel Cumberland the past three years. With a central location, improved service and noted for the excellence of its cuisine, the Southern now ranks as the only first-class hotel in the city.

The Lithia Hotel,

At Lithia Springs, Ga., will open for the summer May 10th. This

hotel has only 35 rooms, but is nicely furnished and in perfect repair. nished and in perfect repair.

The rates will be from \$7 to \$9 per week. It is a well known fact that the smaller and lower priced hotels are generally badly kept and many people do without their summer rest for that reason, not wisning to pay the higher rates of the large houses. Mr. M. N. Thompson, the proprietor, has had many years' experience in .rst-class hotels and will cater only to the best trade.

Special Rates.

For the summer, commencing May 1, 1884, I will make a special rate of \$2 per day.
The house and table will be kept up to
its usual standard of excellence. Also special rates will be made by the week for
families, Respectfully
CHARLES F. GRAHAM,
Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga.
may2—im

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS, VA.,

Opens June 1st. Opens June 1st.

The greatest dyspepsia water known, endorsed by the State Medical Society. Most popular summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Accommodations first-class. Beautiful lawn of forty acres; fine walks and drives, good livery, band of music, post-telegraph and express offices. Write for circular.

A CALHOUN Proprietor. may18 1m C. A. CALHOUN, Proprietor.

SUMMER RESORT.

Sweet Water Park Hotel,

LITHIA SPRINGS, GA

20 Miles from Atlanta.

Altitude, 1,200 feet. Woncerful Lithia water and baths, electric, vapor, massage, needle, etc.; cure kidney and bladder troubles, gout, rheumatism, insomnia, etc. New management. H. T. Blake, proprietor. Spring rate \$10 to \$15 per week. Rooms with private baths and tollets. Every modern convenience. Hotel cost \$250,000. Bathhouse, \$15,000.

City Office—Opposite Aragon hotel. Telephone 1086. may18 1m

Remember

that HOTEL CUMBERLAND,

Cumberland Island Ga., Is one of the most deligniful summer re-sorts in America, and has to offer— A Climate that is charming the year

A Climate that is charming the year round.
The perfection of Surf Bathing.
A full Orchestra.
A First-class Livery.
Grand Fishing and Boating.
"Fishing parties entertained at all times.
Summer season begins May 22d."
Cuisine unexcelled, and Liberal Management.
LEE T. SHACKELFORD,
aprill-man-wed-fri-3m
Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARPS.

PRESTON & SMITH,
Attorneys at Law, 510 Mulberry street,
Macon, Ga. Any matters entrusted to our
care, whether in or out of the city of Macon,
will receive prompt and careful attention.

MARVIN L. CASE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
201 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.
C. B. REYNOLDS,
Attorney at Law,
274 Wall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. W. GOODRICH,
ARCHITECT,
ATLANTA, GA.
Address P. O. Box 374 DR. D. S. ARNOLD,
DENTIST,
Crown and bridge work a specialty. Over
Bratton's Drug Store, Peachtree street.
febl—ly

febl—ly

HALL BROTHERS,
Civil and mining engineers, 57 Gate City
bank building, Atlanta Ga. Surveys of all
kinds. Special attention given to mines,
quarries and hydraulics. july29—ly R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, LAWYERS, Offices-1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe Building, 694 Whitehall street. Telephone 520. SHUBRICK & DALEY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office 31½ South Broad street.

DR. C. C. STOCKARD,
Diseases of Children.
Office and residence 55 North Forsyth
street. Office hours—10 to 11 and 2 to 3.
Telephone 757.

may 13—1m HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
Attorney at Law, MACON, GA.
Sepcial attention to railroad damages, corporation cases and collections for nonresidents, may16 6m

AMUSEMENTS.

Association do not hold their picnic until about June 12th, and will probably picnic at Tallulah Falls.

The opinion seems to have become prevalent that the association would hold their picnic on the 23d of May, which is not correct.

A. W. FARLINGER. Secretary.

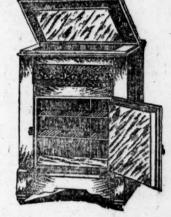
Handy Things to Remember.

We have mentioned them before but they are so good we must tell them again. From OUR store you can go out for a stroll, a drive, to a box at the theater, to business, or to the ballroom, with the comforting assurance that you are not only "clothed" but "dressed." Our prices make the times seem easy. Just you come in. If there's anything you want all right. If not, all right again.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING COMPANY, 38 Whitehall, (Best quality for the least money.) Atlanta, Ga.

The New Hardware

House Furnishing Store



Carry a full line of Water Filters. Refrigerators \$7.25, Ice Cream Freezers \$1.25 to \$3, Ice Shavers 50c, Chafing Dishes, 5 o'clock Tea



Sets. Prices cheaper than anybody. They are the people you must see. A Royal Roaster for \$1.25. Will reduce your butcher's bill 25 per cent. Everything a housekeeper

Fitten-Thompson HARDWARE CO.

Cor. Broad and Marietta Sts.

SELLING OUT

BELOW COST. TO GO OUT OF BUSINESS. We have decided to give up the Shoe business in Atlanta, and now offer any Shoe in the store at cost, and many Shoes below cost. Our store is for rent and fixtures for sale,

fused for any Shoe in the store. All must be sold, as we are going

sible. No reasonable offer will be re-

We have a large stock to select

M. L. LAMBERT, 82 Whitehall Street. 82

For Kidney Trouble use Royal Germeteur

Commissioner's Sale. GEORGIA, ROCKDALE COUNTY .- By

virtue of an order of the judge of the su-perior court of Rockdale county, passed at April term, 1894, will be sold before the courthouse door in Rockdale county between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock on the first Tuesday in June next, at public outcry, the following property: One hundred and the following property: One hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, in the sixteenth district of said county, bounded on the west by paper mill land, north and east by George Johnson's land, north and by John F. Peek's. This land embraces fine water power on Yellow river, upon which there is a grist mill. Of easy access, two miles north of Conyers. This is valuable property. Terms of sale, one-third cash, one-third in twenty-four months, with 3 per cent interest from day of sale. Bond for titles given to purchaser.

W. H. M. AUSTIN,

W. H. M. AUSTIN, J. L. McCALLA, J. J. LANGFORD. Commissioners, may 34t wed



KELLAM & MOORE, Scientic Opticians

Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico. Series No. 14. Cut three of these coupons from The Constitution and bring or send them with five 2-cent stamps or 1/2 cents to The Constitution and receive this beautiful book. All back numbers can be furnished

PORTFOLIO

on application.

of Famous Paintings of the World. Series No. 13. Cut three of these out and bring or send with 10 cents (or five 2-cent stamps) to Art Department, Consti-tution, and you will receive this col-lection of famous masterpieces. All back numbers can be furnishe

on application. GLIMPSES OF AMERICA.

Series No. 12.

Cut three of these coupons from THE CONSTITUTION and bring or send them with five 2-cent stamps, or 10 cents, to THE CONSTITUTION and receive this beautiful book.

All back numbers can be furnished on application. GLIMPSES OF AMERICA.

of the UNITED STATES. UNITED STATES.

Series No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
Cut out three of these coupons, and bring or send them to The Constitution office with 60 cents, or 30 2-cent stamps, for above complete set of this valuable collection.

All back numbers can be furnished on application.

THE HIGHER OFFICIALS

AMERICAN ENCYCLOPAEDIO

DICTIONARY. "A Library in Itself." Series No. 10. Bring or send 3 coupons of different dates, with 15 cents, to The Constitution and one part of the dictionary will be delivered or sent you. Mail orders, to be promptly filled, must contain name and address of sender and specify the number wanted. Don't wate on any other subject. Issued weekly.

All back numbers can be furnished on application.

PORTFOLIO WORLD'S FAIR VIEWS.
Series No. 15.
THE MAGIC CITY! Cut three of these out and send or bring, with five 2-cent stamps or 10 cents, to Art Department Constitu-tion and you will receive this superb collection of World's Fair views. Air back numbers can be furnished

on application. BOOK OF THE BUILDERS HISTORY OF THE ..



CITY readers bring three coupons and 25 cents to Art Department of THE CONSTITUTION for any part of the Book of the Builders.
Out of town readers send three coupons and 30 cents to Art Department of THE CONSTITUTION and any part will be mailed you postage prepaid.

All back numbers can be furnished

THE CENTURY WAR BOOK. Series No. 3. Bring or send hree coupons with 10c and one partof this book will be delivered or sent you post

age prepa d. All back numbers can be furnished on application.

Series No. 1.
ORIENTAL AND OCCIDENTAL NORTH ORIENTAL AND OCCIDENTAL NORTH-ERN AND SOUTHERN PORTRAIT TYPES OF MIDWAY PLAISANCE. Bring or send 10 cents (or five 2-cent stamps) to Art Départment, Consti-tution, for each part of above work-ten parts in all-\$1 for the whole. All back numbers can be furnished on applicator. DAMAGE IN THE WAKE OF THE COLD WAVE IN BEHALF OF ITS PRESERVATION

Farmers of Western Georgia Alarmed Over the Prospect of the Cotton Crop-Everything Nipped in the Bud.

In view of the recent cold wave and the general interest in its effect upon the crops of the state, the report of the weather department for this week is of unusual significance. This report is a consensus of ob servations taken in every county of the state and gives the true conditions of the crops throughout every section in Georgia. For the first time this year Mr. Morrill's report shows a gloomy prospect, but this, of course, is due to the injurious effects of the cold wave, and there is yet hope, under favorable conditions, for things to take on

The report says: 'The weather during the past week was excellent up to Friday, the temperature being above normal and showers falling in nearly every section of the state. Friday night it turned suddenly cold and Saturday and Sunday were as cold as has been seldom known so late in the season. Saturday night the mercury ranged from 36 degrees in the north to 46 degrees in the south section of the state. Happily it was cloudy and windy, else destructive frosts would certainly have occurred over the northern half of the state. As it was, the high, cold wind caused the leaves of cotton and other tender plants to shrivel and die. It is yet too early to say how much permanent damage has been done, as time alone can show whether plants will again put out. It seems probable, though, that not a great amount of cotton has been actually killed and that the chief effect will be a retarda-

of its growth. which the northwestern counties of the state enjoyed the first part of last week, caused all vegetation to thrive and grow rapidly, and the prospects for a good crop of corn and cotton were never more flat-ering up to Friday night. On Saturday a or corn and cotton were never more latering up to Friday night. On Saturday a moderate cold wave began to set in, which blighted the cotton crop. Some few farmers report the cotton killed outright, but it is thought by others not to be so bad, and will only amount to a general thinning out of that staple, and with favorable weather to follow there will be a fair stand of cotton left. Corn is hardler and not very much damaged, except a little by the high winds. In some places corn is receiving its second plowing. With good weather it will revive from its present depressed condition, and will be a good crop. Wheat and oats do not seem to have been hurt very much. Oats will be a poor crop. Wheat is affected a little by rust. Garden vegetables of all kinds are stunted, but will come out all right. All kinds of fruit will be very scarce. Apples are falling off, "Reports received from the northern section indicate a very discouraging state of affairs. The early part of the week was favorable for the rapid growth of vegetation and the advancement of farm work, but on the 19th the weather turned cold and windy, with heavy rain, and in some localities, sleet and hall, which put a stop to

but on the 19th the weather turned cold and windy, with heavy rain, and in some localities, sleet and hall, which put a stop to cotton chopping and injured the crop greatly. Many planters fear that much cotton has been killed and will have to be replanted, while all agree that the damage is serious. At present the full effects of the cold and unfavorable weather can scarcely be accurately estimated. Corn still appears to be in fair condition, not greatly injured by the cold winds. Some complaints are made of the ravages of cutworms and moles. Wheat, oats and rye, although set back, are not seriously injured, and the prospects are for a fair yield. Fruit is a total failure, except apples, of which there are a few. Irish potatoes are growing nicely.

are a few. Irish potatoes are growing nicely.

"Damage to cotton is reported all through the northeast section of the state. The extent of the damage cannot be estimated as yet; it will take warm, sunshing weather to tell whether the plant will revive. Many farmers think replanting necessary, but there are some unfortunate ones who have not the means at hand to procure more cotton seed. The leaves have been withered and killed on much of the early cotton, but there are hopes that the bud still has life and that warm weather will start the growth of cotton anew. Anyway, the cold of the past few days has materially and seriously retarded the growth of cotton, and '94's cotton crop will be a late one in this section of the state.

"Many of the farmers of western Georgia are badly frightened about their cotton crop. Cotton was coming along pretty well, weekly all chemical out and the stands were

crop. Cotton was coming along pretty well, nearly all chopped out, and the stands were good; the cold weather during the last few crop. Cotton was coming along pretty well, nearly all chopped out, and the stands were good; the cold weather during the last few days has complétely reversed the cotton aspect. The leaves have wilted and the plant looks scorched. Some say that a portion of the cotton crop has been killed outright, and that more of the crop will die. Farmers are waiting for warmth and sunshine to determine the exact extent of the injury to cotton. Besides the injury to cotton the recent cold winds have played havoc with the growing garden truck. Beans, cucumbers, squash and watermelons have all been damaged. Corn is thought to be in better condition than all other crops. The stands of corn are good and the crop as a whole is growing nicely. Wheat has rusted some. Oats have headed low.

"The cold weather in southwest Georgia has had a very bad effect on the cotton. In some places the leaves were killed. The high winds have done great damage by twisting and rolling the melon vines and in some places whipping the young melons off. Fall oats are ready for the scythe and in a few places have been cut. Corn is small but is doing well and has a good color. A great many potato slips have been set out since the rain. A great many potato slips have been

color. A great many potato slips have been set out since the rain,

"Even in the southern section of the state the cold weather has retarded crop growth. No apparent injury has been done cotton and other crops, as a rule, other than to make the growing season a late one. Cotton and corn generally look healthy, in good condition. Only a small portion of the cotton crop has oeen made to look sick, the leaves turning yellow by the high, cold winds of Saturday night and Sunday. Oat harvesting is at hand and the yield of oats per acre is not very heavy. Sugarcane, peanuts and potatoes are growing well. The growth of watermelons has been retarded four or five days by the cold weather.

retarded four or five days by the cold weather.

"The weather in the southeastern counties, although unseasonably cold during the last half of the week, has, on the whole, been rather favorable for crops. Oats have been greatly improved by the recent rains and harvesting is in progress in many localities. Cotton is growing nicely and chopping is being pushed when the weather will permit. On bottom lands the staple was injured slightly by heavy rains. Truck farmers are shipping beans and potatoes to market and report prices received as satisfactory. Corn, rice and peas show wonderful improvement in many localities and it is hoped that the yield may be larger than has been expected. Sugarcane and sweet potatoes are growing nicely and large yields are expected."

Weather Synopsis and Forecast. The weather has, steadily, during the past wo days, been growing warmer in Geor-ia. In Atlanta the maximum temperature yesterday was 71 degrees, higher by 9 de grees than Monday's maximum, and 21

degrees higher than the maximum on Sun-day. Still the weather is yet cooler than seasonably by nearly 10 degrees. The present weather conditions over the whole country are very much mixed; no well defined storm areas or warm or cold areas are moving across the country, and areas are moving across the country, and the weather for the ensuing two days is by no means certain. However, as warm weather continues to prevail over most of the territory west of the Mississippl, it is probable that temperatures will continue to rise in Georgia, if but slowly. The highest temperature reported yester-day was 92 degrees at San Antonio, Tex. Chicago had a maximum temperature of but 50 degrees.

but 50 degrees.

Light local rains were reported yesterday in Virginia, Ohio and Michigan and in the states farther to the northeast.

Forecast for Georgia today: Generally fair, slightly warmer.

Bargains in Brushes. Bargains in Brusnes.

See the display in Jacobs' Pharmacy winflows, next store west of old stand. All
kinds of brushes at 5, 10, 15, 25, 35 and 50
cents. Great piles of them—many as good
as new. Here's your chance for cheap
brushes. Call and get them at once. These
bargains will only last a day or two. Watch
their announcements for a succession of
bargains.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

A GLOOMY PROSPECT. GEORGIA'S HISTORY.

Men's Library

The Newly Elected Officers Installed Yeserday Alternoon at the First Regular Meeting.

The preservation of Georgia's history was an interesting topic of discussion at the first regular meeting of the new board of the Young Men's Library Association yesterday afternoon.

yesterday afternoon.

It was agreed by all the members present to make a vigorous and persistent effort in this direction, and to secure, if possible, all publications extant which have a bearing upon Georgia's history since the time of her earliest struggles as a royal colony. This embraces a period of 165 years, and, while the later records of the state are well preserved, the earlier sufferings of the

colony, in the days of George II, and all of that era prior to the American revolu-tion, are represented in a manner which fails far short of the true dignity of history.
No state in the union has figured with greater prominence in all the affairs of the republic tnan Georgia, and the place for preserving the records of what she has accomplished is the capital city of the state. Every volume, therefore, of interest, relating to Georgia archives should be pre-

served for the benefit of succeeding genera is, in the Young Men's Library. A liberal appropriation will be voted for this purpose during the year. In the meantime such distinguished Georgians as Dr. H. V. M. Miller, Chief Justice Logan E. Bleckley and Judge Richard H. Clark, who are men of broad learning,

ripe experience and distinct recollection, will be called upon to aid in this endeavor in the way of interesting papers, lectures and reminiscences. It will be a treat to hear these learned men, aside from the valuable information to be gained. New Officers Installed.

The new officers of the association were installed yesterday afternoon.

It was the first regular meeting after the annual election, which occurred last Thursday. Mr. Eugene M. Mitchell, the secretary of the former board, called the meeting to order, for the purpose of reading the returns of the election and to declare the new officers elected, in accordance with the terms

of the constitution.

The following officers for the ensuing year were declared elected, in due form: President-Mr. George R. DeSaussure.

President—Mr. George R. Desaussure. Vice president—Mr. James R. Nutting. Secretary—Mr. Eugene M. Mitchell. Treasurer—Mr. M. T. LaHatte. The new board was, thereupon, organ-ized, with Mr. DeSaussure in the chair and

Mr. Mitchell as secretary.

The president returned his hearty thanks to the association, as represented in the to the association, as represented in the board meeting, and called upon the members present for their earnest support and cooperation. He was constrained, under the strict interpretation of his duties, to rigidly enforce the provisions of the constitution, which he would do to the interest of each member of the board. As the executive head of the association he was called upon to act for the highest interests of the library.

to act for the hignest interests of brary.

A resolution of thanks was passed by the board commending the able administration of the retiring officer, Mr. Charles A. Read. At a subsequent meeting Mr. Read will be re-elected to membership on the board, as the law requires that a member of the board must resign his position as a director in order to occupy the presidency.

Committees for the Year. The following committees for the year were named by Mr. DeSaussure yesterday

were named by Mr. DeSaussure yesterday afternoon:
Committee on library and rooms—Messrs. Hooper Alexander, F. J. Paxon, T. E. Horton and E. C. Kontz.
Committee on finance—Messrs. Charles F. Price, chairman; F. M. Scott, Charles I Branan and A. A. Meyer.
Committee on entertainment—Messrs. C. I. Branan, chairman; W. M. Slaton, Howard Van Epps and T. E. Horton.
Committee on Georgia history and archives—Messrs. L. L. Knight, chairman; Hooper Alexander, T. E. Horton, C. L. Normann and E. C. Kontz.
Auditing committee—Charles I Branan.
Comptroller—Hooper Alexander.

Major Hubner at the Library.

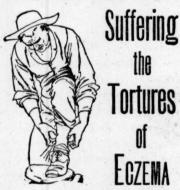
Major Hubner at the Library. Major Charles W. Hubner, whose reputa-tion as a man of letters is coextensive with the nation, and who has always been an ardent friend of the association, will be connected with the library during the sum-mer months in an official capacity.

...s is a fortunate acquisition. Major

mer months in an official capacity.

...s is a fortunate acquisition. Major Hubner is not only a man of distinguished attributed in Atlanta ever since the war, and his beautiful verses, which have appeared from time to time in the public prints, have stamped their indellible impress upon the better life of this community. Major Hubner is also a prose writer of distinguished reputation, and several books have emanated from his pen which will occupy a permanent place in the literature of this state and preserve his rare genius long after his pen is sheathed forever. There is not in Georgia today a ore cultured gentleman than Major Hubner, and his connection with the library is a matter of congratulation to all of the members of the board.

Mr. S. P. Jones, the assistant secretary of the association, who left in the Barrett party last Monday afternoon, will sail from New York today. He will return to the city about the 1st of September.



And yet lives in ignorance of the fact that a single application of the CUTICURA REME-DIES, will, in the majority of cases, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. CUTICURA Works Wonders, and its cures of torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating humors are the most wonderful ever recorded.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug AND CHEA. COMP., sole props., Boston. 43 "All About the Blood and Skin," mailed free.

• • Facial Blemishes, falling hair and simple baby rashes prevented by Cuticura soap.

Nervous

Muscular

Muscular

Weakness

Muscular

Muscula

Old papers for sale at The Constitution Office 20 cents per hundred.



A little higher in Price -but." We invite Housekeepers to insist upon being supplied with the

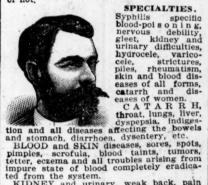
"FERRIS" BRAND.

Sold by the Better Grocers.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

Broken **Engagements**

ness. Married life is often made unhappy from the same cause. Is it not best to be a perfect man or a perfect woman? Dr. Hathaway & Co. have for years made a specialty of all diseases peculiar to men and women. Private skin and blood troubles. If you will call or write to them about your case it may save you many years of suffering. They are true, genuine specialists, and their reputation for skill and honesty cannot be questioned. Consultation is free and a candid opinion given SPECIALTIES.



impure state of blood completely eradicated from the system.

KIDNEY and urinary, weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, brick dust or white sediment in urine, painful or frequent urination. Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder of both sexes.

NERVOUSNESS and its attending allments, of both the young and middleaged. The awful effects or neglected or improperly treated cases, producing weakness, nervous debility, weakness of both body and brain, ouzsiness, failing memory, lack of energy and confidence and many other well known symptoms not necessary to mention here, unfitting one for study, business and enjoyinent of life.

LADLES will receive careful and special LADIES will receive careful and special treatment for their many allments.

Mail treament by sending for symptom blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases, No. 4 for catarrh. Call on them or address u.em.

Dr. Hathaway & Co., 22½ So. Broad St., Atlanta Ga., rooms 33 and 35 Inman Building.

Hours-9 to 12; 2 to 6; 7 to 8. Sundays, 2-cent stamp for 64-page reference



AUCTIONEER G. W. ADAIR,

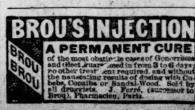
Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county granted at the March term, 1894, I will sell before the courthouse door on the first Tuesday in June, 1894, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: The equity of redemption in all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in city of Atlanta, part of land lot number fifty-two (52) of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Georgia, and being the southeast corner of courtland avenue and Gilmer street, fronting one hundred (100) feet, more or less, on the east side of Courtland avenue and extending back east uniform width two nundred (200) feet, more or less, on the south side of Gilmer street and known in the original plan in the city of Atlanta as city lot number ninety-two (92). The said property having been deeded by J. J. Toon to Charles A. Francisco on the 31st of January, 1893, as per deed recorded in book M 4, page 609, said deed having been made to secure a loan of \$7,000, which loan must be assumed by the purchaser. Sold for the purpose of paying debts. Terms cash. debts. Terms cash.

Administratrix of Estate of Joshua J. Toon.

Deceased. may-9-16-23-30-wed





Of the Property, of the Rome Street Railroad Company.

Under and by virtue of authority and Drower, vested in the American Security and Trust Company, of Washington, D. C., by a certain deed of trust made and executed by the Rome Street Hailroad Company of kome, Ga., to said American Security and Trust Company on November 23, 1891, and recorded in book "V" of Mortgages in the clerk's office of the superior court of Floyd county, state of Georgia, pages 455 et seq to sell the property described in said deed of trust, and all other property subsequently acquired by said Rome Street Railroad Company, subject to the terms of said deed, upon the default by said Rome Street Railroad Company in any of the covenants, conditions or provisions of said deed, or any of the clauses thereof, and a continuation of such default for three months, whenever one-fourth (4) in amount of the bondholders of bonds then outstanding of said railroad company secured by said deed of trust, should so elect and demand of said

tion of such default for three months, whenever one-fourth (½) in amount of the bondholders of bonds then outstanding of said railroad company secured by said deed of trust, should so elect and demand of said trustee in writing:

And whereas said Rome Street Railroad Company has failed to pay and has made default in the payment of the interest due upon certain of the bonds of said railroad company outstanding and secured by said deed of trust, although the warrants or coupons for said interest were duly presented and demanded in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and said default has continued for more than three months since demand:

And whereas the holders of one-fourth (½) in amount of said outstanding bonds have elected that the bonds secured by said deeds shall become immediately due and payable, and have in writing duly demanded of the said trustee to so declare to notify the proper officers of the Rome Street Railroad Company of said default, and of their election, and have further demanded of said trustee to proceed at once to collect both principal and interest of all such outstanding bonds by a sale of the property described in and subject to said deed of trust:

And whereas said trustee has so declared

standing bonds by a sale of the property described in and subject to said deed of trust:

And whereas said trustee has so declared and has notified the proper officer of said Rome Street Railroad Company of such default, and given due notice that it will forthwith proceed to advertise and sell the property described in said deed:

And whereas all conditions encumbent upon said bondholders and said trustee preliminary to the enforcement of the remedies provided in said deed of trust have been compiled with:

Now then, notice is hereby given, that for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of said deed of trust, and in accordance with the terms and conditions thereof, and for the purpose of collecting the principal and interest due on said outstanding bonds, the said American Security and Trust Company, acting through and by a properly authorized agent and attorney, will, on the 5th day of July, 1894, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p.m., in front of the courthouse door to Rome Ga offer for sale and sail at pub.

said American Security and Trust Company, acting through and by a properly authorized agent and attorney, will, on the 5th day of July, 1894, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p m., in front of the courthouse door in Rome, Ga., offer for sale and sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for the cash, the following described property, to-wit:

All the property, both real and personal of the said Rome Street Railroad Company including all and singular the entire railroad, or railroads of said company, lying, being and extending within the corporate limits of the city of Rome, the town of East Rome, the town of Frintyp City, and the town of Forestville, and beyond said corporate limits in the county of Floyd and state of Georgia, and consisting of the following street car lines or street railways, namely: The line of railroads, including right of way, tracks, sidetracks and turnouts, overhead wiring, poles, fixtures, depots and all other appurtenances, beginning at the depot of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company, in East Rome, Georgia, thence north and northeasterly to Howard avenue; thence northeasterly to Howard avenue, crossing the Howard avenue and Second (2nd) avenue bridge over the Etowah river into the city of Rome; thence ensetrly along Broad street to Sixth (5th, avenue; thence easterly along Broad street to Sixth (5th, avenue; thence easterly along Broad street to Ross street; thence northeasterly along Broad street to Sixth (5th, avenue; thence easterly along Broad street to Ross street; thence northeasterly along Broad to Third (3d) street or Callahan avenue in Printup City; thence east along Callahan avenue to Depot street; thence along Depot street southerly to the terminus of said line on Calhoun Road street in the town of Forestville.

Also the live of said railroad, including right of way, tracks, sidetracks and turnouts, overhead wiring, poles, fixtures and all other appurtenances, beginning at the junction of said line with said main line in Broad street, near Fifth a

miles, more or less, of tracks, sidetracks and turnouts.

Also all rights-of-way, franchises, easements, servitudes and privileges throughout the entire length of lines herein set forth, whether acquired from the state of Georgia, the county of Floyd, the city of Rome, the towns of East Rome. Forestville and Printup City, or from private or corporate persons by virtue of any law or contract made for the benefit of said railroad company, or of any use or occupation by the same.

made for the better of said fairoad company, or of any use or occupation by the same.

Also the following real estate, to-wit: Lot No. 94 in the Etowah division of the city of Rome, and bounded on the west by formerly Lumpkin street, now Eighth avenue, and on the south by formerly Court street, now East First street, and the north by lot No. 93 of said division, and on east by lot No. 93. Said lot fronting about one hundred and hirty-four (124) feet on Eighth averue and eighty-five (35) feet on East First street, and having thereon one brick building, known as the Rome Street Railroad Power House, containing engine room, boiler room, car barh, car repair shops and office.

Also the following rolling stock, cars, motors and machinery, to-wit: Four (4) motor cars; three (3) open or summer cars, numbered 2, 2 and 4, respectively; and one closed car numbered 7. All of said cars be-

ing equipped with one fifteen(15)horse-power motor each, and all necessary electrical appliances for operating them.

Also one extra street car motor of same make and capacity as on cars above.

Also two engines made by the Ball Engine Company, and being of one hundred and thirty horse-power each; and two of one hundred (160) horse-power each, made by same company, Also three (3) one hundred (160) horse power boilers made by same company, and fully supplied with heaters, pumps and all necessary appliances. Also one (1) railway generator, one hundred and thirty (130) horse-power, with necessary switch board and equipment, and one extra railway generator, one hundred and thirty (130) horse-power.

Arso one lot car repairer's tools, consisting of wrenches, cold chisels, hammers, steel bars, etc. Also one chain hoist, one hand drill and one pair of wire holders and other small tools. Also one lot of track lools, such as picks, shovels, spike bars, ipike mauls, etc. Also office furniture in laid power house, two oak roll-top desks, one office chair, one large iron safe, Hall's Safe ahd Lock Company make.

Also all lands, depots, depot grounds, station houses; all rainoads, tracks, sidetracks, switches and turnouts; all cars, motors, rolling stock, vehicles, materials, machinery, tools and implements; all power stations, dynamos, motors. line motors, posts and

rolling stock, vehicles, materials, machinery, toois and implements; all power stations dynamos, motors, line motors, posts and wires of said company. Also all rails, crossties or other material now on hand for the use or repair of said railroad, or which has been removed from same. Said railroad, including all its lines, equipments and appurtenances will be offered for sale and sold as an entirety as hereinbefore described.

Also at the same time and place the following described land, towit: Part of land lots numbers three hundred and fifty-eight. umbers three hu

iots humbers three hundred and twenty-three (223) in twenty-third (23d) district and third (3d) section of Floyd county, Georgia, beginning at a point in the center of the macadanized road leading from Rome to Cave Spring, six hundred and twelve (612) feet southwesterly from the center of the dummy line crossing on said road; thence north fifty-five (55) degrees and thirty (30) seconds west, five hundred and eighty-five (685) feet; thence north forty-two degrees, twenty seconds east, two hundred and sixty-five (265) feet; thence north 30 degrees 20 seconds east, thence north 30 degrees, 5 seconds east, three hundred and forty feet; thence north 40 degrees, 5 seconds east, six hundred and fifty-one (651) feet; thence south 64 degrees, 5 seconds east, eight hundred and fifty-one (651) feet; thence south 64 degrees, 5 seconds east, eight hundred and twenty-one (821) feet to the center of the macadamized Cave Spring road; thence along said road to starting point; said tract containing twenty-five acres, more or less.

Also a tract containing one acre, being me same upon which the roundhouse of said Rome Street Kailroad Company formerly stood in East Kome, bounded as per stakes set that the corners of said acre, together wide to said acre with the first appurtenant to said rallroad which have come through the Rome Land Company.

Also depot grounds, buildings, franchises, easements and other rights appurtenant to said rallroad which have come through the Rome Land Company.

Also the following described property towit: That tract of land lying and being in lands of Standard Scale Company, of Rome, Ga., as platted by said company and shown on the map of said company's lands as lot on corner of Division street and Alabama road or Shorter avenue, being at the intersection north of Shorter avenue and West Division street, fronting thirty (69) feet on Shorter avenue and extending back of uniform width along Division street to an alley, a distance of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet, more of least state and county, kno

Notice of election for determining upon the issuance of seven thousand dollars of school house bonds, by the town of East Point: To the People (Qualified Voters) of the Town of East Point: At a regular meeting

of the common council of said town, held of the 10th day of April, 1894, the following or

Town of East Point: At a regular meeting of the common council of said town, held on the 10th day of April, 1894, the following ordinance was unanimously adopted, viz: "An ordinance to hold an election to determine upon the issuance of seven thousand dollars of schoolhouse bonds, to provide for the registration of voters at said election, and for other purposes."

"Whereas, The common council of the town of East Point, in Fulton county, Georgia, deems it advisable to issue seven thousand dollars of bonds to be used exclusively for the purpose of building a school house in said town, it proper authority is first had therefor, and the constitution and laws of said state, viz. Paragraphs one and two of section seven of article seven of the constitution, and sections 508 (i) to 508 (m), inclusive of the Georgia code of 1882, and the new charter of said town, being an act of the general assembly approved by the governor on the 8th day of September, 1891, and an act of the general assembly approved by the governor on the 11th day of December, 1893, require the submission of the question of the issuance of said bonds, approved by the governor on the 11th day of December, 1893, require the submission of the question of the issuance of said bonds to the qualified voters of said town, therefore, "Section I. Be it ordained by the common council of the said town of East Point, that an election shall be held by the qualified voters of said town, therefore, "Section I. Be it ordained by the qualified voters of said town, therefore, and the constitution of the issuance of said bonds to the qualified voters of said town, therefore, and the constitution of the said town of East Point, that an election shall be held by the qualified voters of said town, aggregating seven thousand dollars, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, the interest to be payable on the first day of July and January I, 1824, at which time all of said principal shall be payable on the first day of July and January I, 1824, at which time all

council of the town of Fats Foint. Those voting for said bonds shall have upon their ballots the words, For Schoolhouse Bonds, and those voting against said bonds shall have upon their ballots the words, 'Against School-ouse Bonds.'

Section III. Be it further ordained that all qualified voters of said town shall be curried to vote at said election who shall register with the clerk of said council between the time of the opening of said books of registration, which shall be immediately after the passage of this ordinance, and the closing of the same, which shall be the hour of noon on the Est day of May, 1894, the day preceding said election. And any other voter whose name is not on said registration list, who, for any reason save his own negligence, has failed to register, but who is otherwise entitled to vote, shall be allowed to cast his ballot upon taking and subscribing to the oath required of those who have registered before the manager of election, which oath shall be filed with said clerk, and the name of such voter shall be entered on the registration book.

Lection IV. Be it further ordained that if said bonds are authorized and subsequently issued, an annual tax shall be assessed and collected sufficient in amount to pay the principal and interest due thereon, in accordance with their terms as above set forth.

pay the principal and interest due thereon, in accordance with their terms as above set forth.

"Section V. Re it further ordained that notice of said election shall be given by the publication of a copy of this ordinance in The Atlanta Constitution, a newspaper in said county in which the shariff's advertisements are published, for the space of thirty days next preceding the said 22d day of May, 1894, the day of election, and the mayor and clerk of said council are required and authorized to have the notice given of said election, as above provided for."

Notice is hereby given that the said election will be held on said 22d day of May, 1894, in the manner, and for the purpose in said ordinance provided.

This, April 12, 1894.

B. M. BLOUNT, Mayor of East Point.

R. F. THOMPSON, Clerk of Council.

april 15—to may 22

RAILROAD SCHEDULES Showing the Arrival and Departure of Al

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA rom Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 570m Savannah 7 45 am To Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 70m Hapeville 7 45 am To Hapeville 7 45 am Hapeville 7 45 pm To Macon 6 7 5 pm Hapeville 7 5 pm To Macon 6 7 5 pm Hapeville 7 5 pm To Macon 6 7 5 pm Hapeville 7 5 pm To Macon 6 7 5 pm Hapeville 7 5 pm To Macon 6 7 5 pm To Macon 7 5 day only.
From Hapeville.. 10 40 am to Hapeville..... fo Hapeville..... fo Hapeville..... WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD. From Nashville. 7 00 am STo Nashville. 8 0
From Marietta. 5 20 am STo Chattanooga. 3 07
SFrom Chattanooga. 3 07
SFrom Chattanooga. 3 07
SFrom Nashville 6 25 pm STo Nashville. 8 22
ATLANFA AND WEST POINT SAILGOAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

SFrom Augusta... 6 J0 am 870 Augusta... 7 20 am From Covingtou... 7 56 am To Clarkston... 12 05 pm 5From Augusta... 1 15 pm 870 Augusta... 1 40 pm From Cl-rkston... 1 45 pm 70 Covin.ton... 6 30 pm 5From Augusta... 6 15 pm 970 Augusta... 10 45 pm RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

SFrom Washington 50 am STo Mishington. 12 50 am STo Washington. 12 50 am STo Washington. 12 50 am STo Washington. 12 50 am SFrom Washington J 56 pm To Toccos. 4 35 pm SFrom Rohmond. 90 pm STo Washington. 500 pm Prom Cornella, 50 pm STO Washington. 2 50 pm Prom Cornella, 50 pm To Cornella, 50 pm Sunday only 9 50 am day only 2 50 pm THE GEORGIA FACIFIC RAILWAY 8From Birmin'h'ml1 40am STo Birmincham... 4 10 pm From Taliapoosa 8 30 am STo Greenville...... 6 45am From Greenville 8 5) pm STo Taliapoosa..... 6 15 pm

GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION,)

\$From Washingt'n 3 00 pm \$To Charleston.... 7 18xm \$From Charleston 6 45 pm \$To Washington... 5 05 pm GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULF. (VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GRIFFIN

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.
From Ft. Valley...10 10 am | To Fort Valley....3 10pm

NASHVILLE & EVANSVILLE Over the L. & N-E. & T. H.-C. & E. I. R. R.'s olid Vestibule Trains with Elegant Dining Service



CHICAGO, MINNEAPOLIS.

J.M.CUTLER, G.S.A., J.B.CAVANAUGH, G.P.A.,
Atlanta, Ga. Evansville, Ind.

CEABOARD AIR-LINE. SCHEDULE O IN EFFECT APRIL, 8, 1894. Atlanta Special" Solid Vestibuled Train-No Extra Fare Charged. NORTHBOUND.

SOUTHBOUND No. 38. No. 14. Eastern Time. No. 127. No. 11 Daily. Daily. Except Atlants. Daily. Daily 7 15am 6 66 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 100 pm 24 pm 10 94 am 7 66 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 100 pm 25 pm 10 94 am 7 68 pm Lawrencevide.... 2 23 pm 75 68 pm 10 94 am 7 68 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 1 37 pm 6 24 pm 10 45 am 6 15 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 1 37 pm 6 25 pm 11 45 am 9 66 pm Ar Liberton... Lr 12 40 pm 4 25 pm 12 57 pm 10 05 pm Ar Abberlie Lv 11 47 am 07 pm 12 10 pm 10 25 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 11 17 am 07 pm 12 pm 10 25 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 11 17 am 07 pm 12 pm 10 25 pm Ar ... Clinton ... Lv 8 66 am 145 pm 16 10 pm 1 15 am | Ar ... Chester ... Lv 8 66 am 19 95 am 16 10 pm 1 15 am | Ar ... Monroe ... Lv 7 30 am 15 60 am 16 10 pm 16 15 am | Ar ... Monroe ... Lv 7 730 am 15 60 am

5 50 pm Lv Pa'c (w) Ac | 8 00 a n | 6 20 am Ar Wasn'gton L | 7 00 pm | tor; Daily except Sanday.

(b) Via Bay Line. (a) Via New York, Philadelphis and Norfolk R. d. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co. T sins Nos. 134 and 137 soud vestible of Linia with Pollman Sinfet sceping can between Mashington and Pullman Enfet parior cars between Washington and New York; siceping on Hamilet and Winnington. Trains Nos. 3 and 43 ream solid between Atlanta and Columbia, S. C., with through coach for Charlesian, C. C. Tickels union cepts or at company's fixes office, No. 6 Kluibali House.

T. J. And D. K. S. J. J. H. N. H. WIN JER, C. C. A. General Manages. GEO. W. TAYDUR, S. P. A., 6 Kimbali House, W. L. O'DWIEL, Div. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, 3

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT-LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAIL-road Company, the most direct line and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect May 6th, 1894:

SOUTH BOUND. No. 50. No. 52. No. 54. Daily. Daily. Lv Atlanta . . . | 4 le b m | 1.30 p m | 5.35 a m Ar Newnan . . . | 5 25 p m | 3.10 p m | 6.35 a m Ar LaGrange . . | 6 25 p m | 4.75 p m | 7.47 a m Ar West Foint . . | 6 25 p m | 4.77 p m | 7.47 a m Ar West Foint . | 6 25 p m | 5 22 p m | 8.17 a m Ar Opelika . . | 7 33 p m | 5 22 p m | 9.02 a m Ar Columbus . | 7 33 p m | 5 25 p m | 9.02 a m Ar Montgomery . | 9 20 p m | 8 30 p m | 10 15 a m Ar Montgomery . | 3 to a m | 6 55 p m | Ar Montgomery . | 3 to a m | 6 55 p m | Ar Montgomery . | 3 to a m | 6 55 p m | Ar Montgomery . | 3 to a m | 8 unday 10 25 p m | Ar Houston Textle 50 p m | only | Lv Atlanta . | 1.30 p m | 4 10 p m | 4 10 p m | Ar Selma . | 10 45 p m | 10 10 a m | 11 15 a m | NOPER BOUND | NO.5 | NO NORTH BOUND. No. 61. No. 62. No. 6 Daily Daily Daily

Lv N. Oricans ... | 11 00 a m | 7 50 p m | Lv Mobile ... | 2 35 p m | 12 20 a m | ... | Lv Pensacole ... | 1 35 p m | 13 30 p m | ... | Ar Montgomery | 8 45 p m | 6 10 a m | ... | 1 50 a m | Lv Montgomery | 10 00 p m | 6 20 a m | 10 00 a m | Lv Montgomery | 10 00 p m | 6 20 a m | 10 00 a m | Lv Columbus ... | 2 00 p m | 6 30 a m | 10 15 a m | 1 15 a Opelika... 2 00 p m 8 19 a m 12 50 p m West Point. 2 03 a m 8 55 a m 1 2 50 p m West Point. 2 03 a m 8 55 a m 1 20 p m LaGrange... 3 39 a m 9 24 a m 1 54 p m Newman... 4 55 a m 10 21 a m 2 10 p m Atlanta... 6 40 a m 11 49 a m 4 45 p m

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER.

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK

No. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, O.

Pernami lulu-

From The Recently as Adamso ed from th Insignia of Mr. Adams esting one general of and perhap the service Pennsylva

A GEO

THIRTY

Began His

side were or Qualier or Qualier scendants to New Y. His office when, on Stevens as he was a consul at of war mortant of vicinity the barra, Floserious de In May, charge 28 the Alaba to provide had forband bank rency draws if the the captu of the coBritish b

and the home.

In May, of Pernar vigorous ted to co case he of the pre afterwar empire, a the suprethe chief sul Adam cases he the war States in thanks of thanks ington. partme

partme more in An home of June sulate a partmen son was for the ed cert not bee in carr sul we the du state : large r
In Fe
iam D.
ed to t
lia. She
he receian cab
hamaha
cept the
fairs of

he succ necessar ed State regard t

bourne,
and stor
British
the dest
ships, fe
allowed
In 1877
sence to
commiss
Janeiro,
years to
of state
ence in
of Portu
peculatio
for twen
superiors
recovered
treasury,
eral Ada
Colombia
work on
great im
ma, in A
diately of
which the
indiately of
their jus
rights o
prisoning
ad State
Mr. Ada
the pres
argumen
the who
side of
with th
1884-85,
war.
with Bos
our min
with Wa
Adamson
United S
cate qui
ceive pr
of the re
1885, eva
rulers, o
The cit
of the r
1885, eva
rulers, o
The cit
of the r
1885, eva
rulers, o
The cit
of the r
1885, eva
retaken
last nam
Prestan.
Colon, in
at that p
American
ho burne
homeless
ress ther
tion upor
arose, an
walt for
Consul
strengthe
secretary
sent him
partment
ment, an
long exp
to exerci
and will
you."
The bu
of the i
United S
control
Consul
strengthe
secretary
sent him
partment
ment, an
long exp
to exerci
and will
you."
The bu
of the i
United S
control
of the i
The in
The notic
would be
would be
would be
real. Con
pany of I
The notic
would be
real. Con
pany of I

A GEORGIAN HONORED

DOLES

DEPART.

lle..... 9 00 am

e. ... 8 05 am oga., 3 01 pm 5 30 pm 8 20 pm

ALLROAD.

tgomery 5 35 am chester... 9 00 am etto.... 11 55 am a 1 30 pm tgomery 4 10 pm an 5 45 pm lng Train Sunday

n.... 5 10 pm

ington... 9 00 pm

AILWAY

ERN DIVISION.)

RAILROAD.

Most Direct

NSVILLE & E. I. R. R.'s at Dining Service

HICAGO, LWAUKEE

NEAPOLIS,

est, Michigan and ble Daily Service

NAUGH, G.P.A., Evansville, Ind

CHEDULE

Vestibuled

SOUTHBOUND.

No. 127. | No. 41 Dai y. | Dai y

100 pm 6 45 pm

2 51 pm 6 24 pm 2 23 pm 75 50 pm 1 37 pm 6 63 pm 12 40 pm 4 62 pm 11 47 am 3 07 pm 11 17 am 2 11 pm 10 05 am 1 45 pm

8 60 am 19 45 am

5 00 am
7 00 pm
1 30 p m
1 30 p m
1 2 43 p m
1 12 43 p m
1 15 am
7 1 5am

r 11 05 pm N 8 35 pm N 8 00 pm r 8 00 pm v 17 00 pm

EANS SHORT

New Orleans,

effect May 6th,

10 p m 4 10 p m 10 a m 11 15 a m

Man vestibule New Orleans

buffet sleeping

GEE, Pass Agt.

HIS PAPER.

NG INK CO.

I, O. ...

EET,

... 7 00 am

LERR

Wade a Member of the Order of the Double Dragon.

THIRTY YEARS OF PUBLIC LIFE.

Began His Career During the Civil War at Pernambuco, Brazil - Sent to Honolulu-Rendering Valuable Service.

From The New York Times.

Recently the press announced that Thomas Adamson, of Cedartown, Ga., had received from the emperor of China the star and Insignia of the Order of the Double Dragon. Mr. Adamson's life has been a most inter-csting one. Until recently he was consul-general of the United States at Panama. and perhaps the most experienced officer in the service. He is a native of Chester county Pennsylvania. His ancestors on his father's side were of the religious society of Friends, or Quakers, and on his mother's side scendants of French Huguenots who came

to New York in 1675. His official life began November 25, 1861, when, on the recommendation of Thaddeus Stevens and other eminent Pennsylvanians, he was appointed by President Lincoln as consul at Pernambuco, Brazil. The accidents of war made that post one of the most important of our consulates, for it was in that vicinity that the Anglo-rebel curisers Ala-bama, Florida and Georgia made their most

bama, Florida and Georgia made their most serious depredations on our commerce. In May, 1883, Mr. Adamson had under his charge 294 of the men taken prisoners by the Alabama and Florida, for whom he had to provide. The United States government had forbidden consuls to draw for gold, and bankers in Brazil refused to buy currency drafts, so that for a time it seemed as if the consul might not be able to feed the captured men. The personal character of the consul enabled him to borrow of a British banker the money he would not advance on the credit of the United States, and the men were cared for and sent home.

In May, 1863, the Florida entered the port In May, 1863, the Florida entered the port of Pernambuco, and Mr. Adamson made a vigorous protest against her being permitted to coal there. In his discussion of the case he was pitted against the president of the province, who was an eminent lawyer, afterward minister of foreign affairs of the empire, and who was assisted by a judge of the supreme court, who afterward became the chief legal adviser of the emperor. Consul Adamson's management of the difficult sul Adamson's management of the difficult cases he had to deal with secured for him the warm commendation of the United States minister at Rio de Janeiro and the thanks of the department of state at Washington. His watchful care of the disbursements for relief of seamen secured for him the favorable notice of the treasury department. His services to vessels in distress caused the boards of underwriters of New York and Boston to petition the de-partment of state to promote him to a still more important position. In April, 1869, Consul Adamson returned

home on leave of absence, and on the first of June, 1869, he was appointed to the con-sulate at Honolulu. On reporting at the department for instructions. Mr. Adam-son was informed that he had been selected the post because that department wish-certain things done there which it had not been able to get any consuit to do; that in carrying out his instructions the consul would make himself unpopular, but the duty must be performed, even if the consul had to be sacrificed. Mr. Adamson performed the duty assigned to him, and received the thanks of the department of state for his faithful administration, which, as Hamilton Fish said, had resulted in turning a consulate that had cost the government \$30,000 a year into a source of

large revenue. In February, 1871, at the instance of Will-iam D. Kelley, Mr. Adamson was appoint-ed to the consulate at Melbourne, Australia. Shortly after his arrival at Melbourne he received from a member of the Hawaiian cabinet an intimation that King Kamehamaha would be pleased to have him acnamana would be pleased to have him accept the position of minister of foreign affairs of the Hawalian kingdom. Mr. Adamson highly appreciated the offer, but preferred to remain in the service of his own country. In Melbourne Mr. Adamson devoted himself to measures for increasing the commerce of the United States, and the repeal of certain laws that interfered with our shipping. His usefulness was recognized by his promotion to the rank of consul general at Melbourne, dating from June, 17, 1874, with supervision of all the New Zealand and Tasmania. During his term of office there he succeeded in obtaining the evidence necessary to complete the case of the United States before the tribunal at Geneva, in regard to the claim for damages done to our commerce by the Anglo-rebel steamer Shenandoah, after her departure from Mel-bourne, where she had added to her crew and stores. This evidence fixed upon the British government the responsibility for the destruction of thirty American whale-ships, for which the United States were

British government the responsibility for the destruction of thirty American whaleships, for which the United States were allowed f1,250,000.

In 1877 Mr. Adamson obtained leave of absence to return home, and April 10, 1878, was commissioned as consul general at Rio de Janeiro, where he served for over four years to the satisfaction of the department of state. At Rio Mr. Adamson's experience in consular duties and his knowledge of Portuguese enabled him to detect the peculations of a subordinate, which had for twenty years escaped the notice of his superiors. A part of the stolen money was recovered and turned into the United States treasury. From Rio de Janeiro Consul General Adamson was transferred to Panama, Colombia, because the commencement of work on the Panama canal gave that post great importance. On his arrival at Panama, in April, 1833, Mr. Adamson was immediately called to take action in a case in which the local authorities had exceeded their just powers, and violated the treaty rights of two American mariners by imprisoning them. William 1. Scruggs, United States minister at Bogota, referring to Mr. Adamson's discussion of the affair with the president of Panama, said that his arguments were unanswerable and covered the whole ground, thus making his own side of the case easy in his controversy with the government at Bogota, During 1884-85, Colombia was convulsed by civil war. In December, 1884, communication with Bogota was cut off, and for five months our minister there could not communicate with Washington. This left Consul General Adamson as the only representative of the United States government could communicate quickly, or from whom it could receive prompt information of the progress of the revolution. Between November, 1884, and May, 1885, Panama had six different rulers, constitutional and revolutionary.

The city of Panama was taken by assault of the rebel forces on the 16th of March, 1885, evacuated by them on the 17th, and retaken on the 31st of March, 1885. On the last named day the gue

to exercise during the present trying times, and will omit no proper effort to sustain you."

The burning of Colon and the interruption of the isthmian transit route caused the United States government to send a large millitary force thither. During a part of April, 1885, there were 1,200 United States marines and blue jackets ashore. On the 24th of April commander B. McCalla, United States navy, then commanding the United States forces ashore, entered the city of Panama and issued a "notice to the public." declaring that "no persons with arms will be permitted to enter the city by land or by sea." He also arrested the rehel general, Aizpuru, but soon released him. The notice that no persons bearing arms would be permitted to enter the city was of the gravest nature, because it forbade the landing of the national army of the cauca, which arrived to recover the legitimate company of Unite State marines on the only

wharf, and ordered them to fire upon any body of soldiers that might attempt to land there. Consul General Adamson protested against this act, and declared that he had no right to attempt to prevent the national army from landing on their own soil. As Commander McCalla persisted in his course, Consul General Adamson cabied to Secretary Bayard, and received a reply to the effect that the action of Commander McCalla was unauthorized and that the United States did not intend any infringement on the sovereignty of Colombia. Consul General Adamson's action throughout was approved by the department of state at Washington, and the representatives of the Colombia government addressed to him a letter thanking him for his action in securing the "bloodless pacification of Panaman".

curing the "bloodless pacification of Panaman".

In July, 1885, Consul General Adamson returned home on a leave of absence, and tendered his resignation to Secretary Bayard, who requested him to retain his place and return to Panama. Mr. Adamson retained his place at Panama until July 1, 1833, when he was relieved, in order to give place to a Nebraska politician. The last distract received by Consul General Adamon from the department of state, was signed by Jostah Quincy, and expressed the recognition of the department, of "the valuable and efficient services which you have rendered to the government during the long period of time that you have been in its service."

THAT CREMATORY.

The Resolution by Mr. Welch of the Second Was Adopted. Mr. Welch, the able representative of the second ward in the general council, yester-

day remarked. day remarked.
"In introducing that resolution about the crematory my officet was, as is plain from the reading of my resolution, to show to the residents of the first and fifth wards that the city government is committed to the policy of giving the relief they desire, and certainly should have as early as practicable. It has been, and is now, my honest conviction that this relief will be attained more certainly and speedily by the location of the trial crematory on the lumping grounds than could be hoped for by any further attempt to locate it else-

where."
Mr. Welch's resolution, which was adopted by a yea and nay vote, only one vote being in the negative, that of Mr. Martin,

being in the negative, that of tair. Martin, read:

"Whereas, the board of health, under authority delegated by this body, has selected a site on the dumping grounds belonging to the city for the location and erection of the experimental crematory; and

erection of the experimental crematory; and "Whereas, the same is now being erected on the site so selected by the Dixon Crematory Company, under a contract entered into with the city of Atlanta; and, "Whereas, The intent and meaning of this body in authorizing the location of said crematory at said point was, that the same should be only experimental, and if successful it was not contemplated that the garbage and excrement of the entire city was to be cremated at that point. Therefore be it "Resolved by the mayor and general

"Resolved by the mayor and general council, That so far as this body is empowered and enabled legally and morally to do, the faith of the city of Atlanta is pledged, if said crematory proves satisfactory and is accepted in accordance with the terms of the contract entered into in the premises to erect and operate three, or as many as may be necessary, additional crematories in different directions from the center of the city in localities where economy and equitable distribution of hauls can be had."

SUICIDE THIS MORNING.

William J. Calloway, a collector for Hopkins & Howorth on Forsyth street committed suicide at 1:30 o'clock this morning at 62 Davis street by taking morphine.

CITY NOTES.

SUING THE ROAD.-The suit of Bussey against the Western and Atlantic road wa up in Judge Vann Epps's court yesterday and will probably occupy the court's atten tion for two more days. Witnesses are now being examined.

MET LAST NIGHT .- The Mississippians held an enthusiastic meeting last night at their clubrooms, No. 12½ North Forsyth street. This was the first meeting of the club in their new rooms and there were thirty or forty members present. It was characterized perfectly by harmony. Nearly all arrangements for the entertainment have been completed and the programme will be announced in a few days.

FORSYTH'S RETURN.-Captain W. H. Forsyth, who was recently transferred to the New York division of the secret service department, will probably return to Atlanta this week in order to wind up his business in the northern district of Georgia. No successor to Captain Forsyth has been yet announced.

The Pike County Journal's nomination of Stevenson for president and Crisp for vice president elicits the following from Jackson Argus:

"We second the nomination, and at the same time remember with regret that that noble old man whose powerful ability for good is now being hampered and choked down by Wall street influence. God the United States to vindicate the wrong now being done to Mr. Stevenson!"

Are you tired of trying to get a good cup of tea, try just once more. This time it will only cost you a postal card. Send us your address and we will mail you a free sample of HE-No, a tea carefully selected by experienced tea tasters, dusted and thoroughly cleansed by machinery, that the importers believe machinery, that the importers believe when once fairly tried, the majority of tea drinkers will like better than any tea they have ever used. MARTIN GILLET & CO.,

(Established 1811.) Baltimore, Md.

Beecham's Pills will save doctors' bills All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, griping or dis-comfort attending their use. Try them. Cockroaches, bedbugs, water-bugs, rats, mice, etc., killed with Stearn's Electric Paste; 25c.—adv.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

VAN DYKE.—The friends and acquaintan-ces of Mr. W. J. Van Dyke are request-ed to attend his funeral services tomorrow, Wednesday, morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence in West End. Inter-ment in Westview. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers: C. Cofield, A. Murphy, E. B. Rosser, F. R. Bunker, George L. Wood, M. T. LaHatte, F. H. Quillian, E. S. Pratt, J. P. Stevens and G. D. DeSaussure. Pallbearers living in the city are requested to meet at the office of C. H. Swift & Co., Loyd street, at 9:30 o'clock

BROWN.-The friends and acquaintances of Coionel R. M. Brown, Sr., and family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral today from the residence, North Chandler street, Decatur, Ga.

ALEXANDER.—The relatives and friends of Mr. Henry S. Alexander and Mrs. Mary J. Alexander are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Henry S. Alexander, which will take place from the family residence, 114 Walker street, this after-noon at 3:30 o'clock. Burial at Oakland at 4 o'clock. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and are requested to act as palibearers and are requested to meet at C. H. Swift & Co.'s, Loyd street, at 2:30 o'clock: Dr. Amos Fox, W. K. Booth, James DeFoor, Willis King, Frank Hilburn, Frank Alkens, Samuel-Wilkins, John Adair and James Morrow.

For all Bowel Complaints use Royal Germetuer.

MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED TO BUY in any quantity, all denominations of canceled Columbian postage stamps excepting one's and two's, Presque Isle Stamp Company, box 243, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CONDUCTORS.

They and Their Friends Leave the City This Morning.

AND WILL PICNIC AT INDIAN SPRING

A Big Train Load of Pleasure Seekers Go ing on the Trip-A Royal Time Is Promised.

At 7:30 o'clock this morning a train of At 7:30 o'clock this morning a train of ten coaches on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad will pull out of the union depot for Indian Spring.

And the gallant Order of Railway Con-ductors and their friends will be aboard.

Rumors concerning this merry plenic have filled the air for several days, and

those who do not join the party will have good and sufficient reasons for regretting it. At any rate, however, it may be safely surmised that every one of the ten coache will be comfortably filled by one of the

jolliest crowds that ever left Atlanta.

These annual plenics of the conductors have the reputation of the Georgia barbecue, and the temptation they oeffr to pleas-

ure seekers cannot be easily resisted.

But it is said that the event of today will lay everything of the kind that has heretofore been attempted in the background. This is no doubt explained by the fact that the Ladies' Auxiliary has taken a hand in the affair this time. With such co-operation the brotherhood is invincible. It is said that George Collier, of the Wig-wam, has exhausted the chicken supply for miles around in order to give the ticket punchers a square deal. But the tables of the Wigwam will be supplied by scores of well-filled baskets, which are along as a ...nd of reserve, and if anybody comes home lungry, it will not be the fault of the conductors.

Everything has been arranged at the springs for the reception of the picnickers, and pleasure will reign supreme all day long. Wurm's orchestra will accompany the ex-cursionists and will furnish the music for the grand dance in the ballroom of the Wigwam, which is to be one of the most attractive features of the day.

On leaving the city the train will stop at McDaniel street crossing and the East Tennessee shops to take on board all who wish to take the train. The run to Indian Spring will be made in about one and a half hours, and the train will leave for the city at 5 o'clock p. m., reaching here at 7 in the evening.

The Grocers' Picnie. The Atlanta Grocers' Association met last night at the Chamber of Commerce and de-cided to hold the picule of the association for 1894 at Tallulah Falls on June 13th. The grocers' picnics are always among the best nics of the year and are invariably largely attended. President Mitchell and Secretary Farlinger, of the association, will give their personal supervision to all the preliminary work this year and when the grocers and their friends go to Tallulah next month the outing will be a delightful one.

The Hibernian Picnic. The picnic of the Hibernian Rifles' Association at Maddox park yesterday was one of the most enjoyable events of the sea-

A large crowd was in attendance and the programme mapped off for the occasion was carried out to the great enjoyment of every participant.

every participant.

This organization's festivities have a standing reputation in Atlanta, but the event of yesterday will long be remembered as the most brilliant and enjoyable in the history of the association.

FOR RENT-Cottages, Houses, Etc. FOR RENT-Two lovely houses on electical line, Woodward avenue, two doors from Capitol avenue; fine neighborhood; \$25 per month; formerly rented for \$40. Apply to John A. Fitten, 101 Capitol avenue.

FOR RENT-A 4-story brick factory building, suitable for any kind of manufacturing; located on W. & A. railroad and Marietta street electric car line. Apply to T. W. Baxter, 407 Equitable building.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-Nice large rooms cheap, sultable for light housekeeping, within two blocks of capitol. Address M. Constitution. I HAVE DESIRABLE office space to rent at 8 East Wall street, Kimball house. C. H. Girardeau. may 20, 2w—sun,tue.

FOR RENT-Unfurnished FOR RENT-Large, airy rooms; well furnished. Price to suit the times. 82 Spring

WANTED-Rooms, Houses, Etc. WANTED—Two or three rooms (urnished complete for light housekeeping; small family, Address B, Constitution.

THE MILLER MANTEL CO-Mantels in oak, bird's-eye maple and mahogany in stock, Tile and grates, Furniture, sideboards, extension tables, dining chairs, office furniture, reed couches and chairs, lawn seats, etc. Lowest prices, 39 Peachtree street. Preston H. Miller, manager.

may 22-wed-fri-sun

FOR SALE—Twelve shares Oak Grove
Land Company stock for sale at a discount. Address "Discount," care Constitution office. may 23-wed-fri-sun

FOR SALE—One K & B upright piano for
sale cheap for cash. In good repair. Address XYZ, care Constitution.

may 23-wed-sun.

FOR SALE N.

may 23-wed-sun.

FOR SALE—New first-class upright piano for sale cheap; party leaving city; must be soid immediately. Address Sinclair, care Constitution. may 23-2t

FOR SALE—85 feet of dry wainut lumber. Apply to T. W. Baxter, 407 Equitable building. may-23-im-wed-sun

FOR SALE—25 pair second-hand type cases. Inquire of foreman of Constitution office. WE HAVE a second-hand Longley's Times Mailer which we will sell at a bar-gain, Call or address, Constitution Pub-lishing Company.

LOST.

LOST-Black fur cape on Wednesday night between Oakland cemetery and Boulevard; return to Ballard house and receive re-

FINANCIAL.

SUCCESSFUL speculation open to all; try our syndicate system of speculation; increase your income; information free; send for circular. Thompson & Derr Company, 38 Wall street, New York. Incorporated under the laws of the state of New York; capital \$100,000.

may 20-3t sun wed sat

WANTED-Agents.

BRECKINRIDGE BOOK Breach of promise. History of litigants. Illustrated. Agents' success unparalleled. 100,000 already sold. Outfit free. Agents wanted. W. H. Ferguson Company, Sixth street, Cincinnati, O. may19-sat mon wed MEDICAL.

MADAME D'ESMOND'S French Pills, for ladies; superior to all others; safe, quick, sure; never known to fail. Price \$2.00 per tcx. Address Cotham Medical Company, 52 Union Square, New York. may20-31t

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A partner with \$200; a guarantee of \$25 a week clear profit. Business well bear close investigation; no canvassing or no patent. Address B 77, Constitution office.

A RARE chance for a man with \$1,000 to get an interest in a good business. Address Business, P. O. Box 283, city. WANTED-Board.

A LADY AND daughter wish furnished room with board at reasonable rates in family near Windsor street between Whitehall and Richardson. References exchanged. Boarder, care Constitution. FOR SALE-Real Estate.

FOR SALE—5 acres unimproved land well situated for truck or dairy farming, near electric line. This place is just four miles from union depot with macadamized road almost to it. Very easy terms. "Bargain," care Constitution."

POISONS IN THE AIR AND WATER

The Very Fact That They Are Unseen and Unsuspected Makes Them the More Dangerous. "Nearly everybody is in great danger just at this time."

"Nearly everybody is in great danger just at this time."

The speaker was one of the leading physicians in New York.

"With the maiaria in the air and the danger in the water," he continued, "people need to exercise the greatest caution and care. The trouble with these things is that they come unawares and are-often unsuspected. The germs of mataria are drawn in by every breath, the seeds of disease are spread by each swallow of water."

The dootor looked thoughtful for a moment, and then continued: "There is but one way to prevent these dangers and that is to be watchful. Instead of drinking ited water and other things all the while, and in place of permitting hot and foul air to spread malaria in the system, people watchful and check these things on the start.

"There is but one way that this can be

There is but one way that this can be done and that is by the use of some pure done and that is by the use of some pure stimulant constantly or when the slightest feeling of sickness appears. The only preparation which has ever been known to certainly counteract these troubles in time, is that great, that popular whisky, Duffy's Pure Malt. It has been used by the public of a weight over twenty years, and has

Pure Mait. It has been used by the public of America for over twenty years, and has proven its unsurpassing merits only by what it has accomplished.

If men and women would counteract the deadly germs in the water at this season of the year by mixing Duffy's Pure Mait with it, they need have little fear of low fevers or malaria. It should be borne in mind, however, that it is only Duffy's Pure Mait Whisky that will accomplish this, and that however much druggists or grocers may say to the contrary, it alone can be depended upon.

Burch & Herrington

45 N. Broad St., Real Estate and Loans 45 N. Broad St., Real Estate and Loans. \$1,250 for new 6-r. h., good neighborhond, close to car line; \$3,000 for lovely West End home, monthly payments if desired; Marietta street business property at a sacrifice; some acreage that will open your eyes; one faim with fine mill property at a bargain; other homes at prices that will make you slop paying rent. We buy lots and build homes to suit. We negotiate loans and buy good paper or building and loan stock.

HELP WANTED-Male. MEN WANTED—\$75 a month and expenses or large commission if preferred, experience unnecessary, to sell staple goods by sample to dealers. No peddling. For particulars address Household Specialty Company. 75 Fourth street, Cincinnati, O. may16-set wed

WANTED-Agents are making \$25 to \$100

WANTED—Agents are making \$25 to \$100 a day handling our coin operated liquid vending fountains. Every machine guaranteed. Write at once for particulars Bothwell Mfg Co., Cincinnati, O. may17-2w e o w m h

MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER—Steady employment, experience unnecessary, \$75 salary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, \$40 Van Buren, Chicago. aug 13-6m aug 13-6m

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male.

WANTED-A position as press feeder by a thoroughly competent young man; can give best of references, and will work for a small salary. Address "Feeder," care this office. WANTED-An experienced photographer

wants a position in gallery, or to rent a gallery, furnished or unfurnished, or to run on shares. Georgia, Alabama or North Carolina. Address Box 94, Covington, Ga. WANTED-A position by a young man as

clerk, either in dry goods or grocery store; will work for small salary; best of references given. Address "Work," care Constitution office. WANTED—Situation to travel in Florida by a man well acquainted with the state trade; best references. Address M. C., care Constitution.

WANTED-Boarders.

HAPEVILLE Desirable rooms and board; very healthful and pleasant; low rates. For particulars addres Mrs. William Betts. may 20 sun mon wed PLEASANT FRONT rooms with board at 258 Peachtree street. may 23-wed-thur

TWO FRONT rooms with board, at 139 Spring street. Reduced prices for the sum-

WANTED-Money. WANTED-A loan. One amount of \$400, one of \$700 and one of \$1,000. Call at once on M. A. Hale, 29 Decatur street, may22-lm

WANTED-Miscellaneous. WANTED TO BUY in any quantity, all denominations of canceled Columbian postage stamps excepting one's and two's, Presque Isle Stamp Company, box 243 At-lanta, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN-We buy real estate notes or any notes, properly secured, at reasonable rates. Money here and no de-lay. Rambo & Jones, 613 Equitable build-LOANS ON REAL ESTATE and purchase money notes bought. Piedmont Loan and Banking Company, 24 South Broad street. may 20 1-m

FARM LOANS in Fulton and DeKalb counties promptly made. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta st. mayl8 10t
SUBURBAN LOANS.—I can place money on property within one mile of city limits. Short time paper bought. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta street. may 15-10t

ATLANTA SAVINGS BANK, lends money on real estate, buys purchase money notes. J. K. Ottley, Cashler, 10 Decatur street. may18 im

DOUGLAS & DOWLING have money to loan at 7 per cent on Atlanta real estate. Room 23 Equitable building.

may10 im

WITHOUT real estate you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office No. 20 Gate City bank building. Jos. N. Moody, cashier. ANY AMOUNT of money can be borrowed

ANY AMOUNT of money can be borrowed from us on good paper at very low rates.

Moody Loan and Investment Co., 413
Equitable. feb 14-6m

LOANS of any amount promptly made on central business property at 6 per cent.
\$30,060 for choice residence loans at 7 per cent. Weyman & Connors, 825 Equitable building.

MONEY ON HAND for 1 to 5 year loans. If security is good, no delay; also short time loans made on approved paper, R. H. Jones, 45 Marietta street. apri 17-tf LOANS upon real estate in or near Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Barnett, 537 Equitable building. apr12 6a

Liberal Loans made on diamonds, watches, jeweiry, clothing, pistols, musical instruments or anything of value, all transactions strictly confidential; length of time and rates to suit owner. New York Loan Office. Heary H. Schaul, Proprietor, No. 146 Decetur street, Licensed mar 30-tf. Loans On Farms and city real estate. Splendid facilities. W. P. & W. C. Davis, attorneys, Room 43 Gate City bank building.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY regotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street, jan 4-ly. BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 22 Gould outlding.

PERSONAL.

EDUCATIONAL.

The Rerlitz School of Language; 17 E. Cain Street,

FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH Taught by native teachers. Trial lessons frea

B. COLLONGE, Directors. SUMMER SCHOOL OF MEDICINE—University of Virginia, two months devoted to the primary branches. For circular, address, Secretary, Dr. W. G. Christian, University Station, Charlottesville, Va. may 2-50t

LESSONS in china and oil painting. WEDDING PRESENTS
on hand and done on hand and done
to order. Art materials at bottom prices.
WM. LYCETT, 83 1-2 Whitehall, St.

Cons'd'in of Chichton's School of Shorthand. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Penmanship, &c. tawah to specialize. If Tenghers, Fund Short, Instruction Thorough, More than To graduate an positions in Atlanta, Catalogues Tenghers, Tang Short, Instruction Thorough, More than To graduate an positions in Atlanta, Catalogues Tenghers, Time Short, Instruction Thorough, More than To graduate an positions in Atlanta, Catalogues Tenghers, Time Short, Instruction Thorough, More than To graduate an positions in Marian.

THE TRAINING SCHOOL of the Kindergarten Association of Baitimore is ready to receive applicants for the year beginning october, 1894. Comprehensive and advanced courses for teachers. Superior advantages to those desiring a complete course. For particulars apply to Miss Caroline M. C. Hart, director of training school, No. 2 Lafayette avenue, or to Mrs. Henry Wood, No. 2126 Oak street, Baltimore, Md. THE TRAINING SCHOOL of the Kinder

Summer Law School. Washington & Lee University.

Lectures begin July 2, 1894. For circular address (P. O. Lexington, Va.) either of the instructors.

JOHN RANDOLPH TUCKER,
Professor Equity, Commercial Law, etc.

CHARLES A. GRAVES,
Professor Common and Statute Law.
may12-sun-wed

T. H. Northen. Walker Dunson Northen & Dunson-

Real Estate and Loans, 400 Equitable
Bull-ling.

\$5,000 FOR elevated corner lot West Peachtree street 100x250 feet; easy terms.

\$4,000 FOR 7-r, 2-story mouern nouse on Capitol avenue; new; never occupied; clubhouse grates, water, gas, etc.; terms, \$500 cash, balance easy.

Notice—We have some spot cash customers for real estate if offered at a bargain, or will buy several thousand dollars' worth of good purchase money notes at reasonable discount.

\$1,000 FOR lot 50x150 between the Peachtrees and just outside of city.

NORTHEN & DUNSON.

G. W. Adair. Auctioneers. H. L. Wilson May 30th and 31st-A Large Number of Brick and Frame Houses. Sale

Begins at 11 O'clock.

Under the order of the court we will sell for A. P. Stewart, receiver, on Wednesday, May 30th, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, the unfinished brick store houses and flats on the corner of Currier street and Piedmont avenue, and immediately after this sale, will sell the large three-story brick building at the junction of Angier avenue, Pine and Fort streets. Paved streets, gas and water all around this property, with electric cars, schools and churches in easy reach.

ON THURSDAY, MAY 31st, at 11 o'clock, we will sell seven unfinished houses in

ON THURSDAY, MAY 51st, at 11 o'clock, we will sell seven unfinished houses in Western Heights, fronting English avenue and the electric car line.

These buildings can all be, with a little expenditure, put in a good rent-paying condition. Examine these lots and go to the sale and pick up a bargain that will return you a good profit. This is the time to buy real estate in Atlanta. The court orders the sale and the property must go at your bid. Terms, one-third cash, balance one and two years at 8 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR, H. L. WILSON, Auctioneers.

may 23 25-27-28-29.

S. BOYKIN TURMAN,

Real Estate & LoanAgent \$10,500 for choice central property, renting at \$720 per year. \$14,000 buys close in Washington street home inside half mile circle; lot 50x250 feet. \$8,500 will get Broad street store; rents

Well.
Washington street lot, 50x175 feet, \$1,850;
must be sold at once.
\$1,000 for lot on nice street, worth \$1,500;
easy terms. Buy and build you a cottage.
Homes! Have several can sell on monthly navment. payment.

Hapeville—6 acres of choice land; fine home site, only \$1,000. Come and see it.

'Phone 164 8 Kimball House.

J. B. ROBERTS.

Real Estate, 45 Marietta Street.

5-r., Hill street, monthly, \$2,250.
5-r., McAfee street, \$1,600.
5-r., Luckie street, 50x127, \$2,350.
500 acre farm, will guarantee \$400 per year, rents for five years, \$5,000.
5-r., Cherry street, monthly \$20.
10-r., South Pryor street, \$3,300.
4 3-rs, Houston street, want offer on this. 50x255 South Pryor street, \$1,300.
12-r., Whitehall, \$7,000.
5-r., Magnolis, 40x100, \$1,100.
3-r., Venable street, \$0x100, \$9*).
5-r., Summit avenue, \$2x100, \$1,500.
9-r. h., barn, servant's house and 21 acres, near city limits, \$9,000.
210x150 Piedmont avenue, \$7,000.
7-r., Currier street, \$0x175, \$5,500.
Gcod farms for city property.

ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate and Lonns. \$8,500—CENTRAL corner lot, for which —owner has refused \$10,300. \$5,500—BEAUTIFUL West End home—large 55.500—BEAUTIFUL West End home—large lot.
32.750—7-ROOM house on large lot on south side, between Pulliam aud Washing-ton.
32.500—LOT between the Peachtrees 40x112.
33.500—14 ACRES near Ponce de Leon springs worth \$1.000 per acre.
16.000—10-ROOM house and half acre lot within one-half mile of carshed.
34.000—NEW 9-room north side residence.
WANTED—25 to 59 ACRES near Peachtree road. Must be cheap, not over ten miles out.

miles out.

MONEY TO LOAN at 6 per cent on improved and unimproved city and suburban property.

OFFICE—12 East Alabama street. 'Phone

H. L. Wilson, - - - Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

Tuesday, May 20th, at 12 o'clock on the premises, 2 lots on Summit avenue, between Forest and Highland avenues,

PASTURES—Animals sent for and delivered to owners free of charge. Cheap. Address Calhoun farm, Wallace, Ga. References Brady & Miller, Abbott & Parker.

Marking Digital and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., Jewelera, 57 Whitehail.

Janis—3m

MARRIED LADIES, for absolute sa'sty and health use the Gem. New Invention. Send 10 cents. Ladies' Novelty Company. Kansas City. Mo. sepily

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genese: Niagara Falls forty miles away.

In the surrounding set the sale will be highest bidder will certainly get the lots as consider the many conversances and the while you can get a bargain. Reast to be again. Atlanta is bound to double her will the surrounding set the sale will be again. Atlanta is bound to double her will the surrounding set the lots as consider the many conversances and the while you can get a bargain. Reast to be again. Atlanta is bound to double her be again. A

Sam'l W. Goode, Attorney, Albert L. Beck, J. A. Reynolds. Goode, Beck & Co. SELL AT AUCTION Thursday, May 24, 4 P. M.

The Fain Property

On West Hunter Street.

An Ideal Suburban Home.

6 Room 2-Story Residence on Lot 150x550 feet, with Vacant Lot same size adjoining occupying one of the most beautiful and elevated situations about the city:

This property is one of the most desira-ble suburban homes near the city and it is seldom that an opportunity is given to buy this kind of property at auction. It occupies one of the most conspicuous points in Fulton county, affording a magnificent view of the city and surrounding country. The lots lie well and the front of try. The lots lie well and the front of each is covered with a beautiful oak grove. The residence is new and in first-class condition, All needed outhouses; neighborhood strictly first-class. The electric line to Westview passes within a stone's throw of the property. Free ride from our office on -Thursday, the 24th instant, GOODE, BECK & CO., Agents.

Calhoun & McGrath

DO YOU WANT

invest in Atlanta real estate bargains. If you have any we can sell them for you; also money to loan at 7 and 8 per cent. We have some bargains near Piedmon park, very easy terms.
CALHOUN & McGRATH,
204 Equitable.

We have four parties who have cash to

Union Square,

Take the Decatur electric line surpassed building sites. Every have made Union Square the most delightful suburb of Atlanta. Now is the time to buy and build. Write or call at office of the Union Square Land Company, 40 Marietta street.

FORREST ADAIR G. W. ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR, : : Real Estate

No. 14 Wall St., Kimball House

FOR RENT

I have for rent at East Point, Ga., six miles from the city, a pretty six-room cottage, furnished throughout, and an acre of ground, with stable, servant's house, a good cow and a splendid garden. This place can be had from June 1st at \$25 per month.

hour train and go out and see the place. G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall st. ISAAC LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and

Call at my office for directions, take the

Loans.

28 Peachtree Street. THREE BEAUTIFUL lots, each 50x152, on Pearl street. Never offered before for less than \$900 each. Can be bought now for \$700 each.

I HAVE SOME cheap property on Houston street, near Pledmont avenue. Call and let me tell you about this. \$700 BUYS two of the prettiest lots in Manchester.

GOOD FARM, well improved, near Mariet-ta, Ga., to exchange for city property. \$3,000 BUYS a complete mill with 26 acres of land, store and blacksmith shop, in De-Kalb county, on Snap Finger creek. 100x160 TO ALLEY on corner of Atlanta and Madison avenues, fronting Grant

CIEC HAM

To the Exposition at Chicago Saw the wonderful exhibition made by the Libbey Glass Company. This was considered one of the most interesting displays there. The wonderful process of cutting glass was shown in all its details.

The Libbey Company are acknowledged to be the most skillful cutters of glass in the world. The purity and brilliancy of

world. The purity and brilliancy o their glass and the artistic effects of their cutting has easily put their work far shead of all other makes. To say that cut glass "is as good as Libbey's" means the highest claim that competitors aspire to, hence it is that the Libbey make is a house-

J. P. Stevens & Bro, are sole agents in Atlanta for this glass. They show the largest stock to be seen in this city and their rices are acknowledged the lowest.

only

there's only one genuine "pepper" whisky-it's the "old oscar pepper," "o. o. p."-in white flint square bottleswhite label with red "o. o. p." across face -see that you get it. don't be humbugged by counterfeit "peppers."

bluthenthal bickart,

marietta and forsyth-'phone 378.

- all kinds of fine whiskies. "four aces."
- "canadian club." "highland rye."

FRANK POTTS.

HENRY POTTS. JOSEPH THOMPSON.

The Potts-Thompson Liquor Co.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers.

Also, Distillers of Stone Mountain Corn Whisky. Sole Agents for I. DeTurk's Celebrated California Wines. Agents for Acme Whisky and Budweiser Beer.

1, 9, 11, 13 Kimball House, Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.

When Baron Liebig,

the great chemist, first discovered and made Extract of Beef the cost of a single pound of it was about \$14. Now, millions of jars of his world-famed

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

are sold at less than one-sixth of its first cost. Get the genu-ine with the signa-ture in blue:

NOW is the time for

Tea. Iced

Our RUSSIAN RESERVE and ELITE BLEND delight all who try them.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO.



Manufacturing Optician

The only optical plant run by electric motor power in the state. All the latest inventions for testing Eyesight; established twenty-three years. Headquarters for the United States, 12 Whitehall street.

PETER LYNCH, 93 Whitehall St. and 7 Mitchell St. Branch Store Lut Peters St.

In addition to his large and varied stock he is now receiving and has on hand his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard head and blue grasss seeds, German millet, eastern raised frish potatoes, onion sets and all kinds of garden seeds that are usually planted in this section of the country, both in bulk and in packages, all fresh and true to name. The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers and porter, brandles, gins, rums and whiskies at his Whitehail street store. A perfect variety store in each place. Call and see him and sxamine. All orders accompanied with the cash filled promptly and at reasonable prices. Stocks too numerous to mention here. Terms cash.

Cutlery.

For the next few days we will make a special run on cutlery, Pocket Knives, Razors and Scissors.

Special.

in the way of "Bine Ware" we have Koyal Enameled Cooking Vessels of all kinds, and at the lowest prices.

All Kinds

Of Imported Cooking Specialties. Be sure and see our celebrated turney Befrigerators.

KING HARDWARE CO.

FULLY ARRANGED.

The Programme for the Coming Sunday School Convention.

ELOQUENT ADDRESSES TO BE DELIVERED

It Will Be the Largest Gathering of Sun day School Workers Ever Assembled in Georgia.

The full programme for the Sunday School Association, which meets in this city next Tuesday evening, has been arranged and many interesting features are presented. Hon. Howard E. W. Palmer, in behalf of the Sunday schools of the city, and Hon. W. A. Hemphill, in behalf of the churches and general public, will deliver addresses of welcome and give eloquent expression to

Atlanta's hopitality.

Distinguished speakers from all parts of the country will deliver addresses before the convention.

The meeting will be held in the lecture room of the First Methodist church, beginning at 8 o'clock next Tuesday evening. The Session Foreshadowed.

A programme of all the proceedings as ar-A programme of all the proceedings as arranged by the committee is given below.

TUESDAY NUCHT.

8—Devotional services, led by Mr. Fred T.
Lockhart, of Augusta.

8:16—Address by Mr. William S. Witham, subject, "How to keep Addits in the Sunday School."

9—Enthusiasm exemplified by members of the convention.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

8:30—Service of song led by Mr. F. T.
Lockhart, of Augusta.

9—Call to order, business of the morning announced.

9:10—Address of welcome by Hon, Howard

Address of welcome by Hon. Howard

W. Paimer, from the Sunday schools, Hon. W. A. Hemphill, from churches and citizens.

9:40-Responses by Mr. John W. Wallace and Mr. R. B. Reppard.

10-Appointments of committees on nominations, credentials, resolutions and memorials.

nations, credentials, resolutions and memorials.

10:30 Report of officers.
11:30—Address by H. I. Hartzong, of Bemberg, S. C. Subject, "Bugs and Blossoms."
11:15—Introduction of visitors.
12:30—Adjournment.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.
3—Service of song, led by John W. Wallace, of Augusta.
3:15—Report of committees on credentials, election of president.
4—Call of districts.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.
8—Devotional exercises, led by C. C. Buchanan, of Waycross, Ga.
8:15—Address by Rev. M. A. Matthews, of Dalton, Georgia.
9—Address by Rev. D. W. Brannan, of Milledgeville, subject, "The Sunday School and the New Era."

THURSDAY MORNING.
4—Devotional service led by John W. Wallace, of Augusta.
9:15—Conference of district and county officers.
10:30—Address by Rev. J. L. Sifley, presi-

9:15—Conference of district and county officers.

10:30—Address by Rev. J. L. Sifley, president of S. C. S. S. A. of South Caroina, subject, "The Origin and Object of Sunday Schools."

11—Address by Professor A. P. Bourland, of Nashville, Tenn.

11:40—Call of districts resumed.

12—Election of officers, selection of place for next convention and report of committees.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON,
3—Devotional exercises led by Mr. Fred T.
Lockhart, of Augusta.
3:15—Miscellaneous "business.

Lockhart, of Augusta.

3:15—Miscellaneous business.
4—Call of districts concluded.
THURSDAY NIGHT.

8—Devotional exercises led by John W. Wallace, of Augusta. Address by Rev. C.
P. Williamson, of Atlanta, subject, "The Training of the Young the Safeguard of Our country."

9-Farewell greetings. 10-Adjournment.

It Will Be Well Attended. From the present indications the conven-tion will be one of the largest ever held in the history of the association.

Letters have been received from all quarters of the state and these foreshadow : deeper interest in the convention than has ever before been known.

The convention will be called to order by the president of the association, Mr. John M. Green. The meeting will adjourn on next Thursday evening.

ON THEIR WAY TO THE CITY.

The Methodist Delegation to the General Conference Will Return Today. The Georgia delegation to the general conference of the Southern Methodist church, which adjourned in Memphis day before yesterday, will probably reach the city this morning.

The conference has been in three weeks and the Georgia delegation, as usual, has figured with prominence in the proceedings. No state in the south was more ably represented than Georgia in the general conference and this was the universal opinion.

The members of the delegation will be cordially greeted by their many friends and co-laborers in the city. Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers. Hood's Sarsaparilla counteracts its deadly poison and builds up the system.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have had that coated tongue or bad taste in your mouth wis morning. Keep a vial in your mouth ...is morning, with you for occasional use.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

San Francisco Meeting June 5th to

The Union Pacific raftway has arranged for a special train from St. Louis and Kansas City exclusively for members and their friends for the above meeting. For full particulars address James F. Aglar, general agent, 213 North Fourth street, St. Louis. Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy for their children. 25 cents a bottle.

Suwannee Springs. Rates reduced to \$10 and \$12 per week for the summer months. may19-1w

PERSONAL. C. J. Daniel, wail paper, window shades, furniture and room moulding. 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Water Cure Sanitarium. Is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat all invalids. Send postage stamp for circular.

Mach 12, 1894.

DR. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Proprietor.

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and wor en. 22½ South Broad street, mar 18—19.

W. O. JONES'S FINE STABLES.

Located at 33 and 35 S. Forsyth Street. For first-class livery of every description go to W. O. Jones. The finest horses and most stylish vehicles. Everything new. Best stables in the south for boarding horses. Special terms. Wedding and funeral calls a specialty.

DUPLICATE WHIST,

National Method With whist playing cards, index cards, score cards, rubber bands and illustrated book of rules, all ready for play, for \$4. Whist experts and American Whist League endorse it. All explained in two lines. Highest in merit; lowest in price; simplest in detail; greatest in possibilities. Also a large lot of Foster's Duplicate Whist and Whist Strategy, at \$1.25 per copy; by mall, \$1.25; for sale by John M. Miller, agent, No. 39 Marietta street. POND'S EXTRACT, a medicine confined to a certain number of diseases. It will cure Pain, Inflammation or Hemorrhage, external or internal.

Nearly Two for One!

The scoop we made of Schloss Bros. & Co.'s fine Clothing isn't shy a style or sort that is worthy. And

\$10.00 \$12.50 \$15.00 Suit Sale.

in making the deal we forced one dollar to do the work of nearly two of a few weeks Schloss Bros. & Co! The name is a warrant

of quality. Their productions are better in all points than any manufacturer's we know That's why our present offerings are so meaty. Just now we combine styles and economies that are without precedent,

At 30 % Below Cost of Making.

Schloss Bros. & Co.'s Men Suits, including Sacks, Regent Cutaways and Frocks, best English Worsteds, Clay Serges, Cheviots, Thibets, Scotch Tweeds, Summer Homespuns and Cassimeres in black and all colors, representing finest patterns and designs at 30 per cent under actual manufacturing cost. \$3.50 to \$7.50 saved on the \$10, \$12.50 and \$15 lines.



NHEUSER-DUSCH

DEER

AWARDED THE

at CHICAGO WORLD'S FAIR on

OCTOBER 26th, 1893,

With Medal and Diploma for PURITY, BRILLIAN-CY, FLAVOR and HIGHEST COM-MERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

Not How Cheap, But How Good."

is the motto of ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASSOCIATION, St. Louis, Mo Potts-Thompson Liquor Co., Wholesale Agents 7-13 Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A POORBAR GAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

Silver Belts, Battle Axes, Swords, Toilet Articles, and Other Novelties of all Kinds in Silver.

AN IMMENSE NEW STOCK.

Maier & Berkele,

Jewelers.

31 Whitehall Street.

Factory and Wholesale Department 28 1-2 and 30 1-2 Whitehall

Street. Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

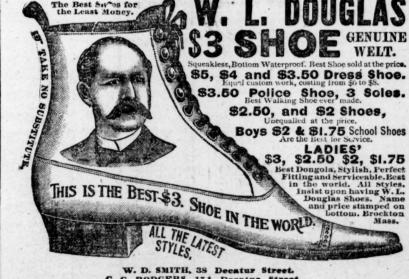
56 and 58 Marietta St.

Pure Paints, Aurora Tinted Lead, Oils, Window Glass, etc. Complete line of Artists' Materials.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY,

17 E. Alabama Street,

Don't stop till you get to above factory. They are selling Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, Pocket Books and everything in their line of traveling purposes at half price. Bought cheap-sell cheap. Wholesale and retail. Trunk repairing a specialty. Trunks J. J. FOOTE, Manager.



W. D. SMITH, 38 Decatur Street. C. C. RODGERS, 151 Decatur Street.

114-116

Whitehall

Street.



Alaska Retrigerators Are the Best in the World!

This claim is fully substantiated herever an "Alaska" is used:

"THE REASON WHY."

The principal causes of decay in meats and fruits are DAMPNESS and VARYING TEMPERATURE.
The qualities sought for in a Refrigerator are PRESERVATION OF PERISHABLE FOOD and an economical way of the The "Alaska" is constructed upon strictly scientific principles, by which LOW TEMPERATURE and ABSOLUTE DHYNESS OF Alk are naturally and increased in the construction of the construction

The "Alaska" possesses a provision chamber FREE FROM ODOR AND

chamber FREE FROM ODOR AND FROM DAMPAESS. These results can be obtained ouly by a PERFECT CIR-CULATION of the air in the Refrigerator, and its CONDENSATION IN THE I.E. CHAMBER.

The "Alaska" keeps the air in contact with the ice longer than any other Refrigerator, condenses all the moisture before the air returns to the provision chamber, and, in utilizing all the cold air, PRODUCES BETTER RESULTS WITH LESS ICE than any other make.

The "Alaska" is a perfect DRY-AIR REFRIGERATOR, and the best one ever constructed. sold only by

DOBBS, WEY & CO., 61 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Every Dollar Counts

When you make your selection from among our stock of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings. Every Suit which leaves our store carries with it a guarantee of style, wear, and value. You can count on us for the right things in Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing,

DOMI BROTHERS

THE ATLANTA PLUMBING COMPANY Phone 102.
Contractors of Plumbing, Steam and Gas
Fitting,
12 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

FACTORY.

Trunks, Sample Cases, Ladies and Gents' Traveling Bags and Toilet Cases.

The latest novelties in Pocket Books, Card Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes. A complete assortment of Tourist Outfits.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN 92 and 94 Whitehall St. Phone 571.

BAILEY & CARROLL,

Fine Wines, Whiskies and Brandies.

Importers and Jobbers

43 PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA. Distillers' agents. One hundred barrels Old Corn Whisky. Pure Goods, Prices Low.

THE KING OF WALL PLASTERS!

Come and examine this wonderful material and you will have your architect specify it. The LIME Portland and verybest finishing and building LIME Louisville cements, sewer pipe, drain pipe, stove flue, stove pipe, flue thim-SCIPLE SONS, bles, fire brick, fire clay,



Wrought Iron Pipe TITITIO -AND-

BRASSGOODS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and sec ond-hand Machinery.

THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.

ATLANTA,



Of Fine Furniture, beginning Monday morning.

This suit, white and gold, French ename!, fine India brocatelle, only \$36.00; the

\$50,000.00

com Furnit ure, Hatracks, Bookcases, hardrobes, Chif-

VOL.

THEY C

The Treasury

PASSED ON

Mr. Carlisle

Situa

THE TARIFF' Democratic S to the Clo of Delay s

Washington, ry Carlisle d consequence, of the house on the Atlan O. Stealey, w Secretary Car ernment build has returned. ston today ti for \$3,275, to the Chicago is not the sa sell the build For \$25,000. ally feels tha hands the be it may be the ernment may to Atlanta w Secretary

mittee toget

be reported

The most bate in the there is no in the sena the democr nounced the with the nor was i ported by Neither of the senate, by a unani ther annou ready to ve While this believed it yet propos come a las stated pri would yo present

bill would

an ironclas

tween the to the effect conferees this bill or pass any be made before they The democ given their ators and gar schedu by the ho the schedu means that cept the sens it passes tha the majority than the Mc ter Mr. Gorn the senate, to lay the mand a vot of 28 to 38. it, and the

> and that the It has be the house appropriation will probat week. Mr. been polling this measur

> > For (

Senator

the democra

the democra

a notable s advocating by that bo senators wit action and whether h should lister and pass the Berry, in republicans sniall minor determined sible. How prediction to before the 1 dates on wi former bilis: The Walker to the house July 3 28, 1846; ed

29, 1846; appr The tariff, wa 12, 1860; pas passed the s ference repa proved Marci The tariff the house Mi June 27, 1882 20, 1883; conf 3, 1883; appro The McKin

ported to the house May 2 tember 10, 18 September 27, The Wilson the house Dehouse Februa To Elect The bill re Tucker, of people, is pe members of